

Tutorial-4.

①

Q1 Find the dual of following expressions/functions.

(a) $AB + \overline{AC} + A\overline{BC}$

(b) $\overline{X}Z + \overline{X}Y + X\overline{Y}Z + YZ$

(c) $(A+B+E+F)(A+B+E+\overline{F})(\overline{A}+B+E+F)$

(d) $(\overline{X}+Y+Z)(X+\overline{Y}+\overline{Z})(X+Y+Z)(X+Y+\overline{Z})$

Q2 Reduce the expressions.

(a) $f_1 = A[B + \overline{C}(\overline{AB + AC})]$

(b) $f_2 = \overline{(A + BC)}(A\overline{B} + ABC)$

Q3 Show the following.

(a) $A\overline{B}C + B + B\overline{D} + AB\overline{D} + \overline{A}C = B + C$

(b) $AB + A\overline{B}C + B\overline{C} = AC + B\overline{C}$

Q4 Using truth table prove the following laws.

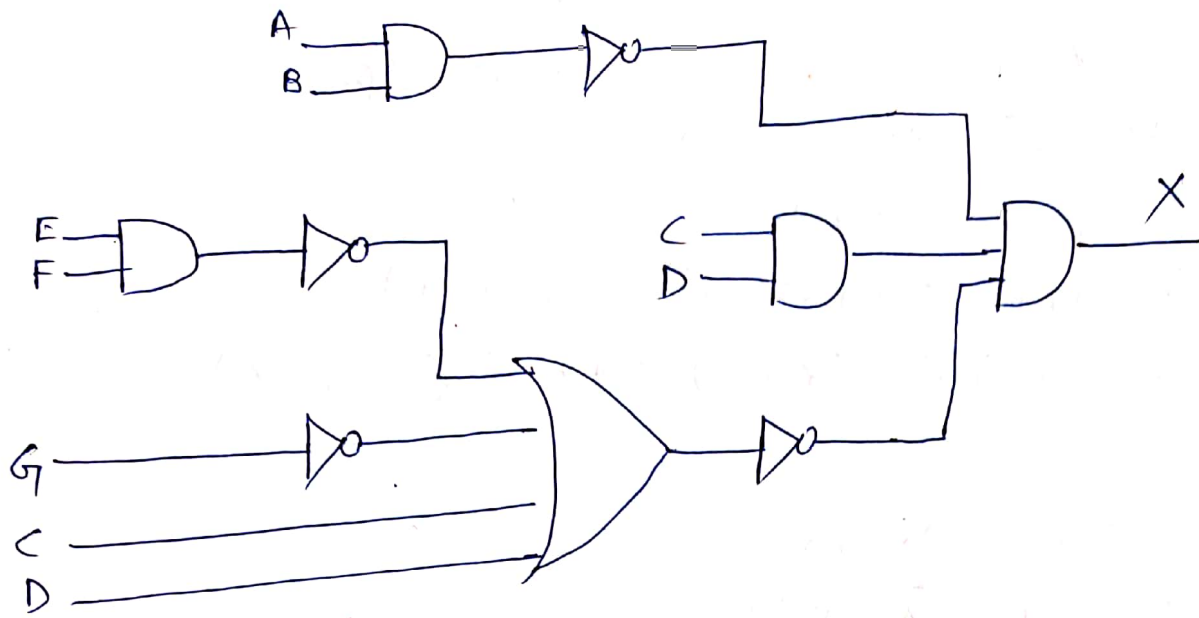
(a) $A + BC = (A+B)(A+C)$

(b) $(A+B)\overline{AB} = A \oplus B$

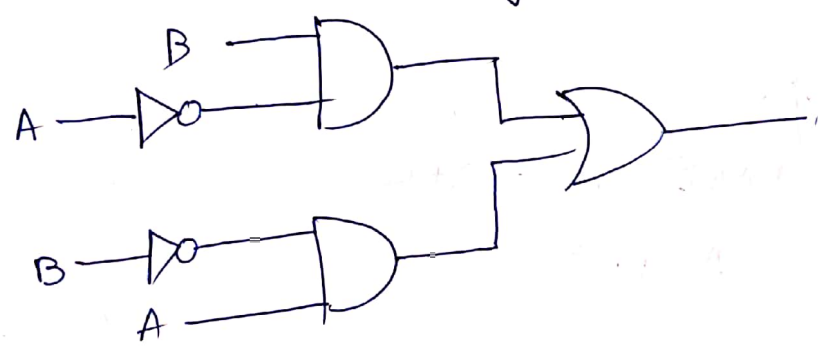
Q5 Convert the following boolean expression into logic gates. (Use only AND, OR, NOT gate)

$$\overline{AB} + A + \overline{B+C}$$

Q6 Convert the following logic diagram to its equivalent boolean expression(X).



Q7 Draw the following circuit using (a) NAND gates only.
(b) NOR gates only



Q8 Realize X-OR function using (a) NAND logic
(b) NOR logic.

Q9 How many gate inputs are required to realize the following expression? How many two-input AND and OR gates are required to implement the same in hardware.

- (a) $f_1 = ABC + \overline{A}BCD + EF + \overline{A}D$
 (b) $f_2 = A(B + C + \overline{D})(\overline{B} + C + \overline{E})(A + \overline{B} + C + E)$

$$Q1) (a) (A+B) (\overline{A+C}) (A+\overline{B}+C)$$

$$(b) (X+Z) (\overline{X}+Y) (X+\overline{Y}+Z) (Y+Z)$$

$$(c) AB\overline{E}F + A\overline{B}\overline{E}\overline{F} + \overline{A}\overline{B}EF$$

$$(d) \overline{X}YZ + X\overline{Y}\overline{Z} + XY\overline{Z} + X\overline{Y}Z$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q2) (a) \quad f_1 &= A[B + \overline{C}(\overline{AB + AC})] \\ &= A[B + \overline{C}(\overline{AB} \cdot \overline{AC})] \quad \text{De Morgan's law} \\ &= A[B + \overline{C}(\overline{A+B})(\overline{A+C})] \quad \text{De Morgan's law} \\ &= A[B + \overline{C}(\overline{A}\overline{A} + \overline{A}\overline{C} + \overline{B}\overline{A} + \overline{B}\overline{C})] \\ &= A[B + \overline{C}\overline{A} + \overline{C}\overline{A}\overline{C} + \overline{C}\overline{B}\overline{A} + \overline{C}\overline{B}\overline{C}] \\ &= A[B + \overline{C}\overline{A} + 0 + \overline{C}\overline{B}\overline{A} + 0] \\ &= AB + A\overline{C}\overline{A} + A\overline{C}\overline{B}\overline{A} \\ &= AB + 0 + 0 \\ &= AB \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad f_2 &= (\overline{A + BC})(\overline{AB} + ABC) \\ &= (\overline{A} \cdot \overline{BC})(\overline{AB} + ABC) \quad \text{De Morgan's law} \\ &= (\overline{A}BC)(\overline{AB} + ABC) \\ &= \overline{A}BC\overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{A}BCABC \\ &= \overline{A}\overline{A}B\overline{B}C + \overline{A}ABBCC \\ &= 0 + 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Q3)(a)

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \overline{A}B\overline{C} + B + B\overline{D} + AB\overline{D} + \overline{A}C \\
 &= \overline{A}B\overline{C} + \overline{A}C + B(1 + \overline{D} + A\overline{D}) \\
 &= C(\overline{A} + A\overline{B}) + B \\
 &= C(\overline{A} + A)(\overline{A} + \overline{B}) + B \\
 &= C\overline{A} + C\overline{B} + B \\
 &= (B + C)(B + \overline{B}) + C\overline{A} \\
 &= B + C + C\overline{A} \\
 &= B + C(1 + \overline{A}) \\
 &= B + C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad & AB + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + B\overline{C} \\
 &= A(B + \overline{B}C) + B\overline{C} \\
 &= A(B + \overline{B})(B + C) + B\overline{C} \\
 &= AB + AC + B\overline{C} \\
 &= AB(C + \overline{C}) + AC + B\overline{C} \\
 &= ABC + AB\overline{C} + AC + B\overline{C} \\
 &= AC(1 + B) + B\overline{C}(1 + A) \\
 &= AC + B\overline{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

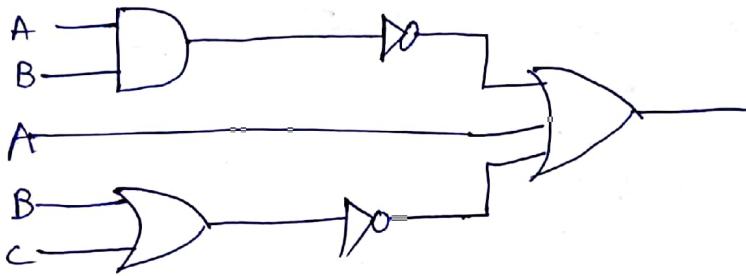
Q4)(a)

A	B	C	BC	A+BC	A+B	A+C	(A+B)(A+C)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

(b)

A	B	$A \oplus B$	$A + B$	AB	\overline{AB}	$(A+B)(\overline{AB})$
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	1	0	0

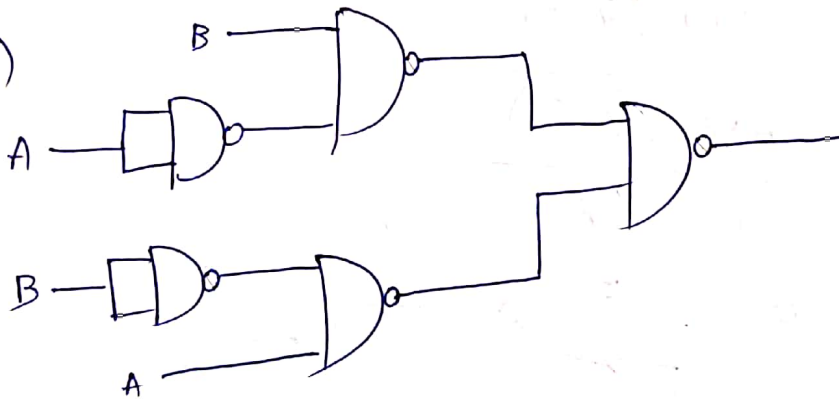
(3)

Q5Q6

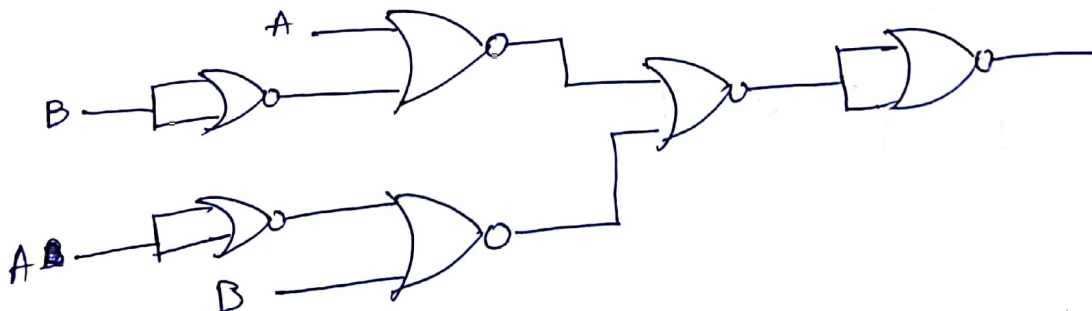
$$\overline{AB} \cdot (CD) \cdot \overline{(C+D+\overline{EF}+\overline{G})}$$

Q7

(a)



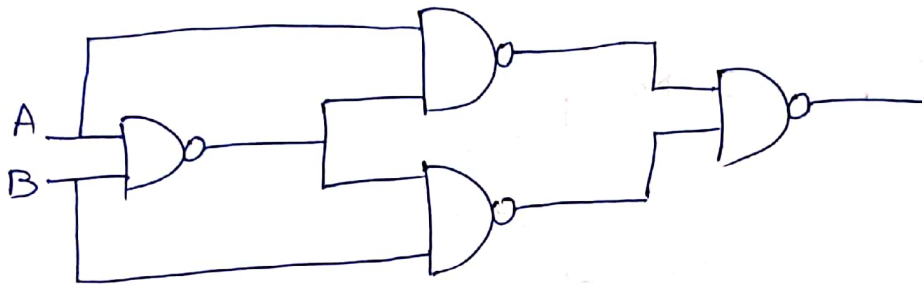
(b)



Q4) (a)

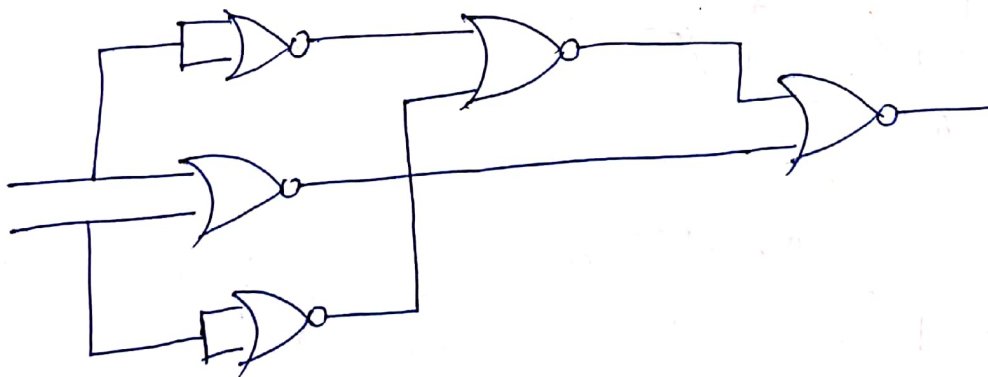
4

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B \\
 &= A\bar{A} + A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B + B\bar{B} \\
 &= A(\bar{A} + B) + B(\bar{A} + \bar{B}) \\
 &= \frac{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}{\phantom{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}} \\
 &= \frac{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}{\phantom{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}} \\
 &= \frac{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}{\phantom{A\bar{A}B + B\bar{A}B}}
 \end{aligned}$$



(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B \\
 &= A\bar{A} + A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B + B\bar{B} \\
 &= A(\bar{A} + B) + B(\bar{A} + \bar{B}) \\
 &= (A+B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B}) \\
 &= \frac{(A+B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B})}{\phantom{(A+B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B})}} \\
 &= \frac{(A+B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B})}{\phantom{(A+B)(\bar{A} + \bar{B})}}
 \end{aligned}$$



(a)

Count the AND i/p's = 11

Count the AND gates feeding the OR gate = 4

total gate i/p's = 15

of ^{2 i/p} AND gates = 7

of 2 i/p OR gates = 3

(b)

Count the OR i/p's = 10

Count the OR gates feeding the AND gate = 4

total gate i/p's = 14

of 2 i/p OR gates = 7

of 2 i/p AND gates = 3