

1. Write a SQL query to show average number of orders shipped in a day (use Orders table).
➔ `SELECT orderNumber, count(*)
FROM Orders GROUP BY orderDate;`
2. Write a SQL query to show average number of orders placed in a day.
➔ `SELECT SUM(orderDate)
FROM Orders;`
3. Write a SQL query to show the product name with minimum MSRP (use Products table)
➔ `SELECT productName
FROM products
WHERE MIN(MSRP);`
4. Write a SQL query to show the product name with maximum value of stock Quantity.
➔ `SELECT productName
FROM products
WHERE MAX(quantityInStock);`
5. Write a query to show the most ordered product Name (the product with maximum number of orders).
➔ `SELECT productName FROM products INNER JOIN orderDetails
ON productCode=productCode WHERE MAX(orderNumber);`
6. Write a SQL query to show the highest paying customer Name.
➔ `SELECT customerName, COUNT(MAX(salesRepEmployeeNumber)) as highest_paying_cust
FROM customers`
7. Write a SQL query to show customerNumber, customerName of all the customers who are from Melbourne city.
➔ `SELECT customerNumber, customerName
FROM customers
WHERE city= Melbourne`
8. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose name start with "N".
➔ `SELECT customerName FROM customers WHERE customerName LIKE 'N%';`
9. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose phone start with '7' and are from city 'LasVegas'.
➔ `SELECT customerName(s) FROM customers WHERE phone LIKE '7%' AND city = LasVegas;`
10. Write a SQL query to show name of all the customers whose creditLimit < 1000 and city is either "Las Vegas" or "Nantes" or "Stavern".
➔ `SELECT customerName(s) FROM customers WHERE creditLimit < 1000 AND city= Las Vegas OR city= Nantes OR city= Stavern;`

11. Write a SQL query to show all the orderNumber in which quantity ordered 1000.

➔SELECT orderNumber

FROM orderDetails WHERE quantityOrdered=1000;