



EXPERIMENT - 6

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Subject Name: ADBMS

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1. Aim: --- Medium Level Problem ---

a) HR-Analytics: Employee count based on dynamic gender passing

TechSphere Solutions, a growing IT services company with offices across India, wants to **track and monitor gender diversity** within its workforce. The HR department frequently needs to know the **total number of employees by gender** (Male or Female) .

To solve this problem, the company needs an **automated database-driven solution** that can instantly return the count of employees by gender through a stored procedure that:

1. Create a PostgreSQL stored procedure that:
2. Takes a **gender** (e.g., 'Male' or 'Female') as input.
3. Calculates the **total count of employees** for that gender.
4. Returns the result as an **output parameter**.
5. Displays the result clearly for HR reporting purposes.

--- Hard Level Problem ---

b) SmartStore Automated Purchase System

SmartShop is a modern retail company that sells electronic gadgets like smartphones, tablets, and laptops.

The company wants to **automate its ordering and inventory management process**.

Whenever a customer places an order, the system must:

1. **Verify stock availability** for the requested product and quantity.
2. If sufficient stock is available:
 - **Log the order** in the sales table with the ordered quantity and total price.
 - **Update the inventory** in the products table by reducing quantity_remaining and increasing quantity_sold.
 - Display a **real-time confirmation message**: "Product sold successfully!"
3. If there is **insufficient stock**, the system must:
 - **Reject the transaction** and display: Insufficient Quantity Available!"

2. Platform Used:

Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio

3. SQL Code:



a) -- INPUT TABLE:

```
CREATE TABLE employee_info (  
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,  
    gender VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,  
    salary NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,  
    city VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO employee_info (name, gender, salary, city) VALUES  
( 'Arjun', 'Male', 53000.00, 'Delhi'),  
( 'Karan', 'Male', 61000.00, 'Mumbai'),  
( 'Deepa', 'Female', 46000.00, 'Bangalore'),  
( 'Rohan', 'Male', 54000.00, 'Chennai'),  
( 'Manish', 'Male', 52500.00, 'Hyderabad'),  
( 'Pooja', 'Female', 49000.00, 'Kolkata'),  
( 'Sandeep', 'Male', 47500.00, 'Pune'),  
( 'Nikhil', 'Male', 63000.00, 'Ahmedabad'),  
( 'Neha', 'Female', 51500.00, 'Jaipur');
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sp_get_employees_by_gender(  
    IN p_gender VARCHAR(50),  
    OUT p_employee_count INT  
)  
LANGUAGE plpgsql  
AS $$  
BEGIN  
    -- Count total employees by gender  
    SELECT COUNT(id)  
    INTO p_employee_count  
    FROM employee_info  
    WHERE gender = p_gender;  
  
    -- Display the result  
    RAISE NOTICE 'Total employees with gender %: %', p_gender, p_employee_count;  
END; $$;  
  
CALL sp_get_employees_by_gender('Male', NULL);
```

Output:

Data Output		Messages
		
	p_employee_count integer	
1		6

b) -- INPUT TABLES:

```
CREATE TABLE products (  
    product_code VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,  
    product_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    price NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,  
    quantity_remaining INT NOT NULL,  
    quantity_sold INT DEFAULT 0  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE sales (  
    order_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    order_date DATE NOT NULL,  
    product_code VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,  
    quantity_ordered INT NOT NULL,  
    sale_price NUMERIC(10,2) NOT NULL,  
    FOREIGN KEY (product_code) REFERENCES products(product_code)  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO products (product_code, product_name, price,  
quantity_remaining, quantity_sold) VALUES  
( 'P001', 'iPHONE 13 PRO MAX', 109999.00, 10, 0),  
( 'P002', 'Samsung Galaxy S23 Ultra', 99999.00, 8, 0),  
( 'P003', 'iPAD AIR', 55999.00, 5, 0),  
( 'P004', 'MacBook Pro 14"', 189999.00, 3, 0),  
( 'P005', 'Sony WH-1000XM5 Headphones', 29999.00, 15, 0);
```

```
INSERT INTO sales (order_date, product_code, quantity_ordered, sale_price)  
VALUES  
( '2025-09-15', 'P001', 1, 109999.00),  
( '2025-09-16', 'P002', 2, 199998.00),  
( '2025-09-17', 'P003', 1, 55999.00),  
( '2025-09-18', 'P005', 2, 59998.00),  
( '2025-09-19', 'P001', 1, 109999.00);
```

```
SELECT * FROM PRODUCTS;  
SELECT * FROM SALES;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE pr_buy_products(  
    IN p_product_name VARCHAR,  
    IN p_quantity INT  
)
```

```
LANGUAGE plpgsql  
AS $$  
DECLARE
```

```
    v_product_code VARCHAR(20);    v_price FLOAT;    v_count INT;  
BEGIN
```

```
-- Step 1: Check if product exists and has enough quantity
```

```
SELECT COUNT(*)  
INTO v_count  
FROM products  
WHERE product_name = p_product_name  
AND quantity_remaining >= p_quantity;
```

```
-- Step 2: If sufficient stock
```

```
IF v_count > 0 THEN
```

```
    -- Fetch product code and price
```

```
    SELECT product_code, price  
    INTO v_product_code, v_price  
    FROM products  
    WHERE product_name = p_product_name;
```

```
-- Insert a new record into the sales table
```

```
INSERT INTO sales (order_date, product_code, quantity_ordered,
sale_price) VALUES (CURRENT_DATE, v_product_code, p_quantity,
(v_price * p_quantity));
```

```
-- Update stock details
UPDATE products
SET quantity_remaining = quantity_remaining - p_quantity,
quantity_sold = quantity_sold + p_quantity
WHERE product_code = v_product_code;

-- Confirmation message
RAISE NOTICE 'PRODUCT SOLD..! Order placed successfully for %
unit(s) of %.', p_quantity, p_product_name;
```

```
ELSE
-- Step 3: If stock is insufficient
RAISE NOTICE 'INSUFFICIENT QUANTITY..! Order cannot be
processed for % unit(s) of %.', p_quantity, p_product_name;
END IF;
END;
$$;
```

```
CALL pr_buy_products ('MacBook Pro 14"', 1);
```

Output:

	order_id [PK] integer	order_date date	product_code character varying (10)	quantity_ordered integer	sale_price numeric (10,2)
1	1	2025-09-15	P001	1	109999.00
2	2	2025-09-16	P002	2	199998.00
3	3	2025-09-17	P003	1	55999.00
4	4	2025-09-18	P005	2	59998.00
5	5	2025-09-19	P001	1	109999.00
6	6	2025-09-24	P004	1	189999.00



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	product_code [PK] character varying (10)	product_name character varying (100)	price numeric (10,2)	quantity_remaining integer	quantity_sold integer
1	P001	iPHONE 13 PRO MAX	109999.00	10	0
2	P002	Samsung Galaxy S23 Ultra	99999.00	8	0
3	P003	iPAD AIR	55999.00	5	0
4	P005	Sony WH-1000XM5 Headphones	29999.00	15	0
5	P004	MacBook Pro 14"	189999.00	2	1

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

NOTICE: PRODUCT SOLD..! Order placed successfully for 1 unit(s) of MacBook Pro 14".
CALL

Query returned successfully in 79 msec.