Chapter 01

Basics

of
HTML
Hyper Text
Markup
Language



Chap 01: Introduction to HTML

- Introduction to HTML
- HTML Editors
- HTML Basic Structure
- HTML Tags
- HTML Attributes
- HTML Headings and Paragraph
- HTML Comments
- HTML Quotations

Introduction to HTML

What is HTML?

- HTML stands for Hyper Text Markup Language
- InventorTim Berners-Lee in 1993
- Used to create web pages, website, web structure, web layout
- Work with tags (</>)
- To write headings and paragraphs with formatting, inserting images, videos, audios,
 creating layout of website etc can be achieved by HTML

Introduction to HTML

Example: <!DOCTYPE html> **└**<html> <head> <title>Website title</title> </head> ✓<body> <h1>Heading... JafriCode</h1> Paragraph..JafriCode is the website, you can learn Web Designing **∨** </body> </html>

Result:

Heading... JafriCode

Paragraph..JafriCode is the website, you can learn Web Designing

HTML Editors

HTML Editors

To write HTML Coding, we have to use a specific editor, in which we write HTML Code.

Examples:

- Notepad
- Notepad++
- Sublime Text 3
- Visual studio code
- Dreamweaver

HTML Basic Structure

<!DOCTYPE html> √html> <head> <title>Page Title</title> <body> <h1>It show a heading</h1> It show a paragraph. //html>

HTML Tags

HTML Tag:

Tags are specific way to write HTML elements to display required result its is keyword containing </> symbols.

Two types of HTML tag

- Pair tag
- Unpaired tag

Pair Tag:

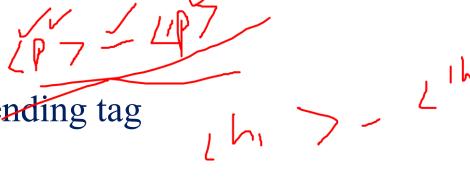
Unpaired Tags:

HTML Elements

What is an HTML Element?

HTML tag show a HTML element

Element start from starting tag and end with at ending tag



Start tag ----- Element content ---- End tag

For example h1, h2, p, img, etc.

<h2>It is the Element content</h2>

In the above line of code, <h2> is the start tag, </h2> is the end tag and "It is the Element content" is the content

HTML Elements

Nested Elements

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
✓<html>
              <title>Page Title</title>
       </head>
       <body>
              <h1>It show a heading</h1>
            It show a paragraph.
       </body>
```

HTML Source Code

How to View HTML Source?

Two methods to see source code:

4-

- Ctrl + u
- Right click on blank area, select view page source from the menu

HTML Attributes



HTML Attributes

Attribute give more information about Element, for example to give color, font size, font style, to heading.

Attribute have attribute name and its value:

Example

<h1 attribute_name:"attribute value">How are you!</h1>

Examples:

bgcolor, background, width, height, dir, src, alt, style, title

HTML Headings

HTML Headings:

- To create heading in your article, use heading tag
- It help to create SEO friendly heading
- We can use heading and sub headings in the article
- It is the block level element
- Every heading will start from new line

Examples:

- <h1>JafriCode1</h1>
- <h2>JafriCode2</h2>
- <h3>JafriCode3</h3>
- <h4>JafriCode4</h4>
- <h5>JafriCode5</h5>
- <h6>JafriCode6</h6>

HTML Paragraph

HTML Paragraph:

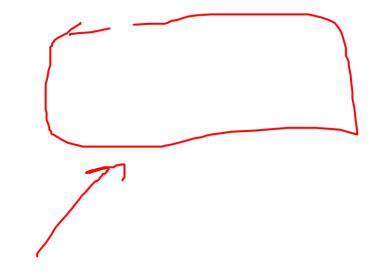
-
- New Line
- Block Level Element
- Top Bottom Margin
- Ignore extra spaces

JafriCode is the Best platform to learn Web related Tutorials

HTML Comments

HTML Comments

- Not display on the browser
- For the developer not for the user
- To write extra about code
- To give extra information about the code



HTML Comments Syntax

Syntax:

<!-- Write your comments here -->

HTML Quotations

HTML Quotations tags

<blook
quote> and <q>

-

 diockquote

 used to quote a section
- <q> used to give quotation to string