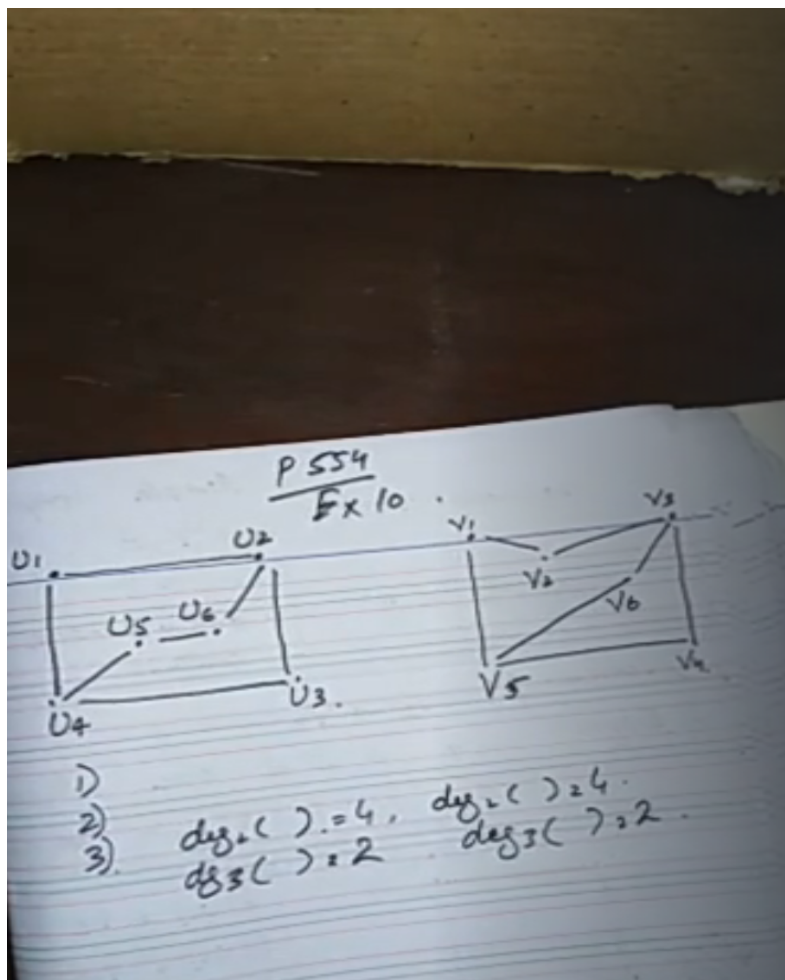


Discrete Lecture # 22

- Isomorphism (simple graph)
 - $G1 = (V1 , E1)$
 - $G2 = (V2 , E2)$
 - Two graphs are isomorphic if and only if the conditions are met ,
isomorphism is usually checked between two graphs and the terms for the two vertices are $G1$ and $G2$.
 - 1) If number of vertices in $G1$ are same as $G2$
 - 2) if number of edges in $G1$ are same as $G2$
 - 3) if number of same degree vertices are same



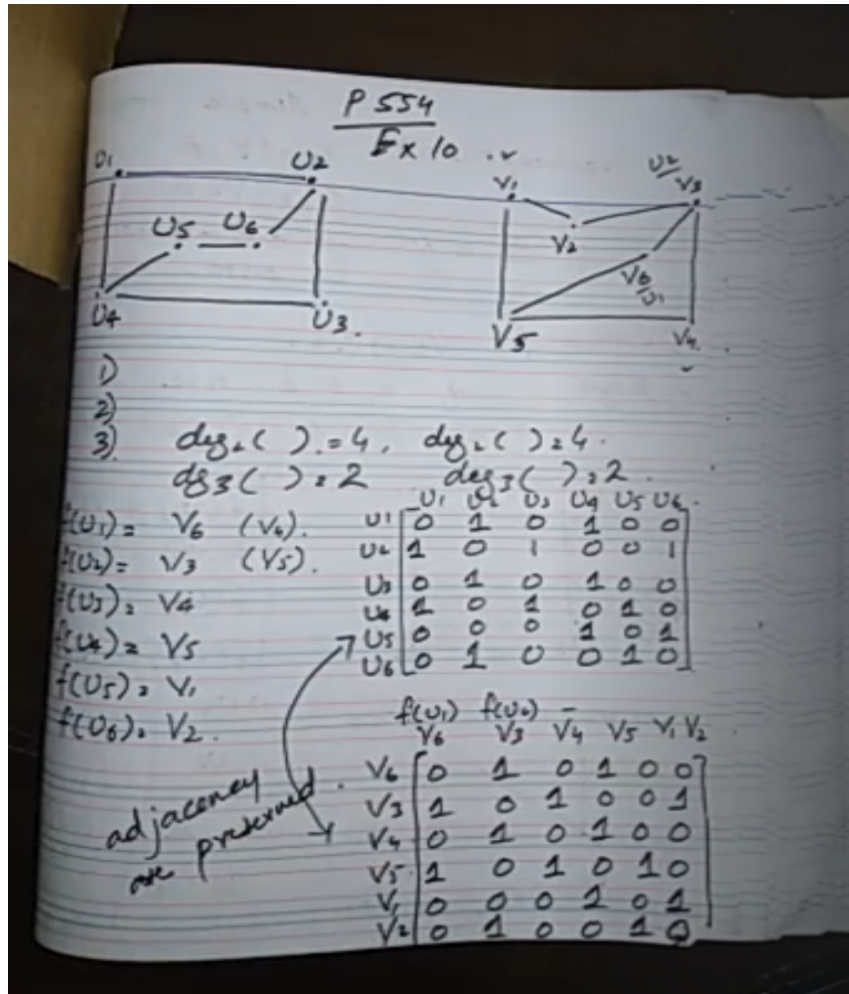
- 4) we check the degree of adjacent vertices
- 5) Assignment of vertices
 - Check the adjacent degree of the vertices

- If you are assignment a vertex A with adjacent degree of 1 with adjacent vertices in G1 then you must assign it to a vertex with the same features in G2

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- 6) Adjacency matrix of both graphs G1 and G2



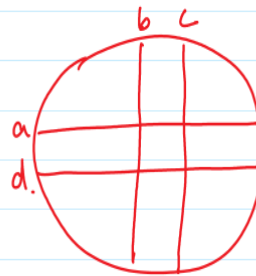
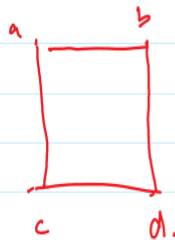
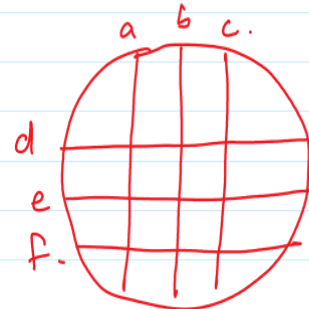
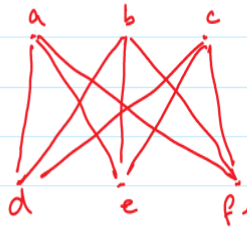
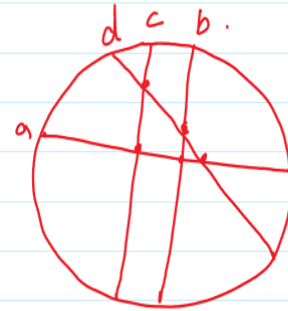
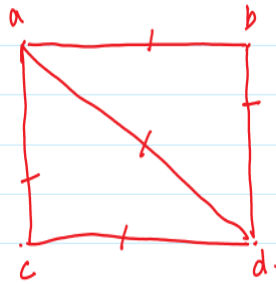
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- ADJACENCY MATIX WILL BE THE SAME
- ADJ.MATRIX OF G2 WILL ALWAYS BE A SYMMETRIC MATRIX

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- Circular Graph :

Circular Graph



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- Representing the graph in circles
 - Each vertex is a chord
 - Each cord intersecting other cord means they have a path
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