

23/3/2023

## Undecidable problems

Problems ask questions about Turing machines.  
(programs)

- Halting
- Membership (of  $\epsilon$ , of an input  $x$ )
- Emptiness ( $L \stackrel{?}{=} \emptyset$ )
- Universality ( $L \stackrel{?}{=} \Sigma^*$ )
- Is it regular?
- Is it a CFL?
- Is it recursive?
- Will it reach a state (designated) on a given input?

Undecidability of PCP:

$\Sigma$  - finite alphabet.

Dominos that are over  $\Sigma^*$ , a finite set.

Dominos:  $\begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $w_1, w_2 \in \Sigma^*$

Eg:

$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} b \\ ca \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} a \\ ab \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} ca \\ a \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} abc \\ c \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

Trial 1:  $\begin{bmatrix} \boxed{a} & \boxed{abc} \\ \boxed{ab} & \boxed{c} \end{bmatrix} \rightsquigarrow \begin{matrix} aabc \\ \neq \\ abc \end{matrix}$

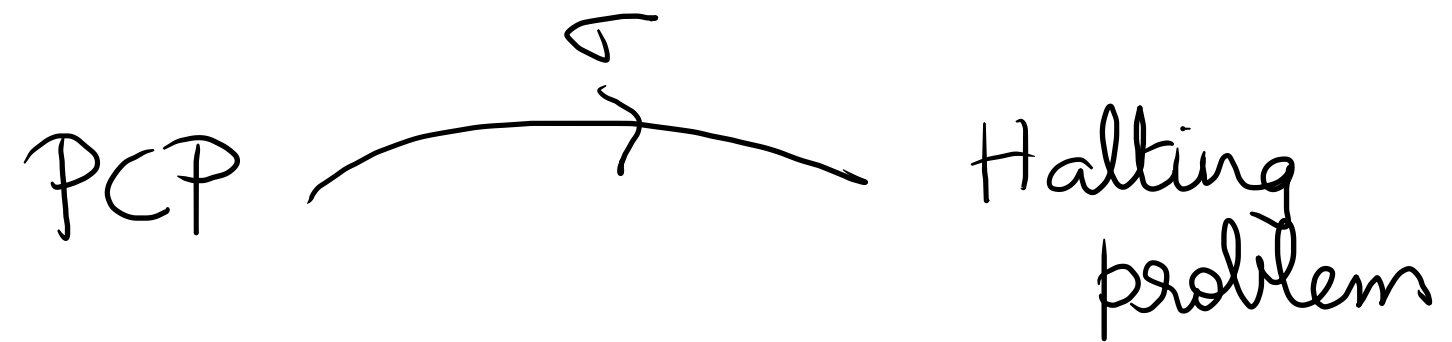
Trial 2:

$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ ab \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b \\ ca \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} ca \\ a \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ ab \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} abc \\ c \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{matrix} abcaabc \\ abcaabc \end{matrix}$

Match  
😊

We use reductions to show undecidability of PCP.



Given an (arbitrary) instance of the halting problem  $\langle M, w \rangle$ , we construct an (specific) instance of PCP  $P'$  such that

$P'$  has a match iff  $M$  halts on  $w$ .

Given  $M, \omega$ , a run of  $M$  on  $\omega$  is a sequence of configurations

$$(q, \omega = a_0 a_1 \dots a_n, 1)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \delta(q, a_0) = (p, x, R)$$

$$(p, x a_1 \dots a_n, 2)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \delta(p, a_1) = (p', y, R)$$

$$(p', x y a_2 \dots a_n, 3)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\vdots$$

PCP reduction illustrated by an example:

Let  $\Gamma = \{0, 1, 2, \sqcup\}$   $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$   $\sqcup$  - blank symbol

Input string  $w = 0100$ .

Transitions:  $\delta(q_0, 0) = (q_7, 2, R)$

$\delta(q_7, 1) = (q_5, 0, R)$

$\delta(q_5, 0) = (q_0, 2, L)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \sqcup \\ \sqcup \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} q_0 0 \\ 2 q_7 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} q_7 1 \\ 0 q_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 q_5 0 \\ q_0 0 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 q_5 0 \\ q_0 1 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 q_5 0 \\ q_0 2 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sqcup q_5 0 \\ q_0 \sqcup 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Initial configuration is

$(q_0, \underset{\uparrow}{0}100, 1) \rightarrow (q_7, 2, \underset{\uparrow}{1}00, 2)$

#  $q_0 0 1 0 0 \#$  2  $q_7 1$   $\rightarrow$   $\frac{1}{0 q_5}$   $\frac{0}{1}$   $\frac{0}{0}$   $\frac{\#}{\#}$   $\frac{2}{2}$   $\frac{0 q_5 0}{\dots}$

#  $q_0 0 1 0 0 \#$   $2 q_7$   $1 0 0 \#$   $\downarrow$   $\downarrow$   $\downarrow$   $\downarrow$

part 1 part 4 part 5 part 4

In the PCP instance, state is to the left of the symbol being read.