Experiment No. 7: Circular Linked List Operations

Aim: Implementation of Circular Linked List ADT Objective:

In circular linked list last node is connected to first node. On other hand circular linked list can be used to implement traversal along web pages.

Theory:

In a circular linked list, the last node contains a pointer to the first node of the list. We can have a circular singly linked list as well as a circular doubly linked list. While traversing a circular linked list, we can begin at any node and traverse the list in any one direction, forward or backward, until we reach the same node where we started. Thus, a circular linked list has no beginning and no ending.

Inserting a New Node in a Circular Linked List Case 1:

The new node is inserted at the beginning.

Case 2: The new node is inserted at the end.

Deleting a Node from a Circular Linked List Case

1: The first node is deleted.



Case 2: The last node is deleted.

Insertion and Deletion after or before a given node is same as singly linked list.

Algorithm

Algorithm to insert a new node at the beginning

Step 1: IF AVAIL = NULL

Write OVERFLOW

Go to Step 9 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET NEW NODE = AVAIL

Step 3: SET AVAIL = AVAIL \square NEXT

Step 4: SET NEW_NODE-->DATA = VAL Step

5: SET PTR=START

Repeat Step 6 while PTR NEXT != START

Step 6: SET PTR = PTR NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 7: SET NEW NODE--> NEXT= START

Step 8: SET PTR-->NEXT = START

Step 9: SET START = NEW NODE

Step 10: EXIT

Algorithm to insert a new node at the end

Step 1: IF AVAIL = NULL

Write OVERFLOW

Go to Step 11 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET NEW NODE = AVAIL

Step 3: SET AVAIL = AVAIL--> NEXT

Step 4: SET NEW NODE -->DATA = VAL

Step 5: SET NEW NODE-->NEXT = START

Step 6: SET PTR = START

Step 7: Repeat Step 8 while PTR--> NEXT != START

Step 8: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 9: SET PTR -->NEXT = NEW NODE

Step 10: EXIT

Algorithm to delete the first node

Step 1: IF START = NULL

Write UNDERFLOW

Go to Step 6 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET PTR = START

Step 3: Repeat Step 4 while PTR--> NEXT != START

Step 4: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT [END OF LOOP]

Step 4: SET PTR \square NEXT = START --> NEXT

Step 5: FREE START

Step 6: EXIT

Algorithm to delete the last node

Step 1: IF START = NULL

Write UNDERFLOW

Go to Step 7 [END OF IF]

Step 2: SET PTR = START [END OF LOOP]

Step 3: Repeat Step 4 and Step 5 while PTR -->NEXT != START

Step 4: SET PREPTR = PTR

Step 5: SET PTR = PTR -->NEXT

Step 6: SET PREPTR-->NEXT = START

Step 7: FREE PTR

Step 8: EXIT

Code:



```
#include
#include #include
struct node { int
data; struct node
*next;
}; struct node *start = NULL; struct
node *create cll(struct node *); struct
node *display(struct node *); struct node
*insert beg(struct node *); struct node
*insert end(struct node *); struct node
*delete beg(struct node *); struct node
*delete end(struct node *); struct node
*delete after(struct node *); struct node
*delete list(struct node *); int main() {
int option; clrscr(); do { printf("\n\n
*****MAIN MENU *****");
printf("\n 1: Create a list"); printf("\n 2:
Display the list"); printf("\n 3: Add a node at
the beginning"); printf("\n 4: Add a node at the
end"); printf("\n 5: Delete a node from the
beginning"); printf("\n 6: Delete a node from
the end"); printf("\n 7: Delete a node after a
given node"); printf("\n 8: Delete the entire
list"); printf("\n 9: EXIT"); printf("\n\n Enter
your option: "); scanf("%d", &option);
```



```
switch(option) { case 1: start =
create cll(start);
printf("\n CIRCULAR LINKED LIST CREATED");
break; case 2: start =
display(start);
                 break;
       3:
               start
case
insert beg(start); break;
       4:
case
               start
insert end(start); break;
       5:
case
               start
delete_beg(start); break;
case
       6:
               start
delete_end(start); break;
       7:
case
               start
delete after(start);
break; case 8:
start = delete_list(start);
printf("\n CIRCULAR LINKED LIST DELETED");
break; }
}while(o
ption
!=9);
getch();
return 0;
```



} struct
node *create
cll(struct
node
*start) {
struct node
*new_no
de, *ptr; int
num;
printf("\n
Enter –1 to
end");
printf("\n
Enter the
data : ");
scanf("%
d", #);
while(nu
m!=-1) {
new_nod
e = (struct
node*)m
alloc(siz
eof(struc
t node));



```
new\_nod
e -> data =
num;
if(start
== NULL)
new_nod
e \rightarrow next =
new nod
e; start
new_nod
e;
} else { ptr = start; while(ptr
-> next != start) ptr = ptr ->
next; ptr -> next = new node;
new node -> next = start; }
printf("\n Enter the data : ");
scanf("%d", &num);
} return start;
} struct node *display(struct node *start) { struct
node *ptr; ptr=start; while(ptr -> next != start) {
printf("\t \%d", ptr -> data); ptr = ptr -> next; 
printf("\t %d", ptr -> data); return start; } struct node
*insert beg(struct node *start) { struct node
```



```
*new node, *ptr; int num; printf("\n Enter the data:
"); scanf("%d", &num); new node = (struct node
*)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); new node -> data =
num; ptr = start; while(ptr -> next != start) ptr =
ptr -> next; ptr -> next = new node; new node ->
next = start; start = new node;
return start;
} struct node *insert end(struct node *start) {
struct node *ptr, *new node;
                                     int num;
printf("\n Enter the data: "); scanf("%d",
&num); new node = (struct node
*)malloc(sizeof(struct node)); new node -> data =
num;
ptr = start; while(ptr -> next != start) ptr =
ptr \rightarrow next; ptr \rightarrow next = new node;
new node -> next = start; return start; }
struct node *delete beg(struct node *start) {
struct node *ptr; ptr = start; while(ptr -> next
!= start) ptr = ptr -> next; ptr -> next = start -
> next; free(start); start = ptr -> next; return
start;
} struct node *delete end(struct node *start) {
struct node *ptr,*preptr; ptr = start; while(ptr -
> next != start) { preptr = ptr; ptr = ptr -> next;
```



```
} preptr -> next = ptr ->
next; free(ptr); return start;
} struct node *delete_after(struct node *start) { struct node *ptr,
*preptr; int val; printf("\n Enter the value after which the node
has to deleted: "); scanf("%d", &val);
ptr = start; preptr = ptr;
while(preptr -> data != val) { preptr
= ptr; ptr = ptr -> next; } preptr ->
next = ptr -> next; if(ptr == start)
start = preptr -> next; free(ptr);
return start;
} struct node *delete list(struct node *start) {
struct node *ptr; ptr = start; while(ptr -> next !=
start) start = delete end(start); free(start); return
start;
}
```

Output:



```
Enter the data: 4
Enter the data: -1
CIRCULAR LINKED LIST CREATED
Enter your option : 3
Enter your option : 5
Enter your option : 2
5 1 2
              4
Enter your option : 9
*****MAIN MENU *****
1: Create a list
2: Display the list
3: Add a node at the beginning
8: Delete the entire list
9: EXIT
Enter your option : 1
Enter -1 to end
Enter the data: 1
Enter the data: 2
```

Conclusion:

Write an example of insertion and deletion in the circular linked list while traversing the web pages?

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

// Structure for a web page node in the circular linked list struct

WebPage {
 char title[50]; struct
WebPage* next;
};

struct WebPage* current = NULL;



```
// Function to insert a new web page void insertPage(char title[]) {
WebPage* newPage = (struct WebPage*)malloc(sizeof(struct WebPage));
strcpy(newPage->title, title);
                              current = newPage;
  if (current == NULL) {
                                                      newPage->next = newPage;
// Make it point to itself in a circular list.
  } else {
               newPage->next = current->next;
current->next = newPage;
                              current =
newPage;
  }
}
// Function to delete the current web page
void deletePage() {    if (current == NULL)
      printf("No web page to delete.\n");
{
return;
  }
  struct WebPage* nextPage = current->next;
```



```
if (current == current->next) {
                                     free(current);
current = NULL;
} else {
            current->next = nextPage-
           free(nextPage);
>next;
  }
}
// Function to display the current web page
void displayCurrentPage() {    if (current ==
NULL) {
              printf("No current web
page.\n");
               printf("Current Page: %s\n", current-
  } else {
>title);
  }
}
           main()
int
insertPage("Home
                     Page");
insertPage("About
                       Us");
insertPage("Contact
                       Us");
displayCurrentPage(); //
```



Displays "Contact Us"

}

```
deletePage();  // Deletes "Contact Us"
displayCurrentPage();  // Displays "About Us"

deletePage();  // Deletes "About Us"
displayCurrentPage();  // Displays "Home Page"

return 0;
```

