

Commonly Used NumPy functions List:

Array Creation:

- `np.array()`: Create an array from a list or tuple.
- `np.zeros(shape)`: Create an array filled with zeros.
- `np.ones(shape)`: Create an array filled with ones.
- `np.arange(start, stop, step)`: Create an array with a range of values.
- `np.linspace(start, stop, num)`: Create an array with evenly spaced values.
- `np.random.rand(shape)`: Create an array with random values from a uniform distribution.
- `np.random.randn(shape)`: Create an array with random values from a standard normal distribution.
- `np.random.randint(low, high, size)`: Create an array with random integers within a specified range.

Array Manipulation:

- `np.reshape(array, new_shape)`: Reshape an array.
- `np.concatenate((array1, array2), axis)`: Concatenate arrays along a specified axis.
- `np.split(array, indices_or_sections, axis)`: Split an array into multiple sub-arrays.
- `np.hstack((array1, array2))`: Stack arrays horizontally (column-wise).
- `np.vstack((array1, array2))`: Stack arrays vertically (row-wise).
- `np.transpose(array)`: Transpose of an array.
- `array.T`: Shortcut for array transpose.

Mathematical Functions:

- `np.sum(array, axis)`: Sum of array elements along a specified axis.
- `np.mean(array, axis)`: Mean of array elements along a specified axis.
- `np.std(array, axis)`: Standard deviation of array elements along a specified axis.
- `np.min(array)`, `np.max(array)`: Minimum and maximum values in an array.
- `np.argmin(array)`, `np.argmax(array)`: Indices of minimum and maximum values.
- `np.dot(array1, array2)`: Dot product of two arrays.
- `np.linalg.inv(array)`: Inverse of a square matrix.
- `np.linalg.det(array)`: Determinant of a square matrix.

Universal Functions (ufuncs):

- Arithmetic functions: `np.add()`, `np.subtract()`, `np.multiply()`, `np.divide()`, `np.power()`, etc.
- Trigonometric functions: `np.sin()`, `np.cos()`, `np.tan()`, etc.
- Exponential and logarithmic functions: `np.exp()`, `np.log()`, `np.log10()`, etc.

Random Module Functions:

- `np.random.seed(seed)`: Seed the random number generator for reproducibility.
- `np.random.choice(array, size)`: Randomly sample from an array.
- `np.random.shuffle(array)`: Shuffle the elements of an array in place.
- `np.random.normal(mean, std_dev, size)`: Draw random samples from a normal distribution.

Linear Algebra:

- `np.linalg.eig(array)`: Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a square matrix.
- `np.linalg.svd(array)`: Singular Value Decomposition of a matrix.
- `np.linalg.solve(a, b)`: Solve a linear matrix equation, or system of linear scalar equations.
- `np.linalg.qr(array)`: QR decomposition of a matrix.

Statistical Functions:

- `np.percentile(array, q)`: Compute the qth percentile of the data along the specified axis.
- `np.median(array, axis)`: Compute the median of the data along the specified axis.
- `np.histogram(array, bins)`: Compute the histogram of a set of data.
- `np.var(array, axis)`: Compute the variance of the data along the specified axis.
- `np.corrcoef(array1, array2)`: Compute the correlation coefficient between two arrays.

Array Comparison:

- `np.equal(array1, array2)`: Element-wise comparison if two arrays are equal.
- `np.allclose(array1, array2)`: Compare if two arrays are element-wise equal within a tolerance.
- `np.array_equal(array1, array2)`: Check if two arrays have the same shape and elements.

Set Operations:

- `np.unique(array)`: Find the unique elements of an array.
- `np.intersect1d(array1, array2)`: Find the intersection of two arrays.
- `np.union1d(array1, array2)`: Find the union of two arrays.
- `np.setdiff1d(array1, array2)`: Find the set difference of two arrays.

File I/O:

- `np.loadtxt(filename, delimiter)`: Load data from a text file.
- `np.genfromtxt(filename, delimiter)`: Load data with missing values handled as specified.
- `np.savetxt(filename, array, delimiter)`: Save an array to a text file.

- `np.save(filename, array)`: Save an array to a binary file in .npy format.
- `np.load(filename)`: Load an array from a .npy binary file.

Polynomials:

- `np.polyval(coefficients, x)`: Evaluate a polynomial at specific values.
- `np.polyfit(x, y, degree)`: Fit a polynomial of a specified degree to the data.
- `np.roots(coefficients)`: Find the roots of a polynomial equation.

Other Functions:

- `np.vectorize(func)`: Convert a Python function into a vectorized function.
- `np.apply_along_axis(func, axis, array)`: Apply a function along a specified axis of an array.
- `np.meshgrid(x, y)`: Create coordinate matrices from coordinate vectors.
- `np.gradient(array)`: Compute the gradient of an N-dimensional array.