

PHYS 23410 Notes

- 5/10:
- Labalme (2024, pp. 34–37): Much more detailed asymptotic analysis and derivation of the Hermite equation.
 - Here, we properly motivate the $H(y)e^{-y^2/2}$ that was just supplied last time.
 - Hermite polynomials are eventually defined via the following formula, which is *not* derived.

$$H_n(\xi) = (-1)^n \exp(\xi^2) \frac{d^n}{d\xi^n} [\exp(-\xi^2)]$$

- Labalme (2024, pp. 65–66): Legendre polynomials.
 - Labalme (2023) actually does a better job of deriving Legendre’s equation and motivating why we need the associated Legendre functions.
 - The Legendre polynomials are given by Rodrigues’ formula:

$$P_\ell(u) = \frac{1}{2^\ell \ell!} \frac{d^\ell}{du^\ell} (u^2 - 1)^\ell$$

- The associated Legendre functions are defined as in Labalme (2023).