

**Name: SHAFIN-UZ-ZAMAN**

**Reg no: SP22-BCS-063**

**Class: DSA LAB**

**Sec: C**

## Code

### Driver class:

```
public class Driver {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // Creating an object of MyArray class with size 10.  
        MyArray mr=new MyArray(10);  
        // Adding elements to the array.  
        System.out.println("Adding");  
        boolean a0=mr.addAtEnd(10);  
        boolean a1=mr.addAtEnd(20);  
        boolean a2=mr.addAtEnd(30);  
        boolean a5=mr.addAtEnd(30);  
        boolean a3=mr.addAtEnd(40);  
        boolean a4=mr.addAtEnd(50);  
  
        // Printing the array.  
        mr.printArray();  
        System.out.println("-----");  
  
        // Deleting an element from a specific index.  
        System.out.println("Deleting at index 2");  
        int deleted_val=mr.deleteAtIndex(2);  
        mr.printArray();  
        System.out.println("-----");  
    }  
}
```

```
// Adding an element at a specific index.
System.out.println("Add at index 2");
boolean b0=mr.addAtIndex(30,2);
mr.printArray();
System.out.println("-----");

// Deleting an element from the end of the array.
System.out.println("Delete at end");
int dv2=mr.deleteAtEnd();
mr.printArray();
System.out.println("-----");

// Searching for the index of a specific value in the array.
System.out.println("Searching index of value 30 ");
System.out.println(mr.linearSearchOfOne(30));

// Searching for all the indexes of a specific value in the array.
System.out.println("Searching all indexes of value 30 ");
int arr[]=mr.linearSearchOfAll(30);
System.out.print("At index ");
for(int i=0;i<arr.length;i++){
    if(arr[i]!=-1){
        if(arr[i]==0){
            System.out.print(arr[i]+",");
        }
        if(arr[i]!=0){
            System.out.print(arr[i]+",");
        }
    }
}
System.out.println();
```

```
System.out.println("-----");

// Updating an element at a specific index.
System.out.println("Update at index 2");
int deleted_val2=mr.updateAtIndex(40, 2);
mr.printArray();

// Updating the first matching element with a specific value.
System.out.println("Update val by finding first match");
int deleted_val3=mr.updateOneVal(10, 40);
mr.printArray();

// Updating all the matching elements with a specific value.
System.out.println("Update all finding val");
int deleted_val4=mr.updateAllMatchingVal(40, 100);
mr.printArray();
System.out.println("-----");

// Sorting the array.
System.out.println("Sorting");
boolean a7=mr.addAtEnd(70);
mr.sorting();
mr.printArray();
System.out.println("-----");

// Performing binary search on the array.
System.out.println("Binary Search");
System.out.println(mr.binarySearch(100));
}
}
```

# Array Class:

```
public class MyArray {

    int A[]; // array to store values
    int N; // size of the array
    int k; // current number of elements in the array

    // constructor to initialize the array with a given size
    MyArray(int N) {
        A = new int[N];
        this.N = N;
    }

    // method to add a value at the end of the array
    public boolean addAtEnd(int val) {
        if (k < N) { // check if there's enough space in the array
            A[k] = val;
            k++;
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    // method to add a value at a specific index in the array
    public boolean addAtIndex(int val, int index) {
        if (k < N) { // check if there's enough space in the array
            if (index >= 0 && index < k) { // check if the index is valid
                for (int i = k; i > index; i--) {
                    A[i] = A[i - 1]; // shift elements to the right to make room
for the new value
                }
                A[index] = val;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        k++;
        return true;
    }
}
return false;
}

```

// method to delete a value at a specific index in the array

```

public int deleteAtIndex(int index) {
    int temp = 0;
    if (index >= 0 && index < k) { // check if the index is valid
        temp = A[index]; // save the value that is being deleted
        for (int i = index; i < k; i++) {
            A[i] = A[i + 1]; // shift elements to the left to fill the gap
left by the deleted value
        }
        k--;
    }
    return temp;
}

```

// method to delete the value at the end of the array

```

public int deleteAtEnd() {
    int temp = 0;
    if (k > 0) { // check if there are values in the array
        temp = A[k - 1]; // save the value that is being deleted
        A[k - 1] = 0; // set the last element to 0 to "delete" it
        k--;
    }
    return temp;
}

```

```
// method to search for the first occurrence of a value in the array
public int linearSearchOfOne(int val) {
    int index = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
        if (A[i] == val) {
            index = i;
            break; // stop searching once the value is found
        }
    }
    return index;
}
```

```
// method to search for all occurrences of a value in the array
public int[] linearSearchOfAll(int val) {
    int index[] = new int[k];
    int j = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
        if (A[i] == val) {
            index[j] = i;
            j++;
        }
    }
    if (j == 0) { // check if the value was not found in the array
        index[0] = -1;
        return index;
    }
    return index;
}
```

```
// method to update a value at a specific index in the array
public int updateAtIndex(int val, int index) {
    int temp = 0;
```

```

        if (index >= 0 && index < k) { // check if the index is valid
            temp = A[index]; // save the old value
            A[index] = val; // set the new value
        }
        return temp;
    }

// Update a single occurrence of val with updated_val in array A
public int updateOneVal(int val, int updated_val) {
    int temp = 0;
    // Use linear search to find the index of val in A
    int search = linearSearchOfOne(val);
    if (search != -1) {
        // Update the value at the index with updated_val
        A[search] = updated_val;
    }
    // Return temp (which is always 0 in this method)
    return temp;
}

// Update all occurrences of val with updated_val in array A
public int updateAllMatchingVal(int val, int updated_val) {
    int temp = 0;
    // Use linear search to find the indices of all occurrences of val in A
    int search[] = linearSearchOfAll(val);
    if (search[0] != -1) {
        // If there is at least one occurrence of val in A
        if (search[0] == 0) {
            // If the first occurrence of val is at index 0, set temp to val
            temp = val;
            // Update the value at index 0 with updated_val
            A[0] = updated_val;

```

```

    }

    // Loop through the rest of the indices with occurrences of val and
update their
    // values
    for (int i = 1; i < search.length; i++) {
        if (search[i] != 0) {
            A[search[i]] = updated_val;
        }
    }

}

// Return temp (which is either 0 or val depending on the position of the
first
// occurrence of val)
return temp;
}

// Sort array A in ascending order using selection sort
public void sorting() {
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
        int smallestVal = A[i];
        // Find the index of the smallest value in the unsorted portion of
the array
        for (int j = i; j < k; j++) {
            if (A[j] < smallestVal) {
                int temp = smallestVal;
                smallestVal = A[j];
                A[j] = temp;
            }
        }

        // Swap the smallest value with the first value in the unsorted
portion of the

```



```

        // array
        A[i] = smallestVal;
    }
}

// Use binary search to find the index of val in the sorted array A
public int binarySearch(int val) {
    // Sort array A first
    sorting();
    int start = 0;
    int end = k;
    // Keep searching until start and end meet
    while (start <= end) {
        int mid = (start + end) / 2;
        if (A[mid] >= val) {
            // If the middle element is equal to val, return its index
            if (A[mid] == val) {
                return mid;
            }
            // If the middle element is greater than val, search the left
half of the array
            end = mid - 1;
        }
        // If the middle element is less than val, search the right half of
the array
        if (A[mid] < val) {
            start = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    // If val is not found in A, return -1
    return -1;
}

```

```
        // Print array A to the console
public void printArray(){
    for(int a:A){
        System.out.print(a+" ");
    }
    System.out.println("");
}
}
```

# Output:

```
b9906c2706de84bc99c2c5c3de\redhat.java\jdt_ws\1st_88260961\bin' 'Driver'  
Adding  
10 20 30 30 40 50 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Deleting at index 2  
10 20 30 40 50 0 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Add at index 2  
10 20 30 30 40 50 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Delete at end  
10 20 30 30 40 0 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Searching index of value 30  
2  
Searching all indexes of value 30  
At index 2,3,  
-----  
...  
Update at index 2  
10 20 40 30 40 0 0 0 0 0  
Update val by finding first match  
40 20 40 30 40 0 0 0 0 0  
Update all finding val  
100 20 100 30 100 0 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Sorting  
20 30 70 100 100 100 0 0 0 0  
-----  
Binary Search  
3
```