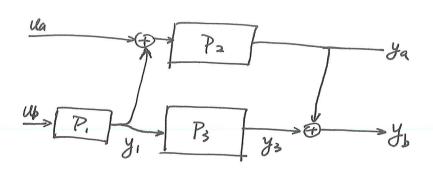


2.



$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_{1} = A_{1}x_{1} + B_{1}u_{b} \\ \dot{y}_{1} = C_{1}x_{1} + D_{1}u_{b} \\ \dot{x}_{2} = A_{2}x_{2} + B_{2} (u_{a} + y_{1}) \\ \dot{y}_{a} = C_{2}x_{2} + D_{2} (u_{a} + y_{1}) \\ \dot{x}_{3} = A_{3}x_{3} + B_{3}y_{1} \\ \dot{y}_{3} = C_{3}x_{3} + D_{3} (y_{1}) \\ \dot{y}_{b} = y_{a} + y_{3} \end{cases}$$

&
$$y_b = y_{a} + y_3 = C_3 x_3 + D_3 C_1 x_1 + D_3 D_1 U_b + C_2 x_2 + D_2 C_1 x_1 + D_2 U_a + D_2 D_1 U_b$$

= $(D_3 C_1 + D_2 C_1) \gamma_1 + C_2 \gamma_2 + C_3 \gamma_3 + (D_3 D_1 + D_2 D_1) U_b + D_2 U_a$

So to Summerize:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_1 & 0 & 0 \\ B_2C_1 & A_2 & 0 \\ B_3C_1 & 0 & A_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & B_1 \\ B_2 & B_2D_1 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_a \\ u_b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_a \\ y_b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} D_2C_1 & C_2 & O \\ D_3C_1+D_2C_1 & C_2 & C_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} D_2 & D_2D_1 \\ D_2D_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_a \\ U_b \end{bmatrix}$$

System can be described as

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{\chi} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\chi}_1 \\ \dot{\chi}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \chi_2 \\ 3 \sin \theta - \frac{b}{m\ell^2} \dot{\theta} + \frac{1}{m\ell^2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \chi_2 \\ 3 \sin \chi_1 - \frac{b}{m\ell^2} \chi_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m\ell^2} \end{bmatrix} u.$$

 $y=\theta=x_1$. h(x)

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \partial y \\ \partial x_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ ... \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d^{2}y}{cdt^{2}} = \frac{\partial X_{2}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial X}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial X_{2}}{\partial x} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_{1} \\ \dot{x}_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

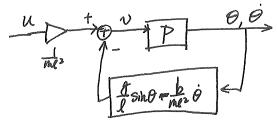
$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial X_{2}}{\partial x_{1}} & \frac{\partial X_{1}}{\partial x_{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_{1} \\ \dot{x}_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{2} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{2} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{2} \\ x_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

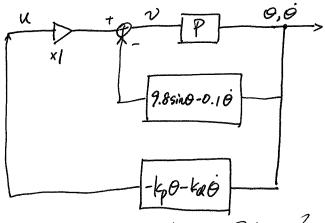
We define
$$v = \frac{d\hat{y}}{dt^2} = f_{\text{sin}X_1} - \frac{b}{m\ell^2} x_{2} + \frac{u}{m\ell^2}$$
, $u = m\ell^2 v - mlg \sin x_1 + b x_2$
and system now is
$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} v$$



define the feedback constrol
$$u = -[k_p \ kd] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -k_p \theta - kd \dot{\theta}$$

The system would be like



KNO-11)-KNO

Sony $\theta=11$ is int condition. $\theta=0$ is the tempet