

5 Abstract Representation Theory

- 11/3:
1. Assume that a finite-dimensional left module M over an associative algebra A is semisimple. Prove that any quotient of M is semisimple.
 2. Let F be a field.
 - (a) Let D be a finite-dimensional division algebra over F . Prove that D^n is an irreducible module over the matrix algebra $M_n(D)$. Deduce that $M_n(D)$ is semisimple.
 - (b) Let D_1, \dots, D_k be finite-dimensional division algebras over F . Prove that an algebra $M_{n_1}(D_1) \oplus \dots \oplus M_{n_k}(D_k)$ is semisimple. Prove that it has exactly k irreducible representations.
 3. Let A be a finite-dimensional associative algebra over F . Prove that $\text{Rad}(A)$ consists of elements $a \in A$ such that $1 + xa$ has a left inverse for any $x \in A$.
 4. Let G be a finite group. Assume that a prime p divides the order of G . Prove that the set $\{\sum a_g g \mid \sum a_g = 0\}$ is an ideal in $\mathbb{F}_p[G]$. Show that it is not a direct summand of $\mathbb{F}_p[G]$. Deduce that $\mathbb{F}_p[G]$ is not semisimple.
 5. Prove that under the identification of the group algebra $\mathbb{C}[G]$ with the space of complex-valued functions on G , the product in the group algebra corresponds to the convolution $*$ of functions

$$(f_1 * f_2)(g) = \sum_{x \in G} f_1(x) f_2(x^{-1}g)$$

Deduce that the convolution is associative, and then prove the associativity directly. Which function plays the role of the unit?

Proof. See MSE post linked in Lecture 3.1!!! □

6. **Fourier transform.** Let $\rho : G \rightarrow GL(V_\rho)$ be a finite-dimensional complex representation of a finite group G . A **Fourier transform** of a function $f : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ is an element $\hat{f}(\rho) \in \text{End}_{\mathbb{C}}(V_\rho)$ defined by the formula

$$\hat{f} = \sum_{g \in G} f(g) \rho(g)$$

- (a) Prove that $\widehat{f_1 * f_2} = \hat{f}_1 \hat{f}_2$.
- (b) Prove the **Fourier inversion formula**, given by

$$f(g) = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{\rho} \dim(V_\rho) \text{tr}[\rho(g^{-1}) \hat{f}(\rho)]$$

where the sum goes over all irreducible representations of G .

- (c) Prove that **Plancherel formula** for functions $f_1, f_2 : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, given by

$$\sum_{g \in G} f_1(g^{-1}) f_2(g) = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{\rho} \dim(V_\rho) \text{tr}[\hat{f}_1(\rho) \hat{f}_2(\rho)]$$

7. Consider the **Heisenberg group** $H(\mathbb{F}_3)$ consisting of matrices

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & b \\ 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

for $a, b, c \in \mathbb{F}_3$. Find the character table of this group.

8. The character table is a square matrix. Compute the determinant of the character table.