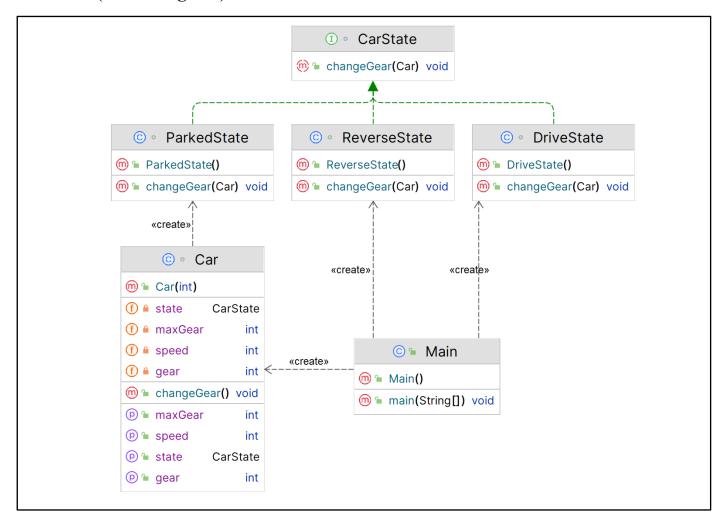
### **Assignment 12: State Design Pattern**

### What is State Design Pattern?

**State** is a behavioural design pattern that lets an object alter its behaviour when its internal state changes. It appears as if the object changed its class.

### **Structure (Class Diagram)**



# **Implementation (Code)**

```
// Interface for CarState
interface CarState {
    void changeGear(Car car);
}

// Concrete class for ParkedState
class ParkedState implements CarState {

public void changeGear(Car car) {
    // Car can only change gear when it's not parked
    System.out.println("Cannot change gear while car is parked.");
```

```
20CP210P
                                                                                                    21BCP359
 }
// Concrete class for DriveState
 class DriveState implements CarState {
     public void changeGear(Car car) {
     // Car can change gear to higher gear when driving at certain speed
     if (car.getSpeed() < 20) {
        System.out.println("Cannot change to higher gear when car is moving slowly.");
      } else if (car.getGear() >= car.getMaxGear()) {
        System.out.println("Cannot shift to higher gear, already in top gear.");
      } else {
        car.setGear(car.getGear() + 1);
        System.out.println("Changed gear to " + car.getGear());
// Concrete class for ReverseState
 class ReverseState implements CarState {
   public void changeGear(Car car) {
     // Car can only change to reverse gear when speed is 0
      if (car.getSpeed() > 0) {
        System.out.println("Cannot shift to reverse gear when car is moving forward.");
      } else {
        car.setGear(-1);
        System.out.println("Changed gear to reverse");
// Context class for Car
 class Car {
   private int speed;
   private int gear;
   private int maxGear;
   private CarState state;
   public Car(int maxGear) {
      this.speed = 0;
      this.gear = 0;
      this.maxGear = maxGear;
      this.state = new ParkedState();
```

20CP210P 21BCP359

```
public void changeGear() {
     this.state.changeGear(this);
  // Getters and setters for speed, gear, and maxGear
  public void setSpeed(int speed) {
     this.speed = speed;
  public int getSpeed() {
     return this.speed;
  public void setGear(int gear) {
     this.gear = gear;
  public int getGear() {
     return this.gear;
  public int getMaxGear() {
     return this.maxGear;
  // Method to set the state of the car
  public void setState(CarState state) {
     this.state = state;
}
// Example usage
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Car car = new Car(4);
     // Car starts in parked state
     car.changeGear(); // Output: "Cannot change gear while car is parked."
     // Car can shift to reverse gear when speed is 0
     car.setState(new ReverseState());
     car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to reverse"
```

20CP210P 21BCP359

```
// Car cannot shift to higher gear when moving slowly
car.setState(new DriveState());
car.setSpeed(10);
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Cannot change to higher gear when car is moving slowly."

// Car can shift to higher gear when moving at certain speed
car.setSpeed(25);
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to 0"
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to 1"
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to 2"
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to 3"
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Changed gear to 4"

// Car cannot shift to higher gear when already in top gear
car.changeGear(); // Output: "Cannot shift to higher gear, already in top gear"

}
```

#### Output

```
Cannot change gear while car is parked.
Changed gear to reverse
Cannot change to higher gear when car is moving slowly.
Changed gear to 0
Changed gear to 1
Changed gear to 2
Changed gear to 3
Changed gear to 4
Cannot shift to higher gear, already in top gear.
```

# **Applicability**

- 1. Use the **State pattern** when you have an object that **behaves differently** depending on its current state, the number of states is enormous, and the **state-specific code** changes frequently.
- 2. Use the pattern when you have a class polluted with massive conditionals that alter how the class behaves according to the current values of the class's fields.
- **3.** Use State when you have a lot of **duplicate code** across similar states and transitions of a condition-based **state machine**.