

## VESP Vision

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Program Code:-AO2I,EE2I

Course Name:-Applied Science(Physics)

Course Code : -22211

Course coordinator: Mrs. Deepa Gupte

Date: 1/4/21



Unit No:1

Unit Name: Electricity and Capacitance

Unit Outcomes (UO1e): Explain the principle of potentiometer

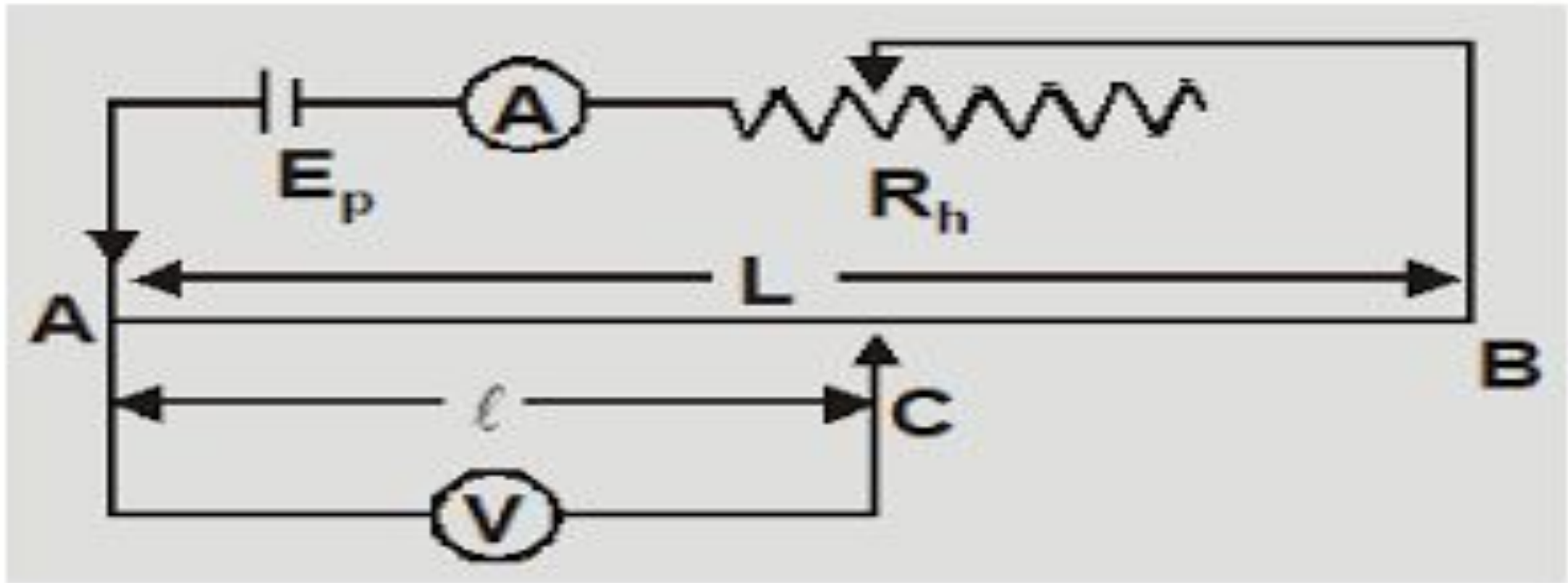
Learning Outcome (LO5) : Students will be able to explain principle of potentiometer



- ▶ Students will be explain principle of potentiometer



# Potentiometer Working Principle



# Principle of Potentiometer

## Potentiometer:

### Principle:

$$V = I R$$

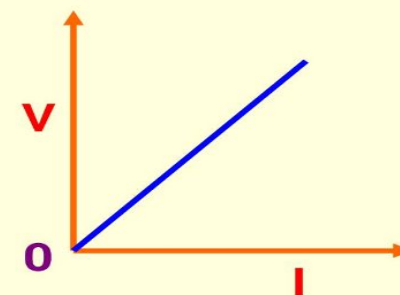
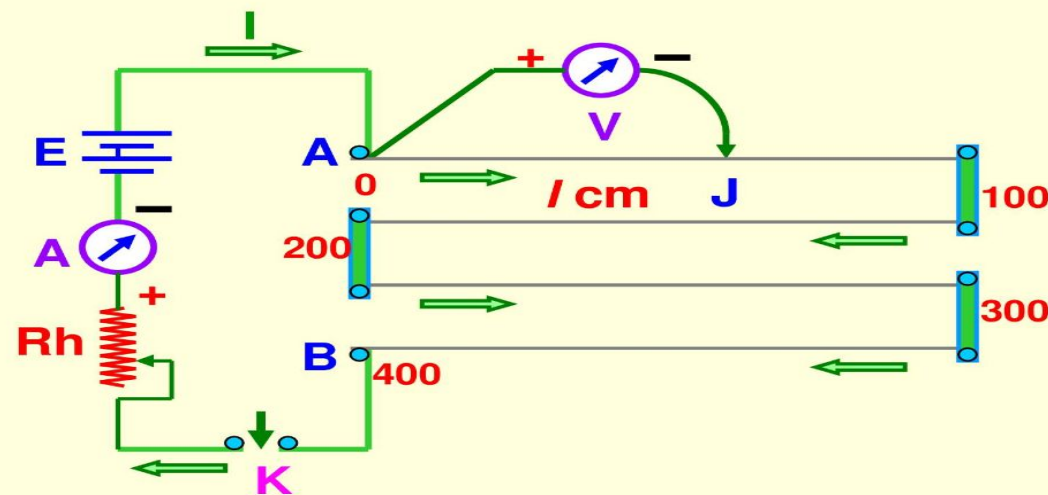
$$= I \rho l / A$$

If the constant current flows through the potentiometer wire of uniform cross sectional area (A) and uniform composition of material ( $\rho$ ), then

$$V = KI \quad \text{or} \quad V \propto I$$

$V / I$  is a constant.

The potential difference across any length of a wire of uniform cross-section and uniform composition is proportional to its length when a constant current flows through it.



# Potential Gradient

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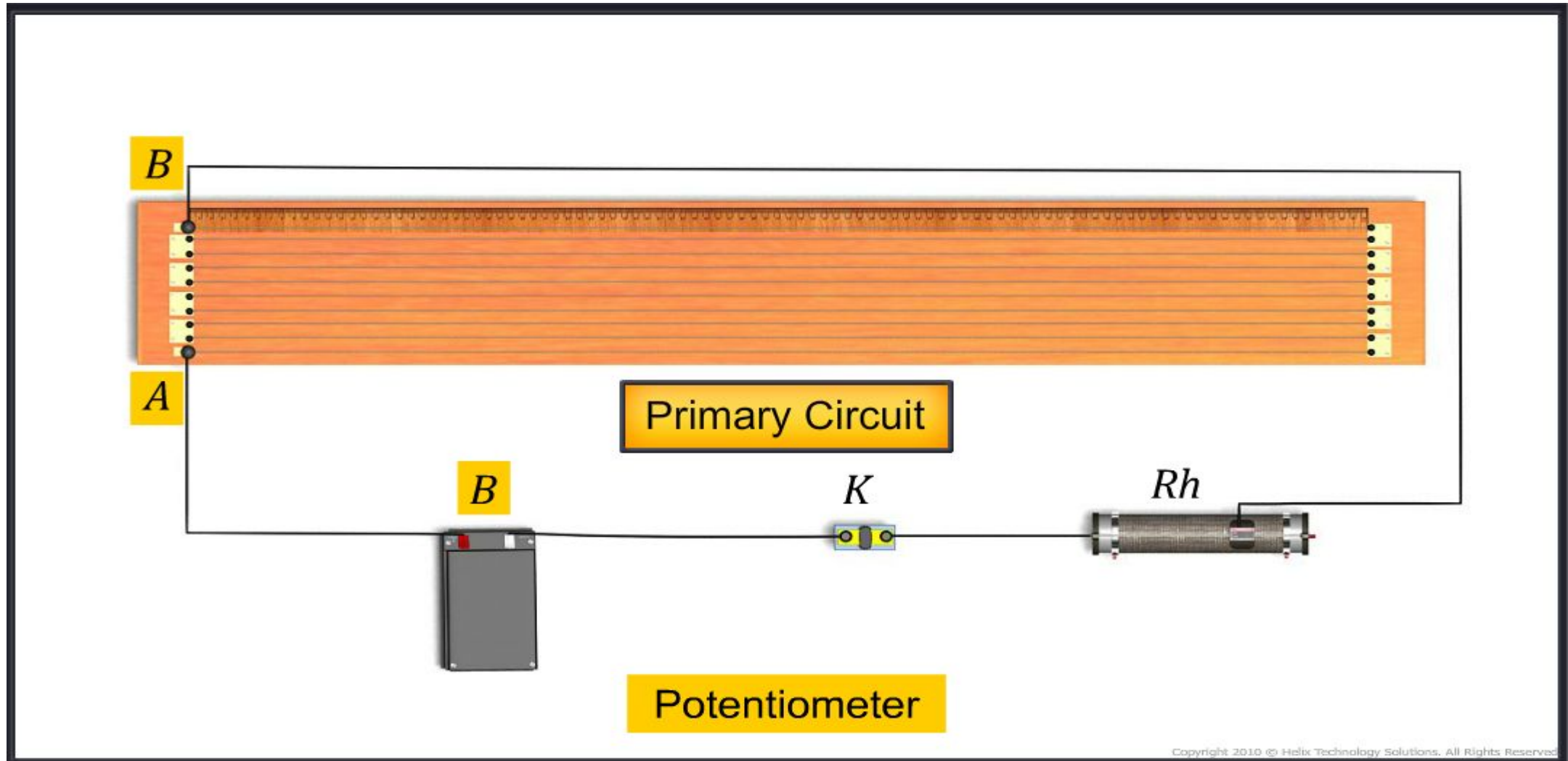


potential drop per unit length of the wire is known as potential gradient. i.e,  $k=V/L$

S.I. unit is volt/m

CGS unit is Volt/cm

# Potentiometer



- To measure e.m.f of a cell.
- To compare e.m.fs of two cells.
- To measure internal resistance of a cell.



# Circuit to determine internal resistance of a cell

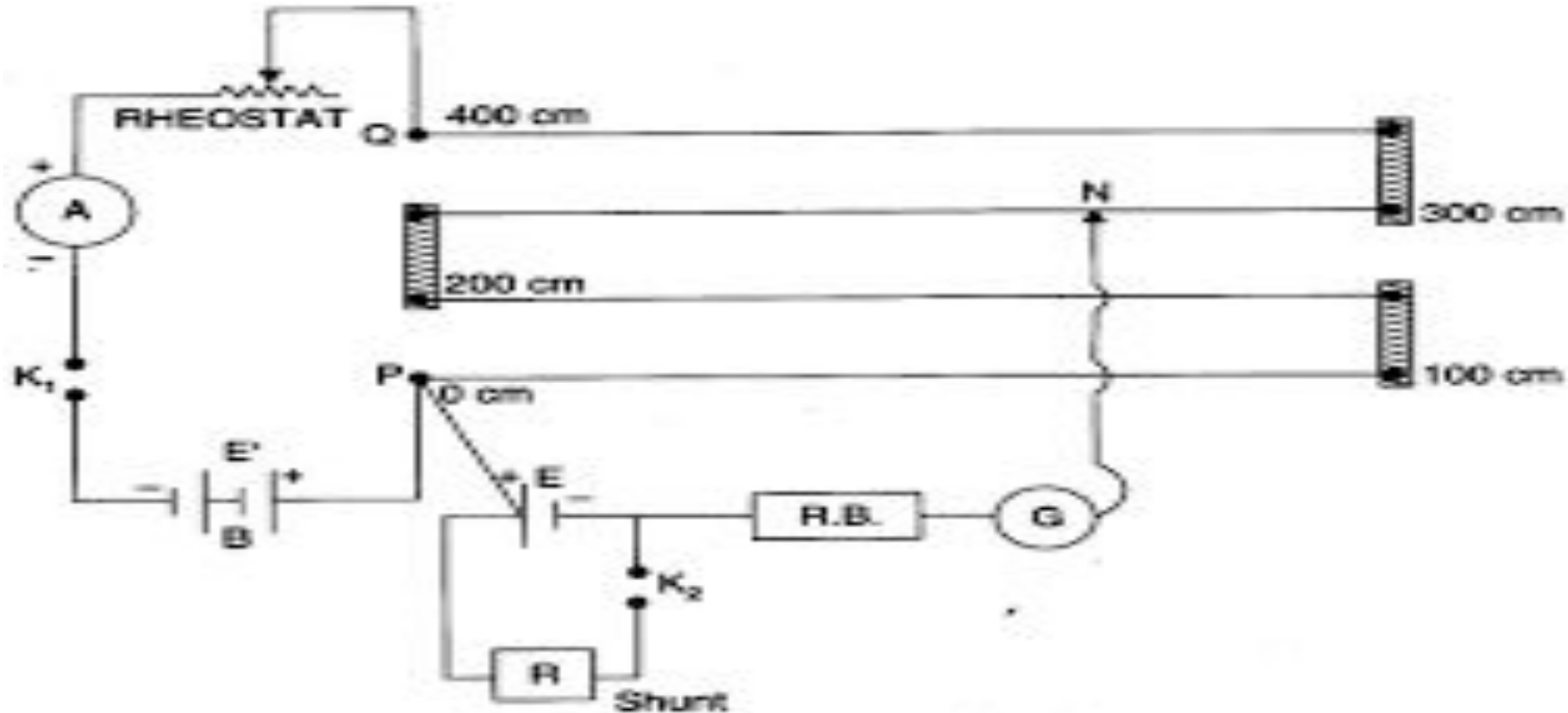
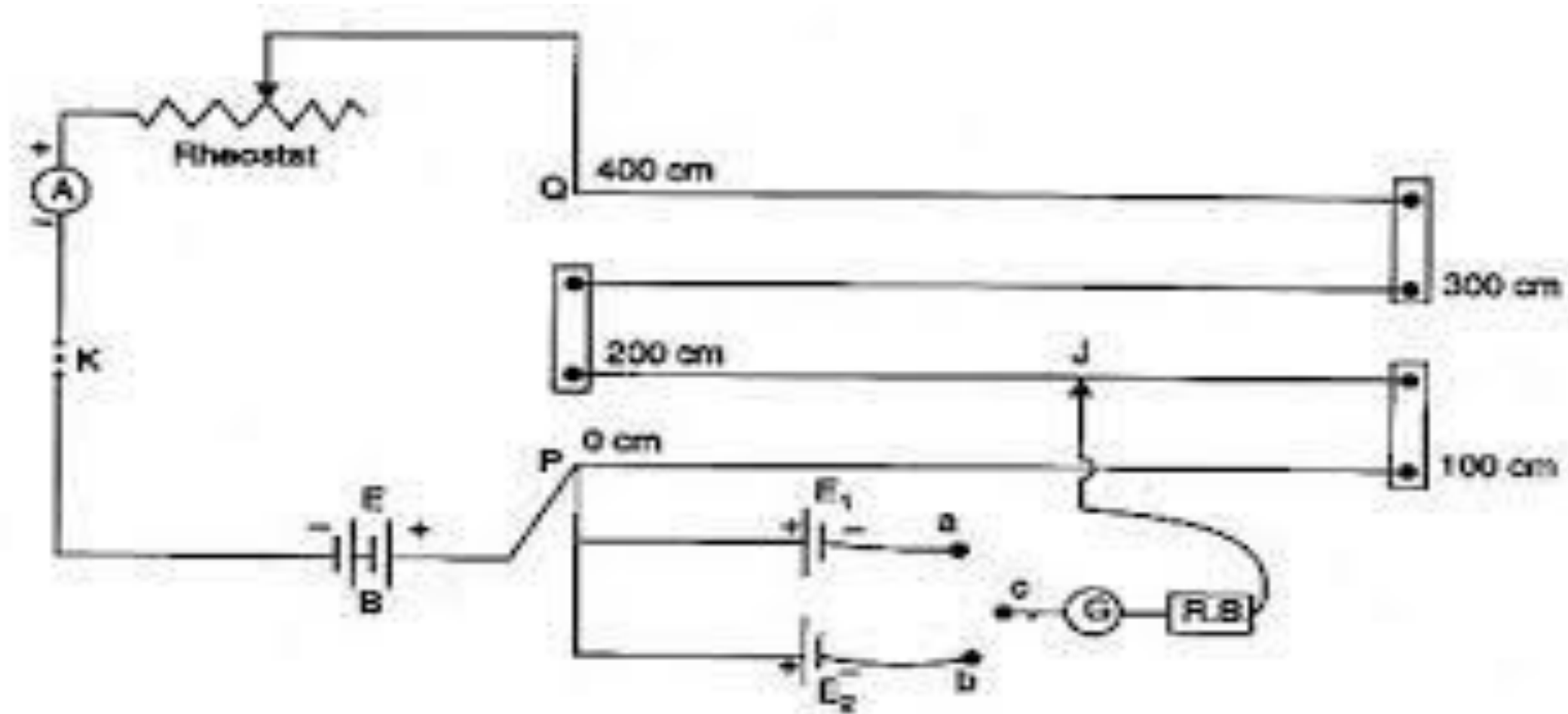


Fig. Internal resistance of a cell.

# Circuit to compare e.m.f. of two cells



# Potentiometer

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To compare emf of two cells  $E_1/E_2 = L_1/L_2$

Internal resistance  $r = R(L_1 - l_2)/L_2$

A potentiometer wire is 10 m long and a potential difference of 5 V is maintained between its ends. Find the e.m.f. of a cell which balances against a length of 180 cm of the potentiometer wire.

Solution: Given:  $K = (5 / 1000) \text{ V/cm}$

$K = (1 / 200) \text{ V/cm}$ ,  $L = 180 \text{ cm}$

To find: e.m.f. of the cell

Formula:  $E = K L$

Calculation: From formula,  $E = (1 / 200) \times 180$

$E = 0.9 \text{ V}$

Ans: The e.m.f. of the cell is 0.9 V