

# 22103 (MOCK)

Total points 26/40 ?

Time:1 hour, Marks:30

Attempt any 30 questions.

1 mark each question

Subject : BASIC MATHEMATICS

The respondent's email address (**ao2020.krish.shah@ves.ac.in**) was recorded on submission of this form.

0 of 0 points

Roll no: \*

5

Enrollment no: \*

2000040104

Program Code:

A01I

Multiple Choice Questions

26 of 40 points

Attempt the following Question:



✓ Mean deviation is define as.....

1/1

$$\frac{\sum f_i |d_i|}{N}$$

$$\sum \frac{f_i}{n}$$

☒ Option 1



☐ Option 2

☐ none

$$\sum \frac{f_i}{n} \times 100$$

☐ Option 3

✗ If  $\sin A = 3/5$  and angle "A" line in 3rd quadrant find value of  $\tan A$ .

0/1

☒ 2/3



☐ 4/3

☐ 3/4

☐ -3/4



✓ The dimensions of a metallic cuboid are 100cmx80cmx64cm.It is melted 1/1 and recast into a cube.Find the surface area of the cube.

- ☒ [38400sq.cm](#)
- ☐ [38000sq.cm](#)
- ☐ [39500sq.cm](#)
- ☐ 40000 [sq.cm](#)



0/1

simplify  $\cos\left[\frac{7\pi}{13}\right] + \cos\left[\frac{6\pi}{13}\right]$

- ☐ 1
- ☐ 0
- ☐ -1
- ☒ 2



✓ The area of ring formed by two concentric circles is 346.5 sq.cm.If the circumference of the inner circle is 88cm, then find radius of outer circle. 1/1

- ☐ 19 cm
- ☐ 20 cm
- ☒ 17.5 cm
- ☐ 21 cm
- ☐ Other: .....



1/1

Factories	Average wages[weekly]	std.deviation
A	34.5	5
B	28.5	4.5

WHICH FACTORY IS MORE CONSISTANT? ☐

- ☒ Factory A
- ☐ Factory B
- ☐ Factory A and B both
- ☐ none



✖ Find the distance between the parallel lines  $3x + 2y - 6 = 0$  and  $3x + 2y - 12 = 0$ . 0/1

$$\frac{6}{\sqrt{13}}$$

☐ Option 1

$$\frac{-6}{\sqrt{13}}$$

☒ Option 2



$$\frac{-5}{\sqrt{13}}$$

☐ Option 3

$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{13}}$$

☐ Option 4





1/1

If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$  then cofactor of x is...

☒ -2



☐ -3

☐ 4

☐ 1

✗ The total surface area of a cuboidal cement concrete slab is 608sq.m. If the length of the slab is 30 m and height 10cm. find its breadth. 0/1

☐ 1m

☐ 15m

☒ 20m



☐ 10 m



✓ Find value of x and y satisfying the following equation

1/1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & x & 0 \\ y & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 6 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- ☐ x=-2 and y=1
- ☐ x=-1 and y=2
- ☐ x=2 and y=1
- ☒ x=1 and y=2



✗ Evaluate  $[\sin 2A] / [1 + \cos 2A] = \dots$

0/1

- ☐  $\cos A$
- ☐  $\sin A$
- ☐  $\tan A$
- ☒  $\cot A$



✗ find x using cramer's rule from the following given equations  $x + z = 0, 2x + 3y + 3z = 5, x + 3y = 5$  0/1

- ☒ 1
- ☐ 0
- ☐ -1
- ☐ 2



✓ Find the length of perpendicular from (3,4) to the line  $3x+4y=7$

1/1

- ☒ 18/5
- ☐ 5/18
- ☐ 9/5
- ☐ none



✓ simplify  $\log[9/14]-\log[15/16]+\log[35/24]=$

1/1

- ☒ 0
- ☐ 1
- ☐ -1
- ☐ 2



1/1

Simplify  $\tan^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{11}\right] + \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{5}{6}\right] =$

- ☐ 30 degree
- ☐ 60 degree
- ☒ 45 degree
- ☐ 90 degree







0/1

If matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$  then  $A^2 = \dots$

- ☐ Identity matrix
- ☒ scalar matrix
- ☐ null matrix
- ☐ invrse matrix



✓ Find the height of a cylinder whouse radius is 7cm and the total surface area is 968 [sq.cm](#) 1/1

- ☐ 12 cm
- ☐ 10 cm
- ☒ 15 cm
- ☐ 8 cm



✓ A cylinder has a hemispherical ends having radius 14 cm and height 50 cm. Find the total surface area. 1/1

- ☐ 6400 [sq.cm](#)
- ☐ 6800 [sq.cm](#)
- ☒ 6864 [sq.cm](#)
- ☐ 7000 [sq.cm](#)



✓ simplify;  $[\sin 3A - \sin A] / [\cos 3A + \cos A]$

1/1

- ☐  $\sin A$
- ☐  $\cos A$
- ☐  $\cot A$
- ☒  $\tan A$



1/1

Resolve into partial fraction if  $\frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x+1}$

- ☐  $A = -1$  and  $B = -1$
- ☐  $A = 2$  and  $B = 1$
- ☐  $A = 1$  and  $B = 1$
- ☒  $A = 1$  and  $B = -1$





0/1

$$\log\left[\frac{p^2}{qr}\right] + \log\left[\frac{q^2}{pr}\right] + \log\left[\frac{r^2}{pq}\right]$$

- ☒ 1
- ☐ 0
- ☐ 2
- ☐ -1



 If  $\tan A = 3$  and  $\tan B = 2$ , Find the value of  $\tan[2A + B]$

0/1

- ☐ 1/2
- ☐ 1/3
- ☐ 1/4
- ☒ -1/2
- ☐ Other: .....



✓ If mean is 82.5 and standard deviation is 7.3, find the coefficient of variance

1/1

☐ 8.900

☐ 8.888

☒ 8.848

☐ 8.001





1/1

If matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and matrix  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then  $2A - 3B = \dots$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 9 \\ -11 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

☒ Option 1



☐ Option 2

☐ NONE

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 9 \\ -11 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐ Option 3



✓ If  $\cos A = 1/2$ , find the value of  $\cos 3A$

1/1

☐ 2

☐ 1

☒ -1

☐ 0

☐ Other: .....



✓ A right circular cone has a slant height three times the radius of the base 1/1  
.If the area of the curved surface of the cone is 18.48 sq.cm .Find the  
radius of base.

☒ 1.4 cm

☐ 1.6 cm

☐ 1cm

☐ 2 cm



✓ If coefficient of variation of a distribution is 75percent. and standard deviation is 24, find its mean 1/1

- ☒ 32
- ☐ 30
- ☐ 35
- ☐ 31



0/1

1) If  $\tan[A/2] = 1/\sqrt{2}$  find  $\sin A$

- ☐  $[\sqrt{2}]/3$
- ☐  $[2\sqrt{2}]/3$
- ☐  $1/2$
- ☒ 2
- ☐ none





1/1

Simplify  $2\cos 75^\circ \cdot \cos 15^\circ$

- ☐ -1/2
- ☐ 1/3
- ☒ 1/2
- ☐ 0



✓ If  $\tan A = 1/2$  and  $\tan B = 1/3$  then  $\tan[A + B] = \dots\dots\dots$

1/1

- ☒ 1
- ☐ -1
- ☐ 0
- ☐ 3







1/1

Express in the form of partial fraction  $\frac{x^2+23x}{[x+3][x^2+1]}$

$$\frac{A}{[x+3]} + \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+1}$$

☒ Option 1



☐ Option 2

$$\frac{A}{[x+3]} + \frac{B+C}{x^2+1}$$

$$\frac{x}{[x+3]} - \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+1}$$

☐ Option 3

$$\frac{A}{[x+3]} - \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+1}$$

☐ Option 4





0/1

$$\tan^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{7}\right] + \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{13}\right]$$

$$\cot^{-1}\left[\frac{9}{2}\right]$$

☐ Option 1

$$\sin^{-1}\left[\frac{9}{2}\right]$$

☐ Option 2

$$\sec^{-1}\left[\frac{9}{2}\right]$$

☐ Option 3

$$\cos^{-1}\left[\frac{9}{2}\right] -$$

☒ Option 4

✗ Find the acute angle between the lines  $x - 2y + 5 = 0$  and  $7x + y - 10 = 0$ . 0/1

☒ -3

✗

☐ 3

☐ 2

☐ 1

✓ Find the equation of the line passing through (2,3) and having slope 5 units 1/1

☐  $x - y - 7 = 0$

☐  $5x + y = 4$

☐  $5x - y - 9 = 0$

☒  $5x - y - 7 = 0$

✓





1/1

If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 9 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$  Find  $A \cdot B$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 42 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐ Option 1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 42 \\ 97 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐ Option 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ 97 \end{bmatrix}$$

☒ Option 3



$$\begin{bmatrix} 52 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐ Option 4





1/1

Find range and coefficient of range



C.I	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	90-99
Fi	10	15	16	20	21	22	9	8


☐ R=80 and C.R=0.876

☐ R=80 and C.R= 0.721

☒ R=80 and C.R=0.672

☐ R=70 and C.R=400

☐ Other: .....

✗ Find k if the lines  $4y+3kx+5=0$  and  $5kx-3y+6=0$  are perpendicular to each other 0/1

☐ 2/3

☐ 3/2

☐ 4/3

☒ none


✓ Find std .deviation of the data 9,11,15,20,20

1/1

- ☐ 4
- ☒ 4.52
- ☐ 3.99
- ☐ 2.88



✗ Find principle value of

0/1

$$\cos^{-1}\left[\frac{-1}{2}\right] - \sin^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{2}\right] :$$

- ☐ 90 degree
- ☐ 120 degree
- ☐ 45 degree
- ☒ 30 degree



✓ If the mean is 82.5,standard deviation is 7.2 ,find the coefficient of variance.

1/1

- ☐ 2.33 percent
- ☐ 9.67 percent
- ☒ 8.727 percent
- ☐ 10.44 percent.



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