

Deadlock Avoidance Solutions

Deadlock Avoidance

- Suggest two ways to avoid deadlock
 - Always acquire locks in the same order
 - Use language features which can acquire multiple locks in a single operation
- Write a program which causes two threads to deadlock
- Implement your solutions. Verify that the program is no longer affected by deadlock

Adopting Locks

- In the following code, why are the `unique_lock` objects needed when the mutexes are already locked?

```
std::lock(mut1, mut2);  
std::unique_lock< std::mutex> lk1(mut1, std::adopt_lock);  
std::unique_lock< std::mutex> lk2(mut2, std::adopt_lock);
```

- To ensure that the mutexes are always unlocked when leaving the enclosing scope
- Rewrite this code to use `std::unique_lock`'s `defer_lock` option

```
std::unique_lock< std::mutex> lk1(mut1, std::defer_lock);  
std::unique_lock< std::mutex> lk2(mut2, std::defer_lock);  
std::lock(mut1, mut2);
```