



INTERFACES IN JAVA

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Outline

- What is an Interface?
- Contents and Uses
- Relationship between classes and interfaces
- Interface Declaration
- Multiple Inheritance
- Interfaces can be Extended
- Explore

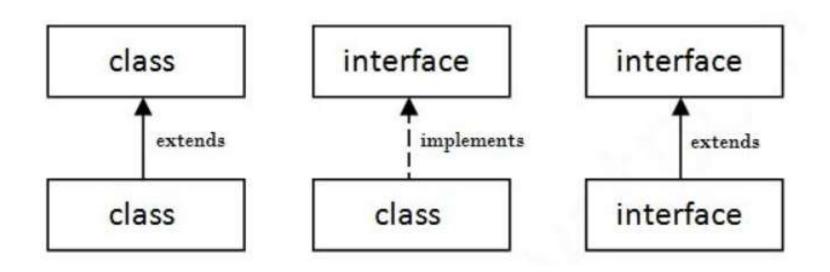
What is an Interface?

- A blueprint/framework of a class
- A mechanism to achieve abstraction
- Specifies set of methods to be implemented by one or more classes
 - A class that includes an interface must implement all the methods with public access
 - A class that includes an interface may have its own methods
- Cannot have a method body
- Represents the IS-A relationship
- Cannot be instantiated

Contents and Uses

- Interfaces contain
 - Variable (Public, static and final implicitly)- must be initialized
 - Abstract methods- implicitly public- may have parameters
- Interfaces are used to
 - Achieve abstraction
 - Multiple inheritance

Relationship between classes and interfaces

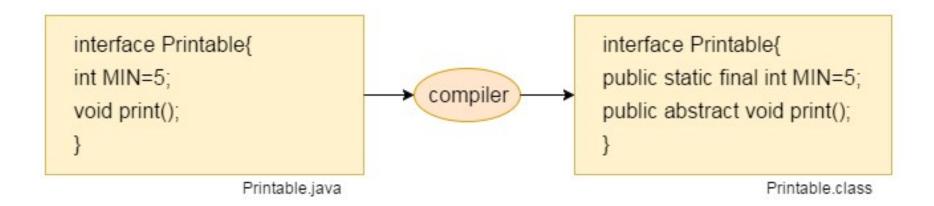


- A class can implement more than one interfaces, but can inherit only a single superclass!!
- Any number of classes can implement interface.

Interface Declaration

```
Interface declaration syntax:
       interface <interface name>{
              // declare constant fields
              // declare methods that abstract
              // by default.
  Class that implements interface:
 class A implements <interface name>
{
       //override all abstract methods
       //methods must be public
```

Interface Declaration...



Interfaces can be Extended

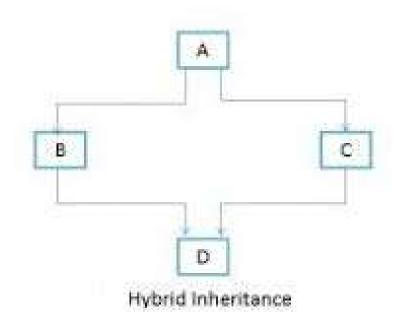
```
interface A {
       void method1();
       void method2();
interface B extends A {
       void method3();
class C implements B {
                         //Must implement all methods of A and B
       void method1();
       void method2();
       void method3();
```

Multiple Inheritance

- Java class- ambiguity in multiple inheritance
- Use Interfaces for multiple inheritance
- □ EX:

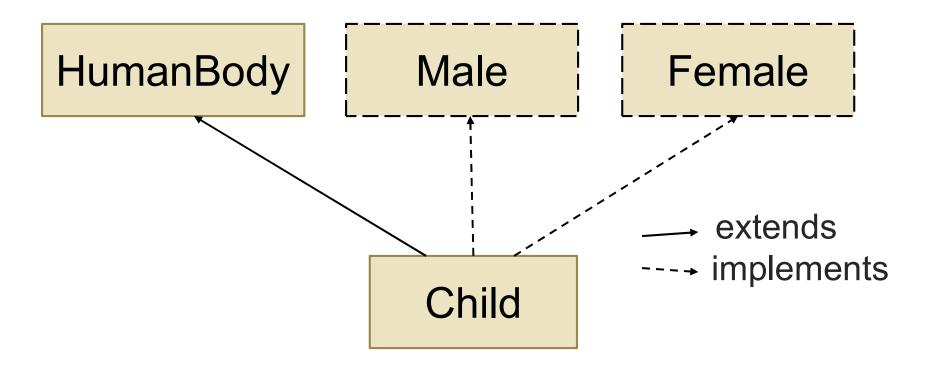
Hybrid Inheritance

The composition of two or more types of inheritance



Hybrid Inheritance can be achieved

□ Single and Multiple Inheritance (not supported but can be achieved through interface)



Hybrid Inheritance can be achieved...

- Multilevel and Hierarchical Inheritance
- Hierarchical and Single Inheritance
- Multiple and Multilevel Inheritance

Explore

- Static methods in an interface
- □ Private methods in an interface
- Default methods in an interface

Find Output

```
(1)
class P {
   int a = 30;
   void display(){System.out.println("in P");}
}
class Q extends P {
   int a = 50;
   void display(){System.out.println("in Q");}
}
```

Find Output (1 continue)...

```
public class Mavenproject1 extends Q {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Q q = new Q();
     System.out.println(" Value of a: " +q.a);
     q.display();
     P p = new Q();
     System.out.println("Value of a: " +p.a);
     p.display();
```