Written Assignment 4 CHEM 22100

Abstract Categorization

1. Purpose: N/a.

- 2. **Method**: "Selective monobromination of aromatic heterocyclic compounds through in-situ acid activation of 2:1 bromide/bromate couple as a benign brominating reagent is described."
- 3. **Findings**: "The in-situ acid activation of a bromide-bromate couple generates the reactive species BrOH, and is proved to be an efficient for the bromination of various heterocycles under mild aqueous conditions without the use of any catalyst. Heterocycles that had electron-rich substituents provided good yields."

4. Conclusions: N/a.

Components of an abstract	Present in abstract?	If so, how could the writing be improved?	If not, summarize the portions from the full text.
Purpose of the study is outlined in a clear and concise way	No.	N/a.	The authors need to make it more clear, as they do in the introduction, that bromination of heteroarenes is an important and widely used process in pharmaceuticals and academia, but there is a lack of a safe and environmentally friendly way to run the reaction, and this is why it's significant that they've found a "benign brominating reagent."
Methods of the study are covered	Yes.	A bit more detail could be useful (i.e., noting that they mainly focused on, and achieved their most selective results with, aminopyridines).	N/a.
Findings of the study are summarized	Yes.	There's a typo — "an efficient" what? Other than that, the experimental results are fairly well summarized, and in good detail (though, again, they failed to note the significance of aminopyridines to their paper).	N/a.

Written Assignment 4 CHEM 22100

Conclusions are written	No.	N/a.	The take-away message
clearly		,	is basically just that
			they filled the gap in
			the purpose: There
			wasn't an
			environmentally
			friendly way to
			brominate heteroarenes
			under mild conditions,
			and now there is one
			(for some
			heteroarenes). More
			specifically, there is a
			good way for
			aminopyridines and a
			passable way for some
			other types of
			heteroarenes.

Table 2: Review of abstract.

General Comments

- Strengths: The abstract is largely clear and succinct. It successfully conveys how the bromination was achieved both on a macroscale ("in-situ acid activation of [sic] a 2:1 bromide/bromate couple") and a microscale (a highly reactive BrOH intermediate is formed that can then brominate an arene via EAS).
- Weaknesses: Despite the generally good use of language, there are some instances of grammatically incorrect and unclear phrasing, e.g., "it is proved to be an efficient." Additionally, the abstract does not address in sufficient detail why this research was done and what the take-aways are it needs to be more explicit that bromination is widely used in pharmaceutical applications, and this paper reports a method of doing it in a sustainable way under mild conditions for certain types (which should be specified) of heteroarenes.