<https://chatgpt.com/c/d9aedf41-b644-4734-abcd-535189431960>

[https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1YbGKENEtyjKQuNYsFHJTdS-w3G7PBK37?authuser=2#scrollTo=jjX7Vz-Ltq51](https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1YbGKENEtyjKQuNYsFHJTdS-w3G7PBK37?authuser=2" \l "scrollTo=jjX7Vz-Ltq51)

<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLmHi7ol7EPSCpMEou9dXWLwxQ97dnwetu> excel dashboard

<https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=power+pivot++in+excel+dashboard>

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1y5h4SMwPLk12xZ2-2U1SDBIQqyH5bz4P> revision excel sheet

excel projects

<https://youtu.be/XeWfLNe3moM?si=7js0RYi5jB0sJ_cp>

<https://youtu.be/gTK5rNhWJyA?si=oFZCTcJMNeP4l4gL>

<https://youtu.be/yzaLl-BvHnc?si=Pzw_iXm3gYTBkllv>

Introduction To Excel

**Definition:**  
Microsoft Excel is a spreadsheet application developed by Microsoft, used for data organization, analysis, and visualization.

**Syntax:**  
Excel does not have a specific syntax like a programming language but uses cells, rows, columns, and formulas.

**Use:**

* Data entry and storage
* Calculations and analysis
* Data visualization through charts and graphs
* Automation of repetitive tasks

**How to Use:**  
Open Excel, create a new workbook, and start entering data into cells. Use formulas for calculations and create charts for data visualization.

**Example:**  
Enter data in cells A1 to B2:

A1: Product  | B1: Quantity  
A2: Apples   | B2: 10

Interface

**Definition:**  
The interface of Excel includes the ribbon, formula bar, status bar, and worksheet area where data is entered and managed.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Navigate and access Excel features efficiently.

**How to Use:**

* Ribbon: Access tools and commands.
* Formula Bar: Enter and view formulas.
* Worksheet Area: Enter data and perform analysis.

**Example:**  
Open Excel to see the ribbon at the top, the formula bar below it, and the worksheet area taking up the majority of the screen.

Tabs and Ribbons

**Definition:**  
Tabs in Excel categorize commands. The ribbon is a set of toolbars placed on several tabs.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Organize commands for easy access and better workflow management.

**How to Use:**  
Click on tabs to access different ribbons with relevant commands.

**Example:**

* Home tab: Basic clipboard, font, alignment commands.
* Insert tab: Charts, tables, images.

File Menu and Save

**Definition:**  
The File menu contains options for file management like saving, opening, and printing workbooks.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Manage workbooks effectively.

**How to Use:**  
Click on "File" in the ribbon to access options like "Save", "Open", "Print".

**Example:**  
To save a workbook, go to File > Save As, choose the location, and provide a filename.

Edit, Entering and Formatting Data

**Definition:**  
Editing involves modifying data, entering is inputting data into cells, and formatting is changing the appearance of data.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Ensure data is accurate, entered correctly, and looks professional.

**How to Use:**

* Edit: Double-click a cell to modify its content.
* Enter: Click a cell and type the data.
* Format: Use the ribbon to change fonts, colors, and alignments.

**Example:**  
Edit cell A2 to change "Apples" to "Oranges".

Entering Data

**Definition:**  
The process of inputting data into Excel cells.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Store and manage data for analysis.

**How to Use:**  
Click on a cell and start typing. Press Enter to move to the next cell.

**Example:**  
Enter "20" in cell B2.

Fonts, Fills and Alignment

**Definition:**  
Fonts are the style of text, fills are the background color of cells, and alignment is the positioning of text within cells.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Enhance the readability and visual appeal of data.

**How to Use:**  
Use the Home tab to change fonts, apply fills, and set alignment.

**Example:**  
Select cell A1 and change the font to Arial, fill color to yellow, and align text to the center.

Cut, Copy and Paste

**Definition:**  
Cut removes data from a cell, copy duplicates data, and paste inserts data into a new location.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Reorganize data without retyping.

**How to Use:**

* Cut: Select a cell and press Ctrl+X.
* Copy: Select a cell and press Ctrl+C.
* Paste: Select a destination cell and press Ctrl+V.

**Example:**  
Copy cell A1 and paste it into cell C1.

Moving, Finding and Replacing a Value

**Definition:**  
Moving shifts data to a new location, finding locates specific data, and replacing changes found data to something new.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Manage and correct data efficiently.

**How to Use:**

* Moving: Drag the cell border to a new location.
* Finding: Press Ctrl+F and enter the value to search.
* Replacing: Press Ctrl+H and enter the old and new values.

**Example:**  
Find "Apples" and replace it with "Bananas".

Formatting Numbers

**Definition:**  
Adjusting the display of numbers to include commas, decimals, and other formatting.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Make numerical data easier to read and interpret.

**How to Use:**  
Select cells and use the Number format in the Home tab to apply desired formatting.

**Example:**  
Format cell B2 to display as a number with two decimal places.

Currency Formats

**Definition:**  
Displaying numbers as monetary values.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Present financial data appropriately.

**How to Use:**  
Select cells and choose Currency format from the Home tab.

**Example:**  
Format cell B2 to display as $10.00.

Format Painter

**Definition:**  
A tool that copies formatting from one cell and applies it to others.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Quickly apply consistent formatting.

**How to Use:**  
Select a formatted cell, click the Format Painter in the Home tab, and then click the cells to apply the formatting.

**Example:**  
Use Format Painter to copy the formatting from cell A1 to A2.

Formatting Dates

**Definition:**  
Adjusting the display of dates to different formats.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Ensure dates are presented clearly and consistently.

**How to Use:**  
Select cells and choose Date format from the Home tab.

**Example:**  
Format cell C1 to display as "MM/DD/YYYY".

Custom and Special Formats

**Definition:**  
User-defined formats to display data in specific ways.

**Syntax:**  
No specific syntax.

**Use:**  
Create specialized data displays.

**How to Use:**  
Select cells, go to Format Cells > Custom, and enter a custom format.

**Example:**  
Format cell B2 to display as "Product - Quantity".

These notes cover the basics and usage of various Excel features.

<https://chatgpt.com/share/0a760105-6e5a-4994-a85a-39155d3dc788>