Title On Cardiovascular Disease Mortality

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# Abstract

BACKGROUND:

Background words go here.

METHODS:

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RESULTS:

Results here

CONCLUSION:

Conclusion is concluded here.

# Introduction

Cardiovascular disease.

# Methods

## Enrollment methods

How many patients were enrolled.

## Data Collection

Data is collected via methods and imaging.

## Statistical analysis

Statistics are performed.

# Results

## Cohort description

The cohort is described.

## Outcomes

The outcomes are measured and analyzed.

# Discussion

## Cardiovascular Mortality

Mortality is a problem.

## Mechanisms

Cardiotoxic mechanisms.

## Strengths and Limitations

This is a description of strengths and limitations.

# Conclusion

The conclusion is made here.

# Tables

## Table 1: Population Overview

Table 1: Predictors of Early Onset Atrial Flutter.

| Characteristics | Overall, N = 921*1* | EO-AFL, N = 240*1* | LO-AFL, N = 681*1* |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Age (years) | 67 (14) | 58 (12) | 71 (13) |
| Male | 560 (61%) | 146 (61%) | 414 (61%) |
| Race |  |  |  |
| Asian | 25 (2.7%) | 5 (2.1%) | 20 (2.9%) |
| Black | 477 (52%) | 154 (64%) | 323 (47%) |
| Hispanic/Latinx | 145 (16%) | 26 (11%) | 119 (17%) |
| Unknown/Mixed | 72 (7.8%) | 21 (8.8%) | 51 (7.5%) |
| White | 202 (22%) | 34 (14%) | 168 (25%) |
| Family History of Arrhythmias | 87 (9.6%) | 31 (13%) | 56 (8.3%) |
| Smoker | 365 (41%) | 101 (44%) | 264 (40%) |
| ETOH Abuse | 248 (28%) | 79 (35%) | 169 (26%) |
| BMI (kg/m^2) | 30 (25, 36) | 32 (27, 38) | 29 (25, 36) |
| Diabetes Mellitus | 368 (40%) | 98 (42%) | 270 (40%) |
| Hypertension | 740 (81%) | 183 (78%) | 557 (82%) |
| Coronary Artery Disease | 220 (24%) | 52 (22%) | 168 (25%) |
| Obstructive Sleep Apnea | 170 (19%) | 54 (23%) | 116 (17%) |
| Cerebrovascular Disease | 122 (13%) | 24 (10%) | 98 (14%) |
| Peripheral Vascular Disease | 52 (5.7%) | 13 (5.5%) | 39 (5.8%) |
| Heart Failure with Reduced Ejection Fraction | 327 (37%) | 92 (41%) | 235 (36%) |
| *1*Mean (SD); n (%); Median (IQR) | | | |
| Bolded cells show significant difference between groups. EO-AFL = early onset atrial flutter; LO-AFL = late-onset atrial flutter. | | | |

## Table 2 - Mortality

# Figures

## Figure 1: Figures

## Figure 2: Curves

# Supplementary Material

## Supplementary Table 1: Title

# References

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