

# **CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

## **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

A Major Project Review-II  
on  
Web based Tutoring Application  
by

Abdul Rab (21B81A05K3)  
Koundinya S(21B81A05M4)  
Rithvika K (21B81A05N9)

Under guidance of  
Mr. M. Hanimi Reddy

# Contents

1. Abstract
2. Motivation
3. Literature Review
4. Limitations of the Existing Models
5. Proposed Problem Statement
6. Proposed approach of the work
7. User/Stakeholder requirement analysis
8. Software requirement/Technology stack
9. Hardware requirements
10. Data sets requirement
11. Innovation in the project
12. Plan of action to complete the project
- References

# Abstract

This project proposes a MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React, Node.js) web platform to bridge the gap between students and tutors by offering integrated services such as Assignment Help, Performance Review, 1-on-1 Mentoring, Tutor Feedback, Exam Preparation, Resource Sharing, and Progress Tracking. The platform aims to streamline educational support through a centralized, user-friendly interface with features like real-time collaboration, and analytics. By addressing fragmentation in existing solutions, the platform enhances accessibility, personalization, and accountability in tutoring services.

# Motivation

- Growing Demand: Rising need for personalized education and remote learning post-pandemic.
- Fragmented Solutions: Existing platforms focus on single services (e.g., assignment help or tutoring), lacking holistic support.
- Quality Concerns: Students struggle to find verified tutors, while tutors lack structured feedback for improvement.

# Literature review

- Existing Platforms:
  - Chegg: Focuses on homework help but lacks interactive mentoring.
  - Wyzant: Offers 1-on-1 tutoring but no performance analytics.
  - Khan Academy: Free resources but no live tutor interaction.
- Research Insights:
  - Studies highlight the importance of real-time feedback and personalized learning paths (Smith et al., 2020).
  - Fragmented services lead to user dissatisfaction (Gupta & Patel, 2019).

# Limitations of the Existing Work– Research Gaps

1. Isolated Services: No platform integrates assignment help, mentoring, and feedback.
2. Poor Matching: Manual tutor selection leads to mismatched expertise.
3. Lack of Analytics: Students/tutors cannot track long-term progress.
4. Scalability Issues: Legacy systems struggle with real-time features (e.g., video calls).
5. Limited Feedback Loops: Tutors lack structured reviews to improve teaching quality.

# Proposed Problem statement

It is an interface between a student and a tutor to help students by providing various services like:

1. Assignment help
2. Performance review
3. One on One mentoring
4. etc.

# Proposed Approach of the work

1. Agile Methodology: Sprints for iterative development.
2. Modular Architecture:
  - Frontend: React with Redux for state management.
  - Backend: RESTful APIs (Node.js/Express.js) + MongoDB (NoSQL for scalability).
  - Authentication: JWT + OAuth.
3. Third-Party Integrations:
  - Payment Gateway (Stripe/Razorpay).
  - Video API (Zoom/Agora).



# User/Stakeholder Requirement Analysis

## Students

Post assignments, book sessions, track progress, review tutors.

## Tutors

Create profiles, set availability, accept requests, view feedback.

## Admin

Verify tutors, moderate content, generate reports.

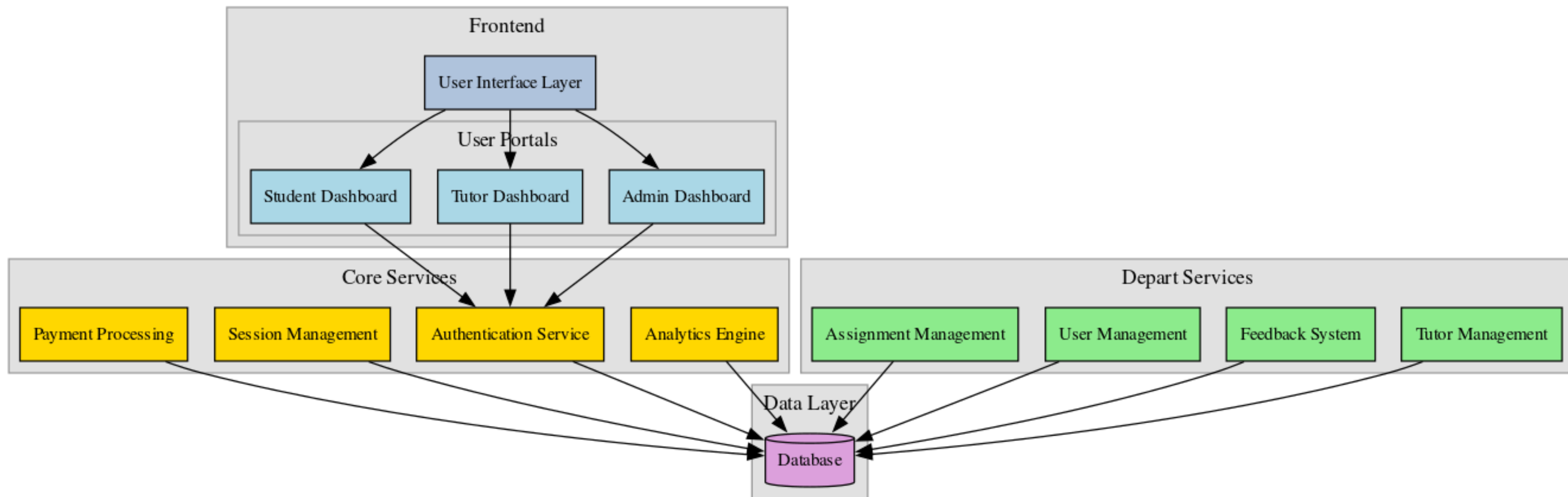
# Software Requirements/Technology stack

- Frontend: React.js, Axios.
- Backend: Node.js, Express.js, MongoDB, Mongoose.
- APIs: RESTful for CRUD operations, WebSocket for chat.
- Tools: Postman, Git, VS Code, Figma (UI/UX).

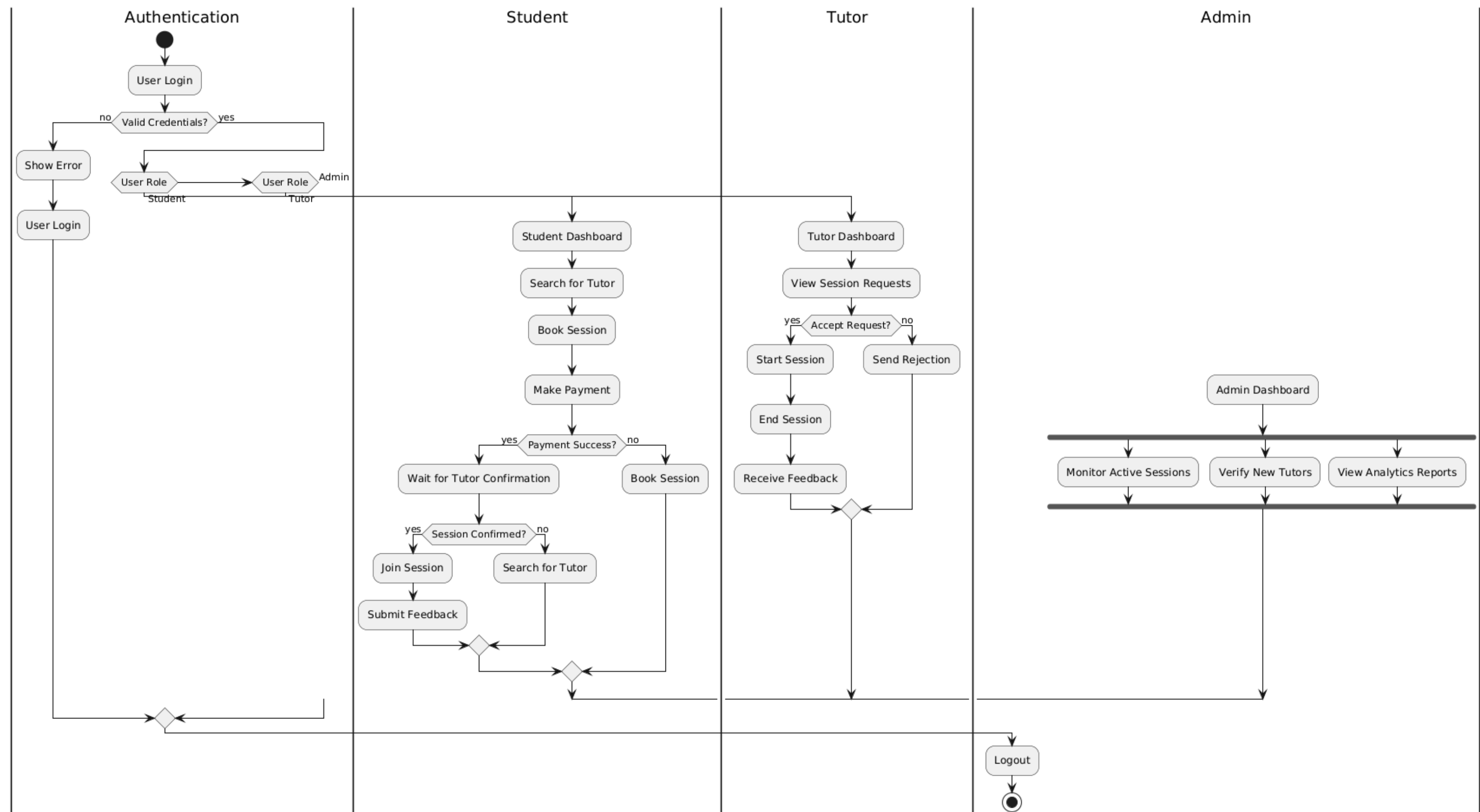
# Hardware requirements

- Server: Cloud hosting (AWS EC2/Heroku) with 4GB RAM, 2vCPU.
- Client: Modern browsers (Chrome/Firefox) with JavaScript enabled.
- Storage: MongoDB Atlas (scalable cloud database).

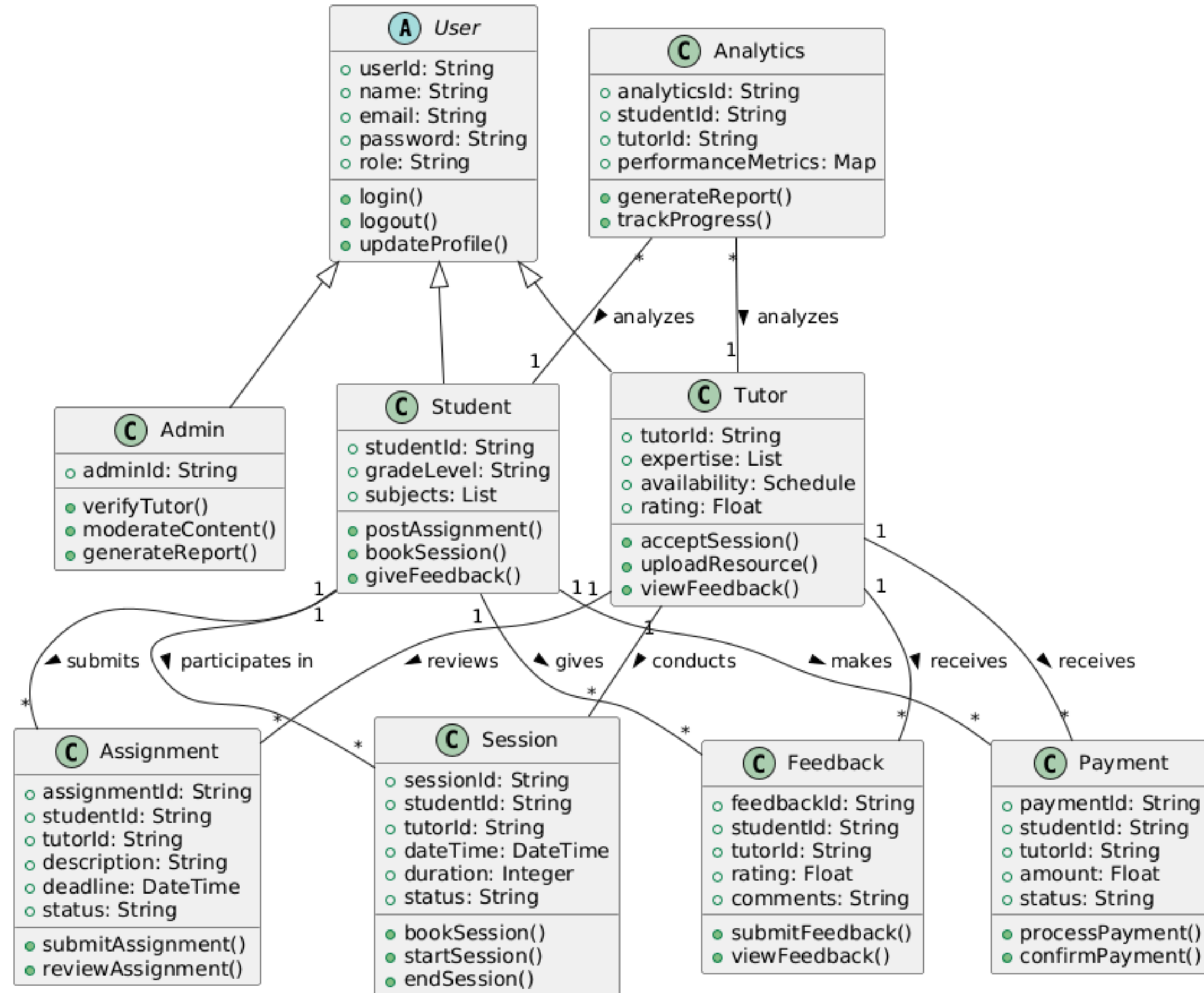
# Architecture of the Model



# Flow / Activity Diagram



# Class Diagram



# Modules in the Code

## Backend

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Middleware  
Models  
Routes  
Server.js

## Frontend

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Components  
Context  
Pages  
Utils

# Main functions and its implementation in the Code





# Snippets of the Code ( can show in laptop)

```
import React from 'react';
import { BrowserRouter as Router, Routes, Route, Navigate } from 'react-router-dom';
import { ThemeProvider, createTheme } from '@mui/material';
import CssBaseline from '@mui/material/CssBaseline';
import { AuthProvider, useAuth } from './context/AuthContext';
import Navbar from './components/Navbar';
import Home from './pages/Home';
import Blog from './pages/Blog';
import BookOnline from './pages/BookOnline';
import Login from './pages/Login';
import Register from './pages/Register';
import Profile from './pages/Profile';
import ForgotPassword from './pages/ForgotPassword';
import Dashboard from './pages/Dashboard';
import Footer from './components/Footer';
```

```
// Protected Route component
const ProtectedRoute = ({ children }) => {
  const { user, loading } = useAuth();
```

```
  if (loading) {
    return null; // or a loading spinner
  }
```

```
  if (!user) {
    return <Navigate to="/login" />;
  }
```

```
  return children;
};
```

```
const theme = createTheme({
  palette: {
    primary: {
      main: '#1976d2',
    },
    secondary: {
      main: '#dc004e',
    },
  },
  typography: {
    fontFamily: '"Roboto", "Helvetica", "Arial", sans-serif',
    h1: {
      fontSize: '2.5rem',
      fontWeight: 600,
```

```
    MuiPaper: {
      styleOverrides: {
        root: {
          borderRadius: 12,
        },
      },
    },
  },
});
```

```
function App() {
  return (
    <ThemeProvider theme={theme}>
      <CssBaseline />
      <AuthProvider>
        <Router>
          <div className="App">
            <Navbar />
            <Routes>
              <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
              <Route path="/blog" element={<Blog />} />
              <Route path="/book-online" element={<BookOnline />} />
              <Route path="/login" element={<Login />} />
              <Route path="/register" element={<Register />} />
              <Route path="/forgot-password" element={<ForgotPassword />} />
              <Route
                path="/profile"
                element={
                  <ProtectedRoute>
                    <Profile />
                  </ProtectedRoute>
                }
              />
              <Route
                path="/dashboard"
                element={
                  <ProtectedRoute>
                    <Dashboard />
                  </ProtectedRoute>
                }
              />
            </Routes>
            <Footer />
          </div>
        </Router>
      </ThemeProvider>
    );
}
```

# Innovation in the project

1. Unified Dashboard: Integrates tutoring, assignments, and analytics.
2. Real-Time Collaboration Tools: Built-in code editor for coding mentorship.
3. Tutor Skill Analytics: Identifies strengths/weaknesses via feedback.

# Plan of action to complete the project

S.NO	ITEM	Percentage of Completion
1	Modules	50 %
2	Documentation	30 %

# References

- [1] IEEE Standard for Digitizing Waveform Recorders—IEEE Std. 1057– 1994, SH94245, Dec. 1994.
- [2] F. C. Alegria, P. Arpaia, P. Daponte, and A. C. Serra, “An ADC histogram test based on small-amplitude waves,” *Measurement*, vol. 31, no. 4, pp. 271–279, Jun. 2002.
- [3] F. Alegria, P. Arpaia, A. M. da Cruz Serra, and P. Daponte, “Performance analysis of an ADC histogram test using small triangular waves,” *IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas.*, vol. 51, no. 4, pp. 723–729, Aug. 2002.
- [4] F. C. Alegria, P. Arpaia, P. Daponte, and A. C. Serra, “ADC histogram test by triangular small-waves,” in *Proc. IEEE Instrumentation Measurement Technology Conf.*, Budapest, Hungary, May 21–23, 2001, pp. 1690–1695.
- [5] F. C. Alegria and A. C. Serra, “Uncertainty in the ADC transition voltages determined with the histogram method,” in *Proc. 6th Workshop ADC Modeling Testing*, Lisbon, Portugal, Sep. 13–14, 2001, pp. 28–32.
- [6] F. C. Alegria, P. Arpaia, P. Daponte, and A. C. Serra, “ADC histogram test using small-amplitude input waves,” in *Proc. XVI IMEKO World Congr.*, vol. X, Vienna, Austria, Sep. 25–28, 2000, pp. 9–14.
- [7] J. Blair, “Histogram measurement of ADC nonlinearities using sine waves,” *IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas.*, vol. 43, no. 3, pp. 373–383, Jun. 1994.