Message Authentication Codes



Outline

- Message Authentication Codes
- MAC requirements and security

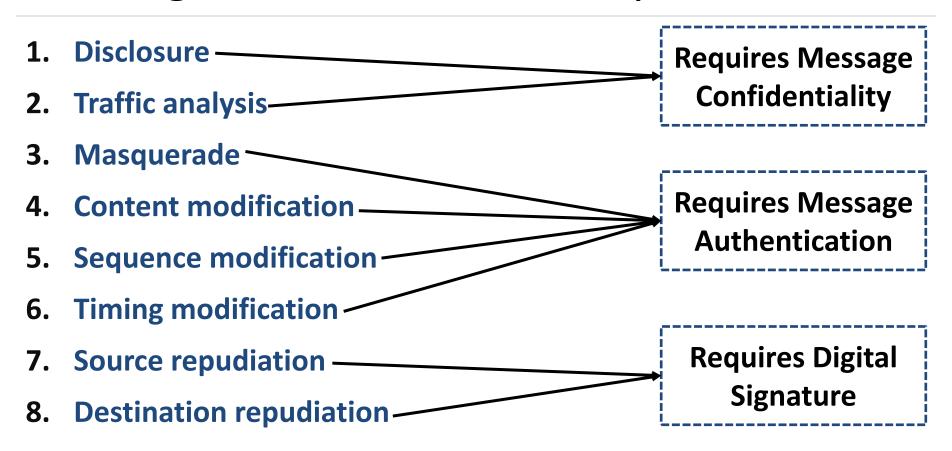
Message Authentication

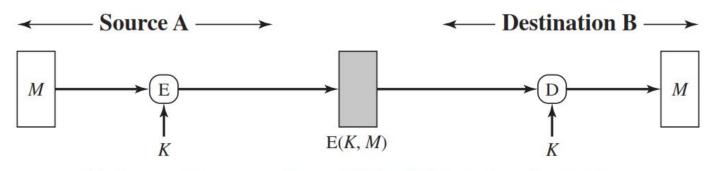
- Message authentication is a procedure to <u>verify</u> that received messages come from the genuine source and have not been altered.
- Message authentication <u>may also verify sequencing and</u> timeliness.
- Message authentication is a mechanism or service used to verify the integrity of a message.
- Message authentication assures that data received are exactly as sent (i.e., contain no modification, insertion, deletion, or replay).

Message Authentication Requirements

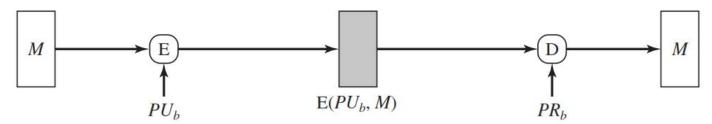
- 1. Disclosure: Disclosure of message contents
- 2. Traffic analysis: Discovery of the pattern of traffic between parties
- **3. Masquerade:** Insertion of messages into the network from a fraudulent source
- 4. Content modification: Changes to the contents of a message
- **5. Sequence modification:** Any modification to a sequence of messages between parties
- **6.** Timing modification: Delay or replay of messages
- 7. Source repudiation: Denial of transmission of message by source
- **8. Destination repudiation:** Denial of receipt of message by destination

Message Authentication Requirements

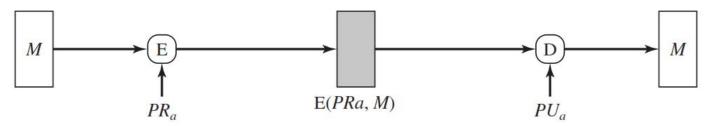




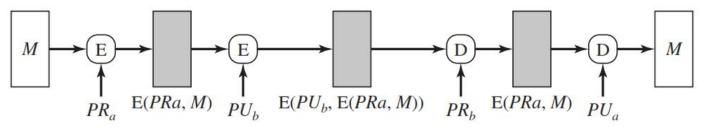
(a) Symmetric encryption: confidentiality and authentication



(b) Public-key encryption: confidentiality



(c) Public-key encryption: authentication and signature



(d) Public-key encryption: confidentiality, authentication, and signature