

E	Find the eigen values and eigen vector for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$
F	Show that $\vec{F} = (y^2 - z^2 + 3yz - 2x)\mathbf{i} + (3xz + 2xy)\mathbf{j} + (3xy - 2xz + 2z)\mathbf{k}$ is both irrotational and solenoidal.
<b>Q3.</b> (20 Marks Each)	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Find $L\left[\int_0^t e^{-2u} \cos^2 u \, du\right]$
B	Find the inverse Laplace transform by using convolution theorem $\frac{1}{(s^2 + 4s + 13)^2}$
C	Obtain the Fourier series for $f(x) = x$ in $(0, 2\pi)$
D	Obtain the orthogonal trajectories for the family of curves $e^{-x} \cos y + xy = c$ where $c$ is the real constant in the $xy$ -plane.
E	Show that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies Cayley-Hamilton theorem. Hence find $A^{-1}$
F	Evaluate by using Green's theorem $\int_C (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$ , where $C$ is the closed region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x$
<b>Q4.</b> (20 Marks Each)	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} e^{-t} \int_0^t \left(\frac{\sin u}{u}\right) du \, dt$
B	$L^{-1}\left[\log\left(1 + \frac{4}{s^2}\right)\right]$
C	Obtain the Fourier series for $x^2$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$
D	Find the analytic function $f(z)$ whose imaginary part is $e^x(x \sin y + y \cos y)$
E	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ then find $A^{50}$
F	Use Stoke's Theorem to evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ where $\vec{F} = x^2\mathbf{i} + xy\mathbf{j}$ and $C$ is the boundary of the rectangle $x=0, y=0, x=a, y=b$

Total Marks: 80

Hours: 3 hrs

- Note : 1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.  
2) Attempt any three questions out of five questions

Q-1

a) If any 11 numbers between 1 and 20 are chosen show that at least two of them will be multiples of each other. (05)

b) A function  $f: R - \left\{\frac{7}{3}\right\} \rightarrow R - \left\{\frac{4}{3}\right\}$  is defined by  $f(x) = \frac{4x-5}{3x-7}$ , Prove that  $f$  is bijective and find the rule for  $f^{-1}$ . (05)

c) Find  $L\left[\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{1-\cos 2t}{t}\right)\right]$  (05)

d) Prove that there does not exist an analytic function whose imaginary part is  $3x^2 + \sin x + y^2 + 5y + 4$ . (05)

Q-2

a) Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{(s^2+3^2)(s^2+5^2)}\right]$  using convolution Theorem. (06)

b) What is the chance of throwing ten with four dice? (06)

c) In a certain examination there are multiple choice questions. There are four possible answers to each questions and one of them is correct. An intelligent student can solve 90% questions correctly by reasoning and for the remaining 10% questions he gives answer by guessing. A week student can solve 20% question correctly by reasoning and for the remaining 80% questions he gives answer by guessing. An intelligent student gets the correct answer. What is the probability that he was guessing. (08)

Q-3

a) A can hit a target 2 times in 5 shots, B 3 times in 4 shots, C 2 times in 3 shots. They fire a volley. What is the probability that at least 2 shots hit the target? (06)

b) Find  $L^{-1}\left(\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{s^2}\right)\right)$  (06)

c) If  $R$  is the relation on the set of integers such that  $aRb$  if and only if  $2a+3b$  is divisible by 5. Find the equivalence classes. (08)

Q-4

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} \left( \frac{\cos(7t) - \cos(11t)}{t} \right) dt$  (06)

b) Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s^2+2s+3}{(s^2+2s+10)(s^2+2s+17)}\right]$  (06)

c) Find the bilinear Transformation which maps the points  $2, i, -2$  on to the points  $1, i, -1$ . (08)  
Also find image of  $|z| = 1$  of  $z$ -plane to  $w$ -plane.



Q-5

a) A family consisting of an old man, 6 adults and 4 children is to be seated in a row for dinner. The children wish to occupy two seats at each end and the old man refuse to have a child on either side of him. In how many ways can the seating arrangement be made for the dinner? (06)

b) Find the analytic function  $f(z) = u + iv$  in terms of  $z$  if  $u - v = (x - y)(x^2 + 4xy + y^2)$ . (06)

c) Solve  $\frac{d^3 y}{dt^3} - 2\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$  with  $y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 1$ . (08)

Q-6

a) Prove that  $(A - B) \cup (B - A) = (A \cup B) - (A \cap B)$  (06)

b) Draw the Hasse diagram of  $D_{105}$ . (06)

c) Find Laplace Transformation of the following

i)  $te^{3t} \operatorname{erf}(5\sqrt{t})$ ,

ii)  $\sin t H(t) + (\cos t - \sin t) H(t - \pi)$  (08)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[ Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. Q 1 is compulsory.  
 2. Attempt any three from remaining  
 3. Rights indicate full marks.

1. a. If A, B, C are subset of universal set V then prove that  $A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$  05
- b. If  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is given by  $y = 2x + 1$ , prove that f is one to one and onto and find  $f^{-1}$  05
- c. Find  $L \{(1 + te^t)^3\}$  05
- d. Check whether the following function Harmonic or not  $3x^2 + \sin x + y^2 + 5y + 4$  05
2. a. Find k if  $f(z) = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2) + i \tan^{-1} \frac{ky}{x}$  is analytic 06
- b. Find  $L \{\sin 2t\}$  06
- c. Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$   $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 1$   
 $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$   $g(x) = 4x^2 + 2$  08  
 Find (I)  $f \circ (g \circ f)$  (II)  $g \circ (f \circ g)$
3. a. Find Bilinear transformation under which  $Z=1, -i, -1$  from point  $w=i, 0, -i$  06
- b. If A be the set of non-integers and let R be a relation on  $A \times A$  defined by  $(a, b) R (c, d)$  if  $ad=bc$ , then prove that R is an equivalence relation. 06
- c. Find (1)  $L \left\{ \int_0^t e^u \frac{\sin u}{u} du \right\}$  08  
 (2)  $L \{(1 + 2t + 3t^2 + t^3)H(t - 2)\}$  06
4. a. Use convolution theorem and evaluate  
 $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(s+5)^2}{(s^2+10s+16)^2} \right\}$
- b. Find transitive clouser of following relation defined on  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$  by Warshal 06  
 algorithm  $R = \{(a, a) (a, b) (b, c) (c, d) (c, c) (d, e)\}$
- c. A man speaks truth 3 times out of 5 when a die is thrown he states that it gave an ace what 08  
 is probability that this event has actually happened.

SE/IT/choice based / sem III / Applied Maths III

Paper / Subject Code: 51401 / Applied Mathematics-III

5. a. How many four digit numbers can be formed out of the digits 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9 if no digit is repeated twice? How many of them will be greater than 3000. 06
- b. Solve using Laplace transform  
 $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 9y = 18$  given that  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$  06
- c. Evaluate (1)  $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2s+1}} \right\}$  08  
(2)  $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2s^2 - 6s + 5}{s^3 - 6s^2 + 11s - 6} \right\}$
6. a. Solve  $a_n = 5a_{n-1} - 6a_{n-2}$  for  $n \geq 2, a_0 = 0, a_1 = 1$  06
- b. Find orthogonal curves of family of curves  $e^{-x} \cos y + xy = \alpha$ , where  $\alpha$  is the real constant 06
- c. i. Find the image of rectangular region bounded by  $x=0, x=3, y=0, y=2$  under the transformation  $w = z + (1+i)$  08
- ii. A fair dice is thrown thrice. Find probability that sum of numbers obtained is 10.



Option C:	3
Option D:	5.25
20:21	A continuous random variable X has the probability law $f(x) = k^2 x^3$ , $0 \leq x \leq 3$ , $k > 0$ then value of k is
Option A:	2/81
Option B:	4/81
Option C:	4/9
Option D:	2/9

Q2 (20 Marks )	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each												
A	Find Laplace transform of $f(t) = \sin^2 t \cos^3 t$ .													
B	Using convolution theorem find the inverse Laplace transform of $\phi(s) = \frac{s}{s^4 - 1}$													
C	Find Fourier series of $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ .													
D	Find an analytic function $\omega = f(z) = u + iv$ , where $z = x + iy$ , whose real part is $u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2 + 2y - \sin(x) \cdot \sinh(y)$													
E	<p>Calculate Spearman's coefficient of rank correlation and Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following data on height and weights of 5 students.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Height( in inches)</td><td>61</td><td>63</td><td>65</td><td>67</td><td>69</td></tr> <tr> <td>Weight(In kgs)</td><td>64</td><td>62</td><td>65</td><td>70</td><td>72</td></tr> </table>		Height( in inches)	61	63	65	67	69	Weight(In kgs)	64	62	65	70	72
Height( in inches)	61	63	65	67	69									
Weight(In kgs)	64	62	65	70	72									

F

The warranty of electronic device in thousand of days has the density function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4e^{-4x}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Find the expected warranty of the device.

**Q3**  
(20 Marks)

**Solve any Four out of Six**

**5 marks each**

A

Given  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 4, & 0 \leq x < 3 \\ 0, & x > 3 \end{cases}$ .  
Find  $L[f(t)]$ ,  $L[f'(t)]$ .

B

Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\phi(s) = \frac{3s^2 + 11s + 11}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 11s + 6}$

C

Find half range sine series for  $f(x) = e^{-x}$ ,  $0 < x < 1$ .

D

In the polar coordinates, let  $\omega = u + iv$ ,  $u(r, \theta) = r^2 \sin 2\theta$ .  
Show that  $u$  satisfies Laplace's equation and find  $v(r, \theta)$ .

E

Fit a second degree parabolic curve to the following data.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	1	1	3	7	13	21	31

F

A random variable  $X$  has the probability distribution  $P(X = x) = \frac{1}{16}(4C_x)$ ,  
 $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$ . Write Probability distribution and find standard deviation.

Option A:	Find $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{s} \right]$
Option B:	$\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2t)$
Option C:	$\frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2t)$
Option D:	$\frac{1}{2}(1 - \sin 2t)$
Option E:	$\frac{1}{2}(1 + \sin 2t)$
20. 21	Find the constant 'a' if $f(z) = ax^2y - y^3 + i(3xy^2 - x^3)$ is analytic
Option A:	$a = 0$
Option B:	$a = 3$
Option C:	$a = 6$
Option D:	$a = 2$

Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each	
<b>Q2.</b> (20 Marks)	
A	Fit a straight line to the following data $(X, Y) = (1, -5), (1, 1), (2, 4), (3, 7), (4, 10)$
B	Find half range cosine series for $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$ , $0 < x < \pi$
C	Find $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{1}{(s+3)(s-4)^2} \right]$ using convolution theorem.
D	Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $3x^2y + 2x^2 - y^3 - 2y^2 = c$
E	A discrete random variable has p.d.f. given below $X : \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3$ $P(X=x) : 0.2 \quad k \quad 0.1 \quad 2k \quad 0.1 \quad 2k$ Find $k$ and $(P(X \geq 1))$
F	Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-3t}}{t} dt$

<b>Q3.</b> (20 Marks)	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	



	Show that $u = 3x^2y - y^3$ is harmonic. Find the corresponding analytic function.	
B	Find $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{5s+3}{(s-1)(s^2+2s+5)} \right]$	
C	Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = x^3$ , in $(-\pi, \pi)$	
D	Find the expectation and M.G.F. of the following distribution $X:$ -2        3        1 $P(X=x) :$ 1/3        1/2        1/6	
E	Compute Spearman's rank correlation coefficient from the following data $X: 16, 18, 25, 30, 12$ $Y: 38, 21, 38, 16, 50$	
F	Find Laplace transform of $te^{-t} \cos \cos t$	

Q.2

Q 2.	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each																						
A	Find Laplace transform of $e^{-3t}t\sqrt{1-\sin 2t}$																							
B	Find inverse Laplace transforms of $\frac{5s^2-15s-11}{(s+1)(s-2)^2}$																							
C	Expand Fourier Series for $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - x)$ in $(0,2\pi)$ .																							
D	Find constants a, b, c, d and e, if $(ax^4 + bx^2y^2 + cy^4 + dx^2 - 2y^2) + i(4x^3y - exy^3 + 4xy)$ is analytic.																							
E	Ten students got the following percentage of marks in mathematics and statistics <table><tr><td>Maths</td><td>78</td><td>36</td><td>98</td><td>25</td><td>75</td><td>82</td><td>90</td><td>62</td><td>65</td><td>39</td></tr><tr><td>Stats</td><td>84</td><td>51</td><td>91</td><td>60</td><td>68</td><td>62</td><td>86</td><td>58</td><td>53</td><td>47</td></tr></table> Calculate the coefficient of correlation.		Maths	78	36	98	25	75	82	90	62	65	39	Stats	84	51	91	60	68	62	86	58	53	47
Maths	78	36	98	25	75	82	90	62	65	39														
Stats	84	51	91	60	68	62	86	58	53	47														
F	A bolt is manufactured by three machines A, B and C. A turns out twice as many times as B, and machines B and C produce equal number of items. 3% of bolts produced by A and B are defective and 5% of bolts produced by C are defective. All bolts are put into one stock pile and one is chosen from this pile. What is the probability that it is defective?																							



Q.3

Q. 3	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each																		
A	By using Laplace transform, evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin 2t + \sin 3t}{te^t}$																			
B	By using Convolution theorem, find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)}$																			
C	Expand Fourier Series for $f(x) = 1 - x^2$ in $(-1, 1)$																			
D	Find the analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$ , in terms of $z$ , if $v = \frac{\sinh 2y}{\cosh 2y + \cos 2x}$																			
E	Obtain the equations of the lines of regression for the following data. <table><tr><td>X</td><td>65</td><td>66</td><td>67</td><td>67</td><td>68</td><td>69</td><td>70</td><td>72</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>67</td><td>68</td><td>65</td><td>68</td><td>72</td><td>72</td><td>69</td><td>71</td></tr></table>	X	65	66	67	67	68	69	70	72	Y	67	68	65	68	72	72	69	71	
X	65	66	67	67	68	69	70	72												
Y	67	68	65	68	72	72	69	71												
F	A random variable X has the following probability distribution <table><tr><td>X</td><td>-2</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>P</td><td>0.1</td><td>K</td><td>0.1</td><td>2K</td><td>0.2</td><td>3K</td></tr></table> <p>(i) Find the constant K. (ii) Find the mean and variance of X.</p>	X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	P	0.1	K	0.1	2K	0.2	3K					
X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3														
P	0.1	K	0.1	2K	0.2	3K														

Q. 4	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each														
A	Find Laplace transform of $\int_0^1 e^{-2u} \cos^2 u \, du$															
B	Find Inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s} \log \sqrt{\frac{s^2+9}{s^2+16}}$															
C	Find the half range cosine series for $f(x) = (x-1)^2; 0 < x < 1$															
D	Find the family of curves orthogonal to the family of curves $x^3y - xy^3 = c$															
E	Fit a straight line of the form $y=a+bx$ to the following data															
	<table><tr><td>X</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td><td>8</td><td>12</td><td>15</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>20</td></tr></table>	X	1	3	5	7	8	10	Y	8	12	15	17	18	20	
X	1	3	5	7	8	10										
Y	8	12	15	17	18	20										
F	A random variable $x$ has probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2e^{-x} & x > 0, \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases} \quad k > 0$ Find 'k' and hence find mean and variance.															

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