Program Name : Electronics Engineering Programme Group

Program Code : DE/EJ/ET/EN/EX/EQ/IS/IC/IE/AO

Semester : Fourth

Course Title : Microcontroller and Applications

Course Code : 22426

1. RATIONALE

Microcontroller is used in almost all the domestic, industrial, consumer goods and other high end products. Automation is used in every field of engineering and microcontroller is inbuilt element of these systems and devices. Diploma engineers have to deal with various microcontroller based systems and maintain them. This course is intended to develop the skills to maintain and solve the application problems related to microcontrollers.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Maintain microcontroller based systems.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following *industry oriented* COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- a. Analyse architecture of microcontroller ICs.
- b. Interpret the program for 8051in assembly language for the given operations.
- c. Interpret the program by using timer, interrupt and serial ports /parallel ports.
- d. Interface the memory and I/O devices to 8051 microcontroller.
- e. Maintain microcontrollerused in differentapplication.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

	Teaching Scheme				Examination Scheme											
			Credit (L+T+P)	The			Theory	Гћеогу				Practical			,	
L	T	P	(LTITE)	Paper	ES	SE	P	4	Tot	al	ES	SE	P	A	To	tal
				Hrs.	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
4	-	2	6	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20

(*): Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P -Practical; C – Credit, ESE -End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment.

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the

course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

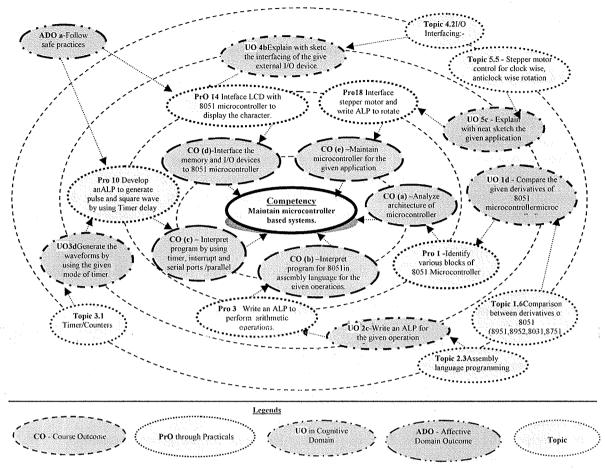


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency:

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Identify various blocks of 8051 microcontroller development board.	I	02*
2	Write sample assembly language program using various addressing modes and assembler directives.	I	02
3	Write an assembly language program (ALP) to perform arithmetic operations addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.	II	02
4	Write an ALP to transfer data from source to destination location of internal/external data memory.	II	02*
5	Write an ALP to find smallest/largest number from the given data bytes stored in internal/external data memory locations.	II	02
6	Write an ALP for arranging numbers in ascending /descending order stored in external memory locations.		02
7	Write an ALP to generate delay using register. $\frac{ S }{ S }$	IL	- 02*\S\
8	Write an ALP to transfer 8 bit data serially on serial port.	Î	.02 ලි

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
9	InterfaceLED with microcontroller and turn it ON with microcontroller interrupt.	III	02
10	Develop an ALP to generate pulse and square wave by using Timer delay.	III	02*
11	Interface 4 X 4 LED matrix with 8051 to display various pattern.	III	02*
12	Interface 7-segment display to display the decimal number from 0 to 9.	IV	02
13	Interfeerelay with microcontroller and turn it ON and OFF.	IV	02*
14	Interface LCD with 8051 microcontroller to display the character and decimal numbers.	IV	02*
15	Interface the given keyboard with 8051 and display the key pressed.	IV	02
16	Interface ADC with 8051 microcontroller and verify input/output.	IV	02*
17	Interface DAC with 8051 microcontroller and observefollowingwaveforms: square wave, triangular wave, sawtooth wave.	IV	02*
18	Interface stepper motor to microcontroller and rotate in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction at the given angles.	V	02*
	Total		36

Note

- i. A suggestive list of PrOs is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicial mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- ii. The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each PrO is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %				
1	Preparation of experimental set up	20				
2	Setting and operation	20				
3	Safety measures	10				
4	Observations and recording	10				
5	Interpretation of result and conclusion	20				
6	Answer to sample questions	10				
7	Submission of report in time	10				
	Total	100				

The above PrOs also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- a. Follow safe practices.
- b. Practice good housekeeping.
- c. Practice energy conservation.
- d. Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- e. Maintain tools and equipment.
- f. Follow ethical practices.



The ADOs are not specific to any one PrO, but are embedded in many PrOs. Hence, the acquisition of the ADOs takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Microcontroller kit :-single board systems with 8K RAM,ROM memory with	All
	battery back up,16X4,16 X2, LCD display,PC keyboard interfacing facility,	
:	Hex keypad facility, single user cross c-compiler,RS-232,USB, interfacing	
	facility with built in power supply or any other equivalent.	
2	Desktop PC with microcontrollersimulation software.	All
3	Stepper Motor, 50/100 RPM	18
4	CRO- Bandwidth AC 10Hz ~ 20MHz (-3dB). DC ~ 20MHz (-3dB), X10	17
	Probe	
5	Keyboard 4*4trainer board	15
6	Relay trainer board suitable to interface with 8051 trainer kit	13
7	4 X 4 LED matrix suitable to interface with 8051 trainer kit	
8	7-segment LED Display:- 0.56 in 1-digit, common anode/common cathode	12
9	ADC (0808)trainer board	16
10	DAC (0808)trainer board	17
11	LCD trainer board	14

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topicsare to betaught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics			
	(in cognitive domain)				
Unit – I	1a. Compare salient features	1.1 Microprocessor ,microcomputers,			
Basics of	microprocessor, microcontroller	and microcontrollers (basic			
Microprocesso	and microcomputer for the given	introduction and comparison)			
r and 8051	parameters.	1.2 Types of buses, address bus, data bus			
Microcontrolle	1b. Describewith sketches the	and control bus			
r	function of the specified blocks	1.3 Harvard and Von-neuman			
	of the thegiven type of	architecture; 8051			
	microcontroller architecture.	microcontroller:Architecture,Pin			
	1c. Explain with sketches memory	configuration, stack TEC memory organization			
	organization of 8051	organization organization			
	microcontroller.	1.4 Boolean processor, power sawing			
	1d. Compare the given derivatives	options - idle and power down			

Unit-II 2 8051 Instruction Set and programming 2 Unit III 2 Unit III 2	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain) of the 8051 microcontroller. 1e. Describe with sketches the procedure to troubleshoot the simple given microcontroller-based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly language program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with examples.	 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit-II 2 8051 Instruction Set and programming 2 Unit III 2 Unit III 2	of the 8051 microcontroller. 1e. Describe with sketches the procedure to troubleshoot the simple given microcontroller-based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly language program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	1.5 Derivatives of (8951,8952,8031,8751) 2.1 Addressing modes 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,crosscompiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit-II 2 8051 Instruction Set and programming 2 Unit III 2 Unit III 2	1e. Describe with sketches the procedure to troubleshoot the simple given microcontroller-based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	1.5 Derivatives of (8951,8952,8031,8751) 2.1 Addressing modes 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,crosscompiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit-II 2 8051 Instruction Set 2 and programming 2 Unit III 2	procedure to troubleshoot the simple given microcontroller-based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	(8951,8952,8031,8751) 2.1 Addressing modes 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,crosscompiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
8051 Instruction Set 2 and programming 2 Unit III	simple given microcontroller-based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly language program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	2.1 Addressing modes 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
8051 Instruction Set 2 and programming 2 Unit III	based circuit. 2a. Identify the addressing mode of the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
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8051 Instruction Set 2 and programming 2 Unit III	the given instruction. 2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	 2.2 Instruction set (Data transfer, Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
and programming 2 2 Unit III	2b. Describe the function of the given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	Logical, Arithmatic, Branching, Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross- compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
and programming 2 2 Unit III	given instruction with suitable examples. 2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	Machine control, Stack operation, Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross- compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
2 Unit III	examples. 2c. Write an assembly language program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	Boolean) 2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
2 Unit III	2c. Write an assembly languge program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	2.3 Assembly language programming (ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
2 Unit III	program(ALP) for the given operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	(ALP) 2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III	operation. 2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	2.4 Software development cycle:editor,assembler,cross-compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III	2d. Explain the function of the given software development tools.2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	cycle:editor,assembler,cross- compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III	given software development tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	compiler, linker,locator,compiler 2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III :	tools. 2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	2.5 Assembler Directives: ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III :	2e. Explain the use of the given assembler directives with	ORG,DB,EQU,END,CODE,DAT
Unit III :	assembler directives with	
l l		A state of the sta
l l		Part To an area of the
	3a. Write an ALP to generate a	3.1 Timer/Counters
8051 Timers,	delay for the given	
Interrupts,	crystalfrequencyfor the	
Serial and	specified waveform on the	programs on timer to generate
Parallel	given port	time delay
Communicatio 3	3b. Explain with sketch the	-
n	operation of the given mode for	programs on interrupts
	timer and counter.	3.3 Serialcommunication-SFRs:
	3c. Explain with sketch the	SCON,SBUF,PCON, Modes of
	operation of the given mode for	serial communication. Simple
	serial communication.	programson serial communication
3	3d. Generate the waveforms by	3.4 I/Oport structure and configuration
	using the given mode of timer.	P0,P1,P2,P3
	3e. Describe with sketches the	
	procedure to troubleshoot the	
	simple given timer circuit.	
Unit-IV	4a. Describe with sketch the	4.1 Memory interfacing :-Program
8051 Memory	interfacing of the given	and data memory
and I/O device	external memory.	4.2 I/O Interfacing:-LED, relays,
Interfacing	4b.Explain with sketch the	keyboard,LCD,seven segment
	interfacing of the given external	display, Stepper motor.
	I/O device.	4.3 Interfacing DAC - 0808 with
	4c. Write an assembly language	8051 and itssimple programming
	program to operate the given	
	I/O device.	8051 and its simple programming
	4d.Describe with	SERO OF TECK
	sketchestheinterfacing diagram	1897
	of the given ADC chip.	18/
<i>S</i>	4e. Describe with sketches the	163/ pm. 230000

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics			
	(in cognitive domain)				
	procedure to troubleshoot the				
	simple given I/O device.				
Unit– V	5a. Generate the specified	5.1 Square wave generation using			
Applications of	waveform using 8051 by the	port pins of 8051			
8051	given method.	5.2 Square and triangular Waveform			
Microcontrolle	5b. Control the given parameter	genertion using DAC			
r	using 8051 microcontronller.	5.3 Water level controller			
	5c. Explain with sketch the given	5.4 Temperature controller using			
	applicationwhich uses	ADC(0808/09).			
	thespecified microcontroller.	5.5 Stepper motor control for clock			
	5d. Program 8051 for the given	wise, anticlock wise rotation			
	application.	5.6 Traffic light controller			
	5e. Describe with sketches the				
	procedure to troubleshoot the				
	simple given microcontroller-				
	based application.				

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' and above of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FORQUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Unit Title		Distribution of Theory Man			Marks
No.	No.		R	U	\mathbf{A}	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
I	Basics of Microprocessor and 8051	16	04	06	08	18
	Microcontroller					
II	8051 Instruction Set and	12	02	04	06	12
	programming					
III	8051 Timers, interrupts, serial and	14	04	04	08	16
	parallel communication		:			
IV	8051 Memory and I/O device	12	02	04	06	12
	Interfacing					
V	Applications of 8051 Microcontroller	10	02	04	06	12
	Total	64	14	22	34	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy) Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare

reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a. Prepare journals based on practical performed inlaboratory.
- b. Follow the safety precautions.
- c. Give seminar on relevant topic.
- d. Library/Internet survey regarding different data books and manuals.
- e. Prepare power point presentation on applications of microcontroller.
- f. Undertake a market survey of different microcontrollers.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a. Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b. 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- c. About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- d. With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- f. Demonstrate students thoroughly before they start doing the practice.
- g. Encourage students to refer different websites to have deeper understanding of thecorse.
- h. Observe continuously and monitor the performance of students in Lab.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be individually undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should not exceed three.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than 16 (sixteen) student engagement hours during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs. Micro project report may be of four to five pages.

A suggestive list of micro-projects are given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a. Prepare a chart of various features using data sheets of 8051 microcontroller and its derivatives.
- b. Prepare a chart of stepper motor to display its features and steps for its operations using data sheets.

- c. Prepare a chart of various features and operations of temepature sensors using data sheets.
- d. Prepare a chart of various types of ADC and DAC to display its features and pin functions using data sheets.
- e. Prepare a chart of various types of LCDs to display its features,pin functions and steps of operations using data sheets.
- f. Prepare a chart of various types of seven segment displays,keyboard to display its features and steps for its operations using data sheets.
- g. Build a circuit using 8051 microcontroller to blink LED.
- h. Build a circuit using 8051 microcontroller to blink LED in ring fashion.
- i. Build a circuit to turn the buzzer ON after 10 seconds.
- j. Build a circuit to turn the buzzer ON after a key pressed.
- k. Build a circuit to display number 0 to 9 with a given delay.
- 1. Build a class period bell using microcontroller.
- m. Build a room temperature measurement circuit using microcontroller.
- n. Build a circuit to generate square waveform using DAC and microcontroller.
- o. Build stepper motor controller using microcontrollers.
- p. Build traffic light controller for specified delay.
- q. Build a water level controller for given parameters.
- r. Identify the advanced microcontrollers such as rasberipi, arduino
- s. Build application based on advanced microcontroller such as rasberipi, arduing

Note: Use appropriate software for programming. Build the circuit on PCB. Faculty may suggests other than above metionedmicroprojects.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	8051 Microcontroller Architecture, Programming and Application	Kenneth J.Ayala	PHI Learning New Delhi,July 2004, ISBN: 978-1401861582
2	Microcontroller Theory and Application	Ajay V.Deshmukh	McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011, ISBN-9780070585959
3	Microcontrollers Principle and Application	AjitPal	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2014, ISBN: 978-81-203-4392-4
4	The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded system Using Assembly and C	Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi,Roli n D.Mckinlay	Pearson /Prentice Hall, , 2 ^{nd.} edition, Delhi,2008, ISBN 978-8177589030
5	Microcontroller Architecture Programming, Interfacing and System Design	Raj Kamal	Pearson Education, Delhi, 2012, ISBN:9788131759905
6	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	Sunil Mathur, JeebanandaPanda	PHI Learning,NewDelhi, 2016,ISBN:978-81-203-5231-5
7	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers:Architecture programming and System Design	Krishna Kant	PHI Learning New Dellis Chi 2016, ISBN: 978; 81-203-4853-0

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. Simulation software:-www.keil.com
- b. Microcontroller:- www.faqs.org/microcontroller
- c. Microcontroller:- www.nptel.ac.in/courses/Webcourse-contents/IITKANPUR/microcontrollers/micro/ui /Course_home2_5.htm
- d. Memory:- www.slideshare.net/aismahesh/memory-8051
- e. 8051 microcontroller:- www.intorobotics.com/8051-microcontroller-programming-tutorials- simulators-compilers-and-programmers/
- f. Microcontroller instructions:www.electrofriends.com/articles/electronics/microcontroller-electronics-articles/80518951/80518951-microcontroller-instruction-set/
- g. Microcontroller:- www.ikalogic.com/part-1-introduction-to-8051-microcontrollers
- h. Microcontroller:- www.binaryupdates.com/switch-with-8051-microcontroller/
- i. Software:-www.edsim51.com
- j. Microcontroller:- www.mikroe.com/chapters/view/64/chapter-1-introduction-to-microcontrollers/
- k. Microcontroller project:- www.8051projects.net/download-c4-8051-projects.html

