

## Semantic Checker (200 points)

Semantic checker is a program that check semantic error in programming languages. It read a source program, and check if there is any error regarding type and scope of variables, and output error messages describing any semantic error found. In this assignment, you should build a class that maintain symbol tables to check scope of variable, and build the semantic checker using the class.

### 1. Chained Symbol Tables (50 points)

One way of checking the scope of variables is using the chained symbol tables. In this assignment, to build semantic checker, you should use the **Env** class that maintains the chained symbol tables. It has, at least, three operations as described in the class:

- **Env(Env p)** : a constructor;
- **Put(String s, Object sym)** : adding a new symbol entry into the current symbol table;
- **Get(String s)** : returning a symbol entry whose key is s, or **null** if the symbol entry does not exists.

The **Env** prototype class and the **TestEnv** class, containing 10 test cases, are provided in the startup program. You will get 5 points per each test case in **TestEnv** class.

### 2. Semantic Checker (150 points)

After completing the **Env** class, you should build the semantic checker implemented using java. Following describes the task of your program:

- Your program should use **jflex** to determine tokens from an input *mini-C* source program.
- Your program should use bottom-up parser, generated by **BYacc/J**. The updated *mini-C* grammar will be given at the end of this document, in the form of CFG.
- You should use the **Env** class to check scopes of variables, their types, and types of declared functions.
- If there is **no** semantic error, then your program should print "**Success: no error found.**" on console; If there is **any** semantic error(s), then your program should print detailed error message on console, such as "**Error at line 11 : "int" value is tried to assign to "float" variable c.**  
**Error: there exists error(s).**".

For example, let you have the **semantic-checker** java program, and the following sample input *mini-C* programs:

success	failure
<pre>int main() {     int x;     x = x + 1;     return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main() {     int x;     x = x + 1.0;     return 0; }</pre>

Running **semantic-checker** program with the above *mini-C* programs should print the following outputs on console:

<pre>&gt; java semantic-checker success03.minc Success: no error found. &gt;</pre>	<pre>&gt; java semantic-checker error03b.minc Error at line 4 : operation of "int" * " float " is not allowed. Error: there exists error(s). &gt;</pre>
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Note that this **semantic-checker** determines only the first semantic error, such as variable type mismatch or function type mismatch or the use of non-declared variables/functions, and then prints its appropriate error message with the line number of the error location in the input program.

### Start-up program, test cases, and points

The zip file containing the start-up program, the **TestEnv** test program, and test *mini-C* programs will be available at in course website: <https://turing.cs.hbg.psu.edu/cmpsc470/proj3-startup.zip>. The zip file contains the following contents:

- **src/Parser.grammar**: The grammar file shows the list of production and association rules. In the file, the rules describing “to support record” are about record keywords and only for the extra credits.
- **src/Lexer.flex**: The lexer file describes basic lexical analyzing rules. You must update the lexer to send token attributes to Parser.
- **src/Parser.y**: The yacc file to generate **Parser** class.
- **src/ParserImpl.java**: Empty super class of **Parser** class
- **src/Program.java**: Main program
- **src/Run.bat**: It shows the basic command to compile and run.
- **src/Env.java**: Class for symbol table
- **src/TestEnv.java**: Symbol table test program
- **sample/minic/**: The directory contains 44 test *mini-C* programs: 11 success cases and 33 failure cases.
- **sample/output/**: The directory contains 44 solution output messages
- **sample/extra/**: The directory contains 10 *min-c* programs and their corresponding outputs for extra points

Regarding the **TestEnv** test program, you will get 3 points from each 10 test cases: totally 30 points.

Regarding 44 test *mini-C* programs, each test *mini-C* program whose filename contains “**succ**” does not have semantic error, and whose file name contains “**fail**” has at least one semantic error, and whose file name ends with “**.output**” shows its error message. You will get 1-3 points per each test *mini-C* program from your output message, by the following rules:

- Regarding each “**succ**” file, you will get **1** point if your **semantic-checker** program correctly identifies it as “**Success: no error found.**”.
- Regarding each “**fail**” file, you will get 1-3 points depending on the error message printed your program:
  - **1** point if your program correctly identifies it as “**Error: there exists error(s).**”;
  - **1** point if your program correctly identify the line having the error, such as “**Error at line 4 :**”;
  - **1** point if your program correctly identify the error message, such as “**operation of "int" \* " float " is not allowed.**”

The total 170 points will be determined from the 44 *mini-C* test programs (33 failure and 11 success cases = 110 points) and additional *mini-C* programs provided by the grader after the deadline.

The startup program contains 10 extra testcases that uses “**record**” syntax: 2 success + 8 failure cases = 26 points. With including few more testcases by grader, you may get totally 40 extra credits if you correctly identify their messages.

You **may lose some points** if your program does not terminate after printing “**Success**” or “**Error**” on console. You **will lose huge points** if you use improper function/variable names or comments, such as insulting words, or if you hardcode the outputs into your program.

### What to submit:

- Submit one zip file containing following files via **canvas by 11:59:59 PM, Wednesday, November 28, 2018.**
- **Readme file** describing how to compile your semantic checker program using **jflex** and **BYacc/J** and how to run your program. Grader will recompile both your **jflex** (\*.flex) and **yacc** (\*.y) file(s).
- Your own **jflex**, **yacc**, and **java** source files that implements the semantic checker program.