## Format of Tmod register

first(lower four bits) =t1(timer1)
second four=t0
if c/t(bar)=0 it acts as timer
if gate bit=1,we r gng to control hardware ckt
if gate bit=0,we r gng to control software ckt
1 machine cycle consist of 12 clock cycles
timer counts how many machine cycles
MODE1 INTIALIZING

					c/t-		M0
gate	c/t-	m1	m0	gate		M1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TCON							TCON
	NIBBL	FOR	TIMER				
R	E	CNTRL	S				
TF1	TR1	TF0	TR0	IE1	IT1	IE0	IT0

M1	M0	Mode	Timer
0	0	Mode0	13 bit timer
0	1	Mode1	16 bit timer
1	0	Mode2	8 bit auto load
1	1	Mode 3	8 bit split timer

## SPECIAL FUNCTION REGISTERS: TL0 AND TH0 (TIMER ZERO LOWER BYTE AND HIGHER BYTE)

TCON(to start timer and to stop timer)

TR0=1 TO START

TR0=0 TO STOP

WHEN OVERFLOW OCCURS TFO BECOMES 1 (TF0=1)

WHEN COUNT EXCEEDS FFFF IT BECOMES COUNT 0 CARRY 1

for delay

ffff-1000=effff delay in terms of machines cycles

ffff-ffff=0000 for more delay

mov tmod,#01h mov TL0,#00h mov TH0,#00h goto: mov p2,#0ffh

acall delay

mov p2,#00h acall delay sjmp goto delay :setb TR0 here:jnb TF0,here clr tf0 clr tr0 ret end

## 2.using switch

mov tmod,#00h mov TL0,#00h mov TH0,#00h

check: jnb p1.0,on

mov p2,#00h(leds off state)

acall delay sjmp check

on: mov p2,#0ffh

acall delay sjmp check

delay: setb tr0

jnb tf0,here clr tf0 clr tr0 ret end

## 2.using switch LED Scrolling

mov tmod,#00h mov TL0,#00h mov TH0,#00h mov a,#01h mov b,10h

check: jnb p1.0,rolleft

sjmp rolright

rolleft: mov p2,@a

rl a

acall delay jnb p2.7,rolleft sjmp check

rolright: mov p2,@b

rr b

acall delay jnb p2.0,rolright sjmp check

delay: setb tr0

jnb tf0,here clr tf0

clr tr0 ret end