Problem 1. (Watson-Crick Complement) Implement the function wc_complement() in wc_complement.py that takes a DNA string as argument and returns its Watson-Crick complement: replace A with T, C with G, and vice versa. You may assume that the characters in the DNA string are all in upper case.

```
$ python wc_complement.py ACTGACG
TGACTGC
```

Problem 2. (Domain Type) Implement the function domain_type() in domain_type.py that returns the domain type of the URL specified as argument. For example, the domain type of the URL http://www.swamiiyer.net/cs110/ is net. You may assume that the URL starts with 'http://' and ends with '/'. Hint: use the str methods find() and split().

```
$ python domain_type.py http://www.swamiiyer.net/cs110/
net
```

Problem 3. (*Password Checker*) Implement the function is_valid() in password_checker.py that returns True if the given password string meets the following specifications, and False otherwise:

- At least eight characters long.
- Contains at least one digit (0-9).
- Contains at least one uppercase letter.
- Contains at least one lowercase letter.
- Contains at least one character that is neither a letter nor a number.

Hint: use the str methods isdigit(), isupper(), islower(), and isalnum().

```
$ python password_checker.py Abcde1fg
False
$ python password_checker.py Abcde1@g
True
```

Problem 4. (Set Distance) The Jaccard index measures the similarity between finite sample sets, and is defined as the size of the intersection divided by the size of the union of the sample sets:

$$J(A,B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A \cup B|}.$$

Note that $0 \le J(A, B) \le 1$. The *Jaccard distance*, which measures dissimilarity between sample sets, is complementary to the Jaccard index and is obtained by subtracting the Jaccard index from 1:

$$d_J(A,B) = 1 - J(A,B)$$

Implement the functions $jaccard_index()$ and $jaccard_distance()$ in $set_distance.py$ that take two sets A and B as arguments and return their Jaccard index and Jaccard distance, respectively. Hint: use the set methods intersection() and union().

```
$ python set_distance.py "b, c" "a, b, c, d"
0.5
$ python set_distance.py "7, 3, 2, 4, 1" "4, 1, 9, 7, 5"
0.571428571429
```

Problem 5. (Word Frequencies) Implement the function count_word_frequencies() in word_frequencies.py that takes a list of words as argument and returns a dictionary whose keys are the words from the list and values are the corresponding frequencies. Also implement the function write_word_frequencies() that takes a dictionary as argument and writes (in reverse order of values) the key-value pairs of the dictionary to standard output, one per line, and with a '-> ' between a key and the corresponding value. Hint: Use dict method setdefault() for the first part and use word_frequencies.keys() for the second part.

```
$ python word_frequencies.py
it was the best of times it was the worst of times
<ctrl-d>
of -> 2
it -> 2
times -> 2
the -> 2
was -> 2
worst -> 1
best -> 1
```

Files to Submit

- 1. wc_complement.py
- 2. domain_type.py
- 3. password_checker.py
- 4. set_distance.py
- 5. word_frequencies.py

Before you submit:

• Make sure your programs meet the input and output specifications by running the following command on the terminal:

```
$ python run_tests.py -v [<problems>]
```

where the optional argument cproblems lists the problems (Problem1, Problem2, etc.) you want to test; all the problems are tested if no argument is given.

• Make sure your programs meet the style requirements by running the following command on the terminal:

```
$ pep8 program >
```

where cprogram> is the .py file whose style you want to check.