Predicting Wine Quality

Shaheen Gauher, Data Scientist at Microsoft

Problem: Predict wine quality using Multiclass Classification analysis. The data contains quality ratings for a few thousands of wines (1599 red wine samples), along with their physical and chemical properties (11 predictors). We want to use these properties to predict a rating for a wine. The goal is to model wine quality based on physicochemical tests.

(data from https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/wine-quality/winequality-red.csv (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/wine-quality/winequality-red.csv)) Azure ML experiment at https://gallerv.cortanaintelligence.com/Experiment/Predict-Wine-Quality-Classification-10 (https://gallery.cortanaintelligence.com/Experiment/Predict-Wine-Quality-Classification-10)

```
In [79]: rm(list=ls())
         #download data from
         #https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.dat
         data wine = read.table("https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-
         databases/wine-quality/winequality-red.csv",
                                 header=T,sep=";",na.strings="NA") #1599 12
         class(data wine) #"data.frame"
         #Relabel quality ratings as follows
         #3,4,5 as Low
         #6 as Med
         #7,8 as High
         data_wine$qualityV2 = ifelse(data_wine$quality <=5, 'Low', 'None')</pre>
         TorF = data wine$quality == 6
         data wine$qualityV2[TorF] = 'Med'
         TorF = data wine$quality > 6
         data wine$qualityV2[TorF] = 'High'
         data wine$quality = NULL
         names(data wine)[names(data wine)=='qualityV2'] = 'quality'
         #convert data frame to xdf object using rxDataStep()
         pathc
                    = getwd()
         dataclassi xdf = file.path(pathc, 'dataclassi xdf.xdf')
         data_classi = rxDataStep(inData = data_wine, outFile = dataclassi_xdf ,
                                 rowsPerRead=500, overwrite=TRUE, reportProgress=
         0)
         class(data classi) # "RxXdfData"
```

Out[79]: "data.frame"

Out[79]: "RxXdfData"

```
#make a new column factorQuality from quality col -- make it categorical
In [78]:
         rxFactors(inData = data classi, outFile = data classi, overwrite = TRUE,
                   factorInfo = list(factorQuality = list(varName = "quality")),r
         eportProgress=0)
         #can remove the col quality now
         ColsToKeep = setdiff(names(data classi),c('quality'))
         data classi = rxDataStep(inData = data classi, outFile = 'data classi te
         mp.xdf',varsToKeep = ColsToKeep, overwrite = TRUE)
         #rename the label col 'factorQuality' as 'LabelsCol'
         names(data classi)[names(data classi)=='factorQuality'] = 'LabelsCol'
         Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 500, Total Chunk Time: 0.015 se
         conds
         Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1000, Total Chunk Time: Less th
         an .001 seconds
         Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1500, Total Chunk Time: 0.016 s
         econds
         Rows Read: 99, Total Rows Processed: 1599, Total Chunk Time: Less tha
         n .001 seconds
```

```
In [75]: #can remove col quality now
         ColsToKeep = setdiff(names(data classi),c('quality'))
         ColsToKeep
         data classi = rxDataStep(inData = data classi, outFile = 'data classi te
         mp.xdf',varsToKeep = ColsToKeep, overwrite = TRUE. reportProgress=0)
```

"fixed.acidity" "volatile.acidity" "citric.acid" "residual.sugar" "chlorides" Out[75]: "free.sulfur.dioxide" "total.sulfur.dioxide" "density" "pH" "sulphates" "alcohol" "factorQuality"

> Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 500, Total Chunk Time: 0.009 seco Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1000, Total Chunk Time: Less than .001 seconds Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1500, Total Chunk Time: 0.016 sec Rows Read: 99, Total Rows Processed: 1599, Total Chunk Time: Less than .001 seconds

In [46]: dim(data classi) #use rxDataStep() to create a col called 'splitcol' to use for splitting rxDataStep(inData=data classi,outFile=data classi,transforms=list(splitc ol=factor(rbinom(.rxNumRows,1,0.8),labels=c('test','train'))),overwrite= T) dim(data_classi)

Out[46]: 1599 12

> Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 500, Total Chunk Time: 0.012 seco ndsRows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1000, Total Chunk Time: 0.008 secondsRows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1500, Total Chunk Time: Le ss than .001 secondsRows Read: 99, Total Rows Processed: 1599, Total Ch unk Time: 0.015 seconds

Out[46]: 1599 13

names(data classi) In [47]: #rename the label col 'income' as 'LabelsCol' names(data classi)[names(data classi)=='factorQuality'] = 'LabelsCol' names(data classi)

Out[47]: "fixed.acidity" "volatile.acidity" "citric.acid" "residual.sugar" "chlorides" "free.sulfur.dioxide" "total.sulfur.dioxide" "density" "pH" "sulphates" "alcohol" "factorQuality" "splitcol"

Out[47]: "fixed.acidity" "volatile.acidity" "citric.acid" "residual.sugar" "chlorides" "free.sulfur.dioxide" "total.sulfur.dioxide" "density" "pH" "sulphates" "alcohol" "LabelsCol" "splitcol"

```
In [48]: #split using the col "splitcol"
         #rxSplit() -- Splits an input '.xdf' file or data frame into multiple '.
          xdf' files or a list of data frames.
          listofxdfs = rxSplit(data classi,outFileBase='data classi split',outFile
          Suffixes=c("Train", "Test"),splitByFactor = "splitcol",overwrite=T )
          trainingdata = listofxdfs[[2]]
          testdata = listofxdfs[[1]]
          dim(trainingdata)
          dim(testdata)
          dim(data classi)
         Rows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 500, Total Chunk Time: 0.080 seco
         ndsRows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1000, Total Chunk Time: 0.082
         secondsRows Read: 500, Total Rows Processed: 1500, Total Chunk Time: 0.
         088 secondsRows Read: 99, Total Rows Processed: 1599, Total Chunk Time:
         0.113 seconds
Out[48]:
              1272 13
Out[48]:
              327 13
Out[48]:
              1599 13
In [49]:
         #collect names of columns (features) to be used for modelling
         allfeatures = setdiff(names(data classi),c('LabelsCol','splitcol'))
         #create formula for modelling
          formula = as.formula(paste('LabelsCol',paste(allfeatures,collapse=' +
          '),sep=' ~ '))
         formula
Out[49]: LabelsCol ~ fixed.acidity + volatile.acidity + citric.acid +
             residual.sugar + chlorides + free.sulfur.dioxide + total.sulfur.dio
         xide +
             density + pH + sulphates + alcohol
In [50]: Algorithms <- c("Decision Forest Classification",</pre>
                          "Boosted Decision Tree Classification",
                          "Decision Tree Classification")
              "fixed.acidity" "volatile.acidity" "citric.acid" "residual.sugar" "chlorides"
Out[50]:
```

"alcohol" "LabelsCol" "splitcol"

"free.sulfur.dioxide" "total.sulfur.dioxide" "density" "pH" "sulphates"

```
In [51]:
       #######
        ## Decision forest modeling
        ########
        #Decision Forest
        #using rxDForest() to build ML model
        DForest model <- rxDForest(formula = formula,</pre>
                               data = trainingdata,
                               seed = 10,
                               cp = 0.01,
                               nTree = 50,
                               mTry = 2,
                               overwrite = TRUE,
                               reportProgress = 0)
        DForest model
        class(DForest model) #"rxDForest"
Out[51]: "rxDForest"
Out[51]: Call:
       rxDForest(formula = formula, data = trainingdata, overwrite = TRUE,
           cp = 0.01, nTree = 50, mTry = 2, seed = 10, reportProgress = 0)
                   Type of decision forest: class
                         Number of trees: 50
       No. of variables tried at each split: 2
               OOB estimate of error rate: 39.07%
        Confusion matrix:
               Predicted
        LabelsCol
                 5 6 7 4 8 3 class.error
               5 395 146 1 0 0 0
                                0.2712177
               6 145 360 4 0 0 0
                                0.2927308
                 5 130 20 0 0 0
                                0.8709677
                22 21 0 0 0 0 1.0000000
              4
                  0 14 0 0 0 0
                                1.0000000
```

1.0000000

7 2 0 0 0 0

```
In [52]:
        #######
        ## Boosted tree modeling
        BoostedTree_model = rxBTrees(formula = formula,
                               data = trainingdata,
                               learningRate = 0.2,
                               minSplit = 10,
                               minBucket = 10,
                               nTree = 100,
                               lossFunction = "multinomial",
                               reportProgress = 0)
        BoostedTree model
        class(BoostedTree model)
Out[52]: Call:
        rxBTrees(formula = formula, data = trainingdata, minSplit = 10,
           minBucket = 10, nTree = 100, lossFunction = "multinomial",
            learningRate = 0.2, reportProgress = 0)
             Loss function of boosted trees: multinomial
              Number of boosting iterations: 100
        No. of variables tried at each split: 3
                  OOB estimate of deviance: 0.7147638
Out[52]:
            "rxBTrees" "rxDForest"
Out[52]: Call:
        rxBTrees(formula = formula, data = trainingdata, minSplit = 10,
           minBucket = 10, nTree = 100, lossFunction = "multinomial",
            learningRate = 0.2, reportProgress = 0)
             Loss function of boosted trees: multinomial
              Number of boosting iterations: 100
        No. of variables tried at each split: 3
                  OOB estimate of deviance: 0.7147638
```

file:///C:/Users/gshaheen/Documents/ClassImbalance/RevolutionBlog3/PredictWineQuality RevBlog3/Predicting%20Wine%20Quality%20-%20Shahe... 7/10

```
In [53]:
        #######
        ## Decision Tree Modelling
        ########
        #rxDTree
        DTree_model = rxDTree(formula = formula,
                              data = trainingdata,
                              minSplit = 10,
                              minBucket = 10,
                              nTree = 100,
                              reportProgress = 0)
        DTree model
        class(DTree model)
Out[53]: Call:
        rxDTree(formula = formula, data = trainingdata, minSplit = 10,
           minBucket = 10, reportProgress = 0, nTree = 100)
                   Type of decision forest: class
                          Number of trees: 100
        No. of variables tried at each split: 0
Out[53]: "rxDForest"
        Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'DTree modell' not found
Out[53]: Call:
        rxBTrees(formula = formula, data = trainingdata, minSplit = 10,
           minBucket = 10, nTree = 100, lossFunction = "multinomial",
           learningRate = 0.2, reportProgress = 0)
             Loss function of boosted trees: multinomial
              Number of boosting iterations: 100
        No. of variables tried at each split: 3
```

file:///C:/Users/gshaheen/Documents/ClassImbalance/RevolutionBlog3/PredictWineQuality RevBlog3/Predicting%20Wine%20Quality%20-%20Shahe... 8/10

OOB estimate of deviance: 0.7147638

```
#Function to compute accuracy of the trained model on the given data
In [71]:
         computeaccuracy <- function(ML model,scoredata){</pre>
           if(file.exists("modelout xdf.xdf") ) { file.remove("modelout xdf.xd
         f") }
           modelout_xdf = RxXdfData("modelout_xdf.xdf") #initialise xdf object
           rxPredict(ML model, data = scoredata, outData = modelout xdf, overwrit
         e = TRUE,
                      writeModelVars = TRUE, reportProgress = 0)
           #head(modelout xdf) #contains the actual and predicted cols
           #get the columns "LabelsCol Pred" and "LabelsCol" from modelout xdf
           results_model_df = rxDataStep(inData=modelout_xdf,outFile=NULL,varsToK
         eep=c('LabelsCol Pred','LabelsCol'),reportProgress = 0)
           head(results model df)
           actual
                     = results model df$LabelsCol
           predicted = results model df$LabelsCol Pred
           cm = as.matrix(table(Actual=actual, Predicted=predicted)) #create a co
         nfusion matrix
           cm
           accuracy = sum(diag(cm)) / sum(cm)
           #cat('The model produced an accuracy = ',accuracy,'\n')
           return(accuracy)
         # to invoke function:
         # computeaccuracy(ML model, testdata)
         # computeaccuracy(ML model,trainingdata)
         # where
         # ML model = DForest model
         # ML model = BoostedTree model
         # ML model = DTree model
```

```
In [72]: | #========
                  _____
       ML model = DForest model
        cat('For Decision Forest: accuracy = ',computeaccuracy(ML_model,training
        data),'\n')
        cat('For Decision Forest: accuracy on test data = ',computeaccuracy(ML m
        odel, testdata), '\n')
        ML model = BoostedTree model
        cat('For Boosted tree: accuracy = ',computeaccuracy(ML_model,trainingdat
        a),'\n')
        cat('For Boosted tree: accuracy on test data = ',computeaccuracy(ML mode
        1,testdata),'\n')
        ML_model = DTree model
        cat('For Decision Tree: accuracy = ',computeaccuracy(ML_model,trainingda
        ta),'\n')
        cat('For Decision Tree: accuracy on test data = ',computeaccuracy(ML_mod
        el, testdata), '\n')
       For Decision Forest: accuracy = 0.6320755
```

```
For Decision Tree: accuracy on test data = 0.5504587
#######
   ## Cleanup
   #######
   file.remove(temp train xdf)
   rm(list = ls())
```

For Decision Forest: accuracy on test data = 0.6024465

For Boosted tree: accuracy on test data = 0.5779817

For Boosted tree: accuracy = 0.697327

For Decision Tree: accuracy = 0.75