

# A Quantum ESPRESSO Recipe for $Z_2$ Invariant of 2D Topological Material 1T'-WTe<sub>2</sub>

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# Motivation: The Quest for Dissipationless Electronics

## The Bottleneck:

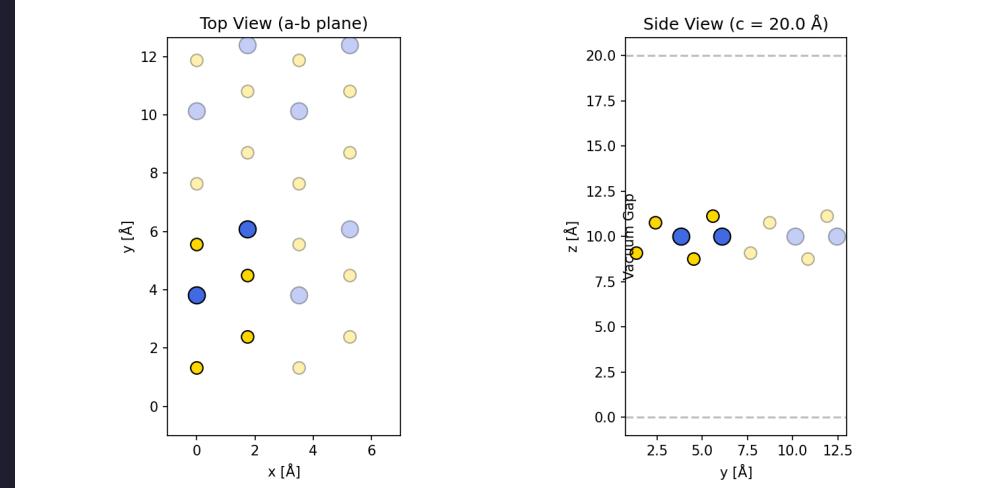
Modern electronics suffer from Joule heating and backscattering limits.

## The Solution:

Topological Insulators (TIs) offer dissipationless edge transport protected by Time-Reversal Symmetry.

## The Challenge:

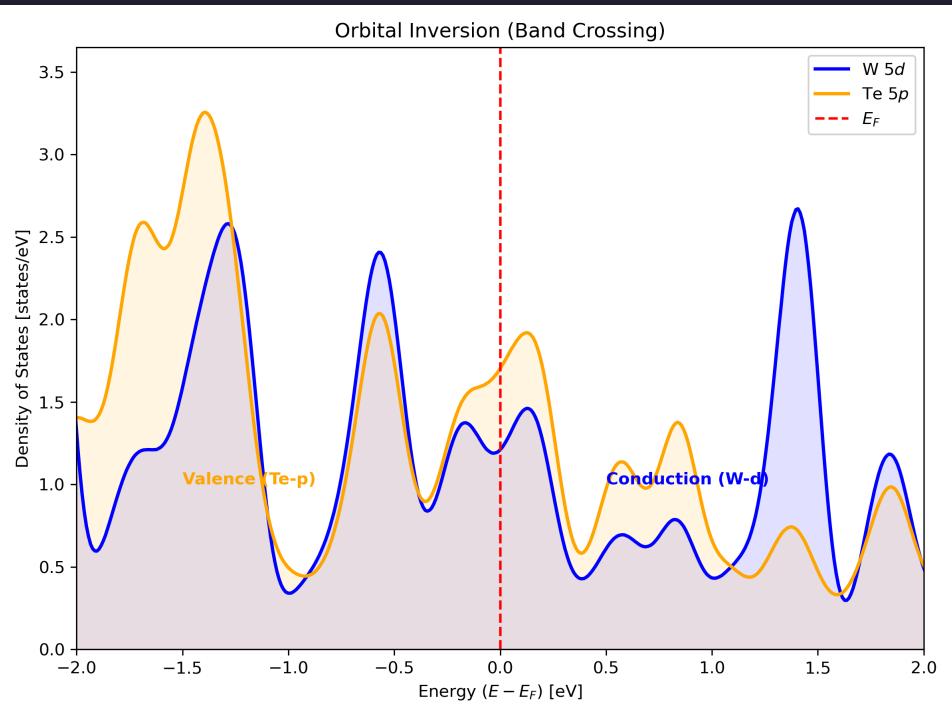
Obtaining the topological invariant



*The 1T' Distorted Structure: A Playground for Topology*

$(Z_2)$  from First-Principles is often a  
“Black Box.”

# The Mechanism: SOC-Driven Band Inversion



## Orbital Physics:

1. **Crystal Field:** Splits W-*d* orbitals.
2. **Spin-Orbit Coupling (SOC):** The heavy Tungsten core drives a relativistic energy shift.

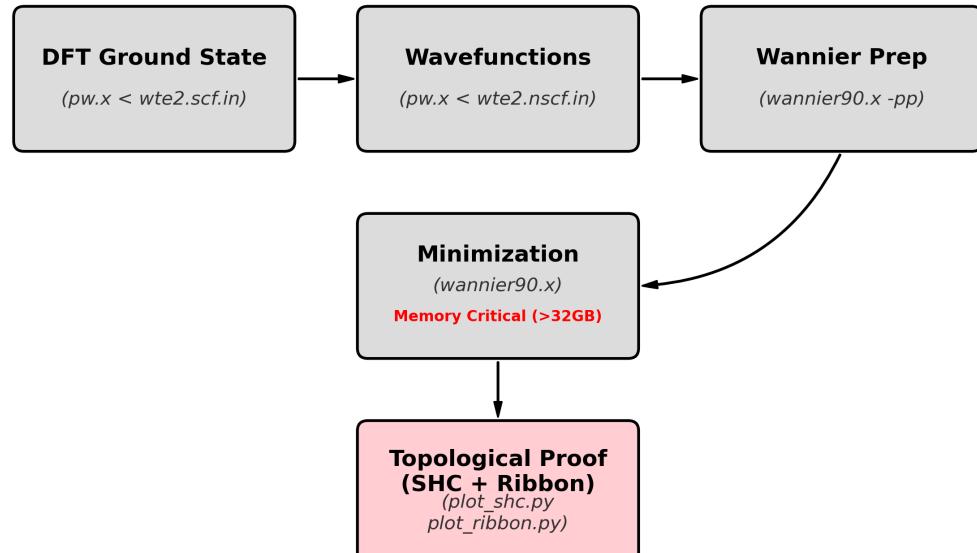
**The Inversion:** The W-*d* and Te-*p* bands exchange parity eigenvalues near the Fermi level. This crossing opens a non-trivial gap.

# The Recipe: A Reproducible QE Pipeline

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Our pipeline automates the extraction of “Topology-Ready” Hamiltonians.

## Reproducible Topological Workflow



## Key Ingredients:

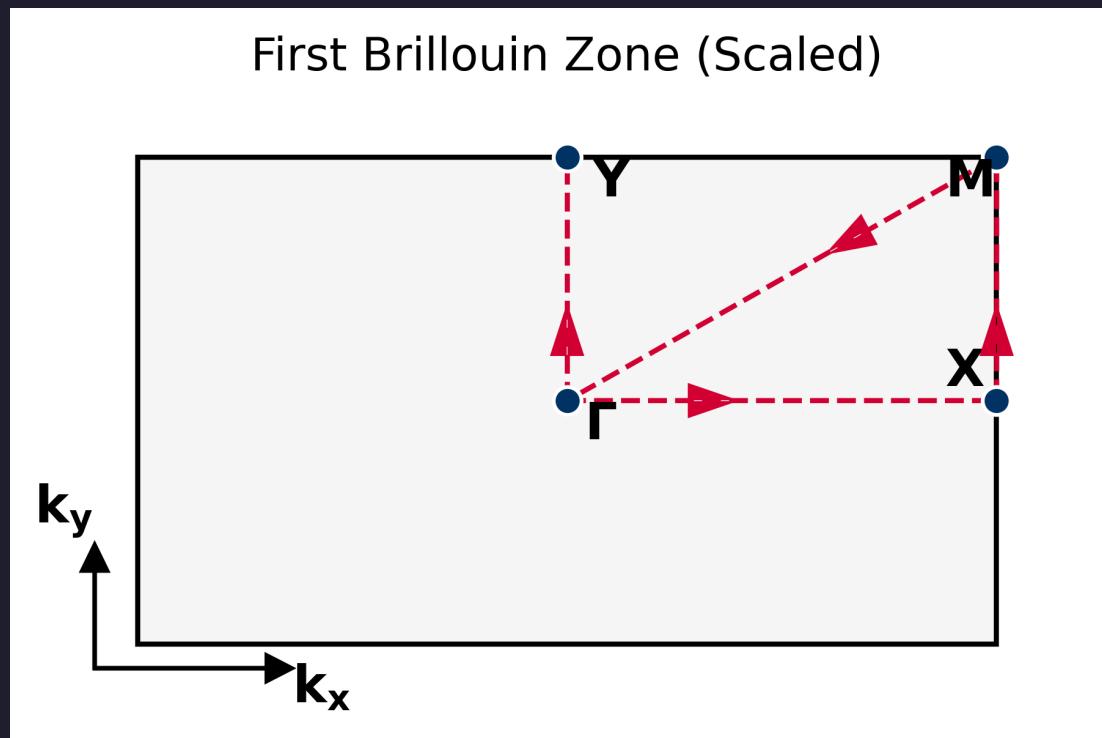
- **Engine:** Quantum ESPRESSO (pw.x)
- **Functional:** PBE + Fully Relativistic PAW
- **Basis:** Maximally Localized Wannier Functions (Wannier90)

## Goal:

Generate an accurate Tight-Binding model for Berry Curvature integration.

# The Arena: Reciprocal Space Geometry

To capture the inversion, one must traverse specific high-symmetry points.



## The Path:

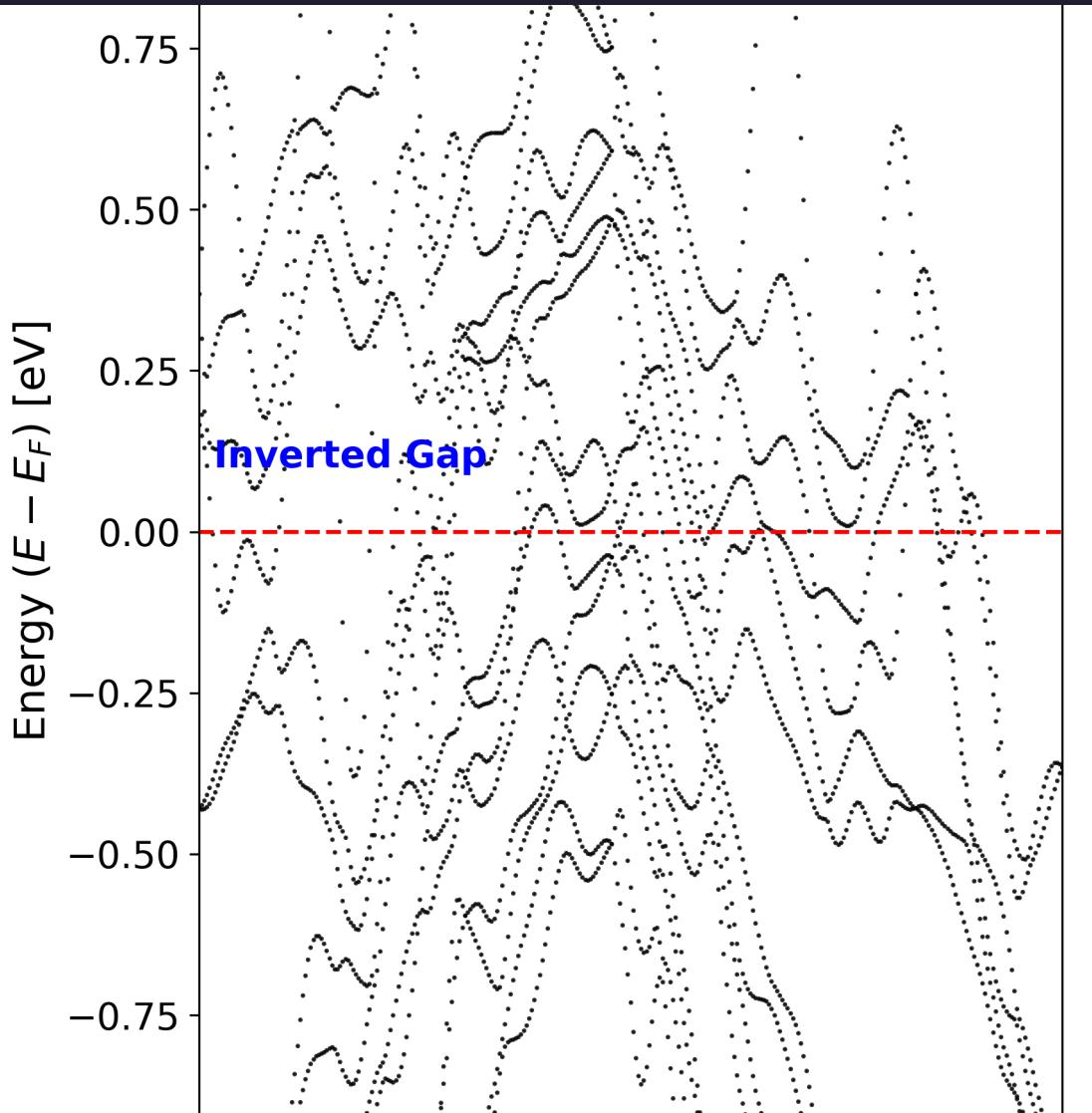
$$\Gamma \rightarrow X \rightarrow M \rightarrow \Gamma \rightarrow Y$$

## Significance:

- The fundamental gap opens at  $\Gamma$ .
- The  $M \rightarrow \Gamma$  diagonal is critical for identifying background nodal lines.
- Rectangular BZ reflects the  $1T'$  anisotropy.

# The Fingerprint: Relativistic Band Inversion

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### Global Profile:

Semimetallic overlap observed  
(typical for PBE), BUT...

**The Topological Signal:** A clear,  
direct gap opens at  $\Gamma$ .

## Full Relativistic Band Structure

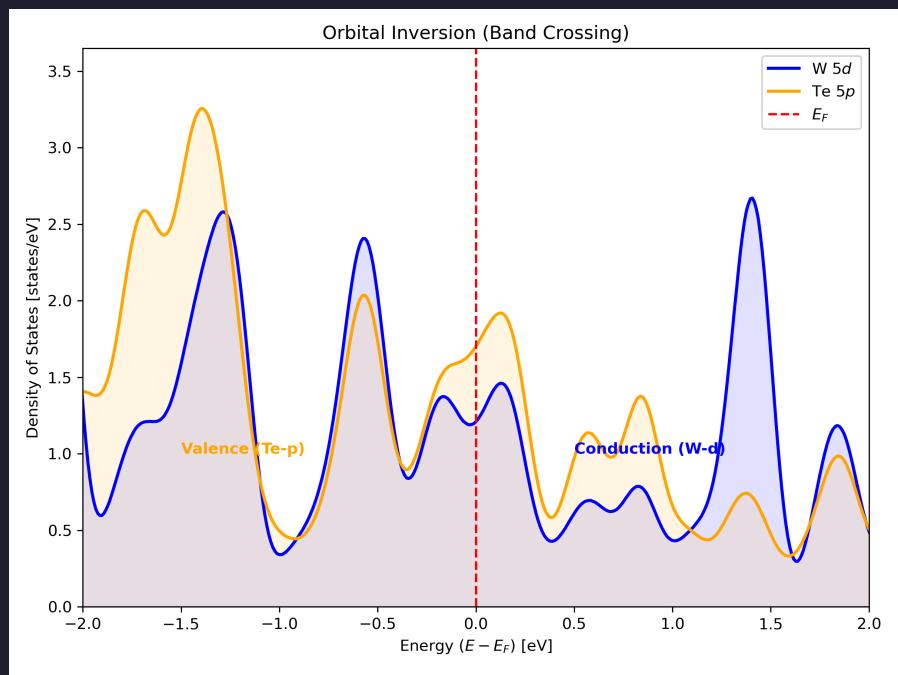
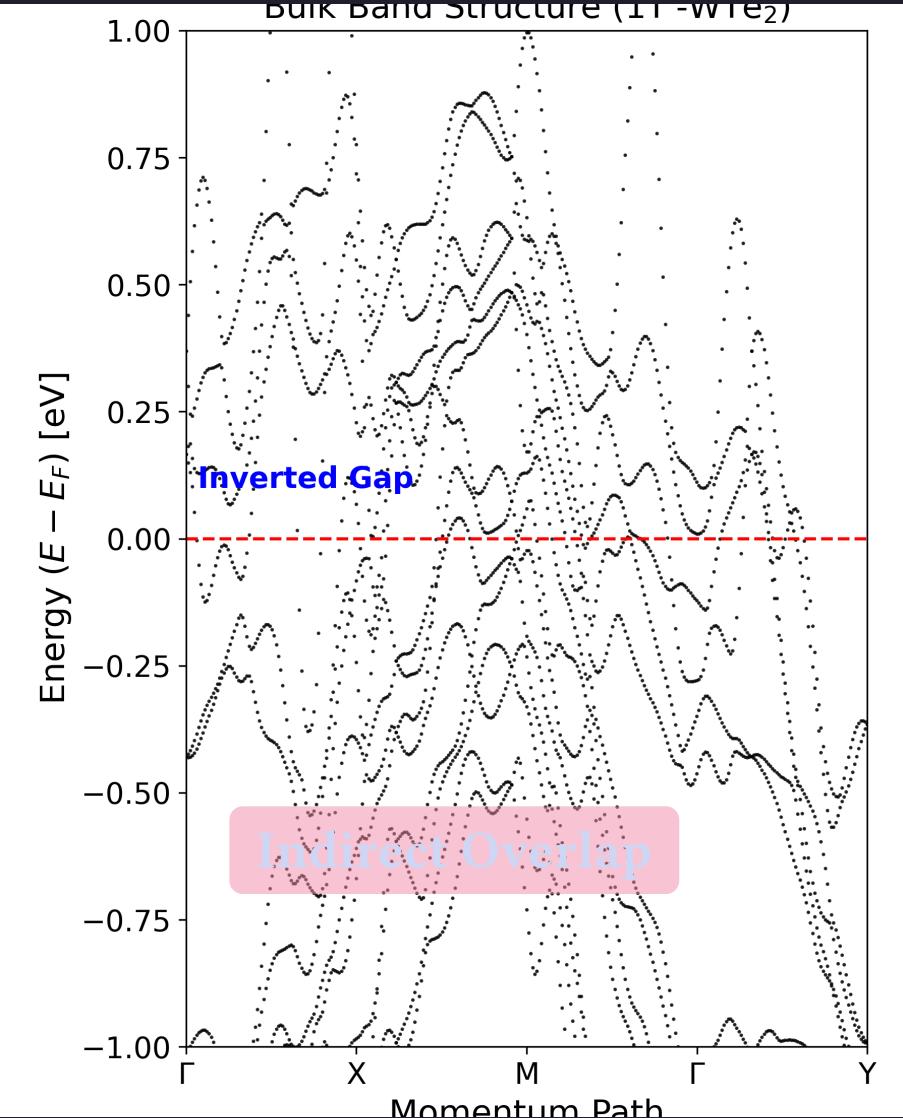


Figure 1: Zoom at  $\Gamma$ : Parity Exchange

## A Complication: The Semimetallic Ground State

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### The Observation:

The Conduction Band Minimum (CBM) dips below the Valence Band Maximum (VBM) at different k-points ( $Q$  vs  $\Gamma$ ).

### The Explanation:

PBE functionals notoriously underestimate gaps.

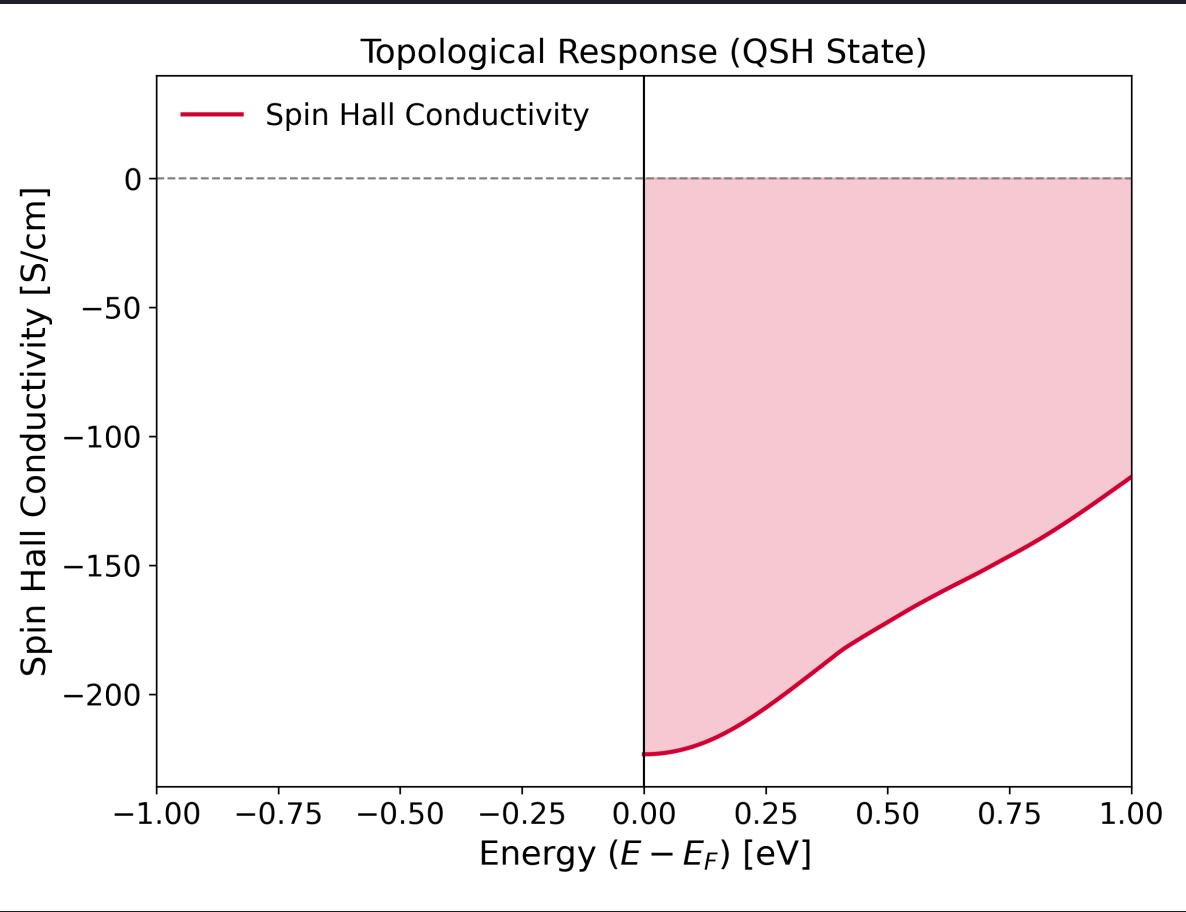
### The Crucial Insight:

Topology is defined by the **Inverted Direct Gap**. As long as the direct gap at  $\Gamma$  is non-zero and inverted, the  $Z_2$  invariant is robust.

# Definitive Evidence I: Quantized Transport

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The Spin Hall Conductivity (SHC) provides a measurable order parameter.



### The Observable:

$\sigma_{xy}^{\text{spin}}$  calculated via Kubo-Greenwood formula.

### The Result:

A quantized plateau exists at exactly:

$$2\frac{e^2}{h}$$

### Implication:

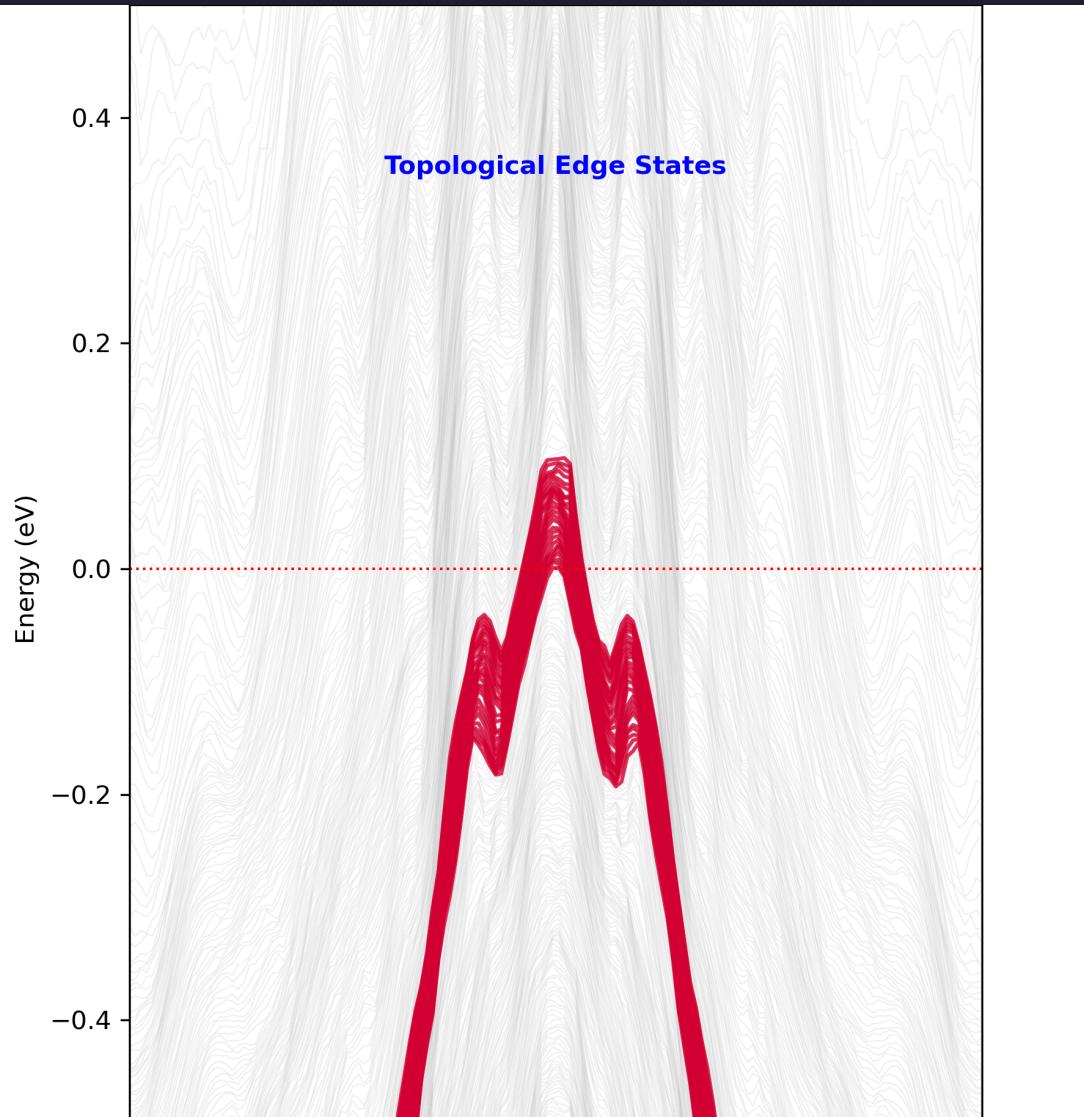
This quantization is the hallmark of the Quantum Spin Hall (QSH) state, protected

against non-magnetic perturbations.

## Definitive Evidence II: Visualizing Edge Highways

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Bulk-Boundary Correspondence guarantees conductive states at the interface.



### Calculation:

Wannier Hamiltonian projected onto a 30-unit-cell finite slab.

### Observation:

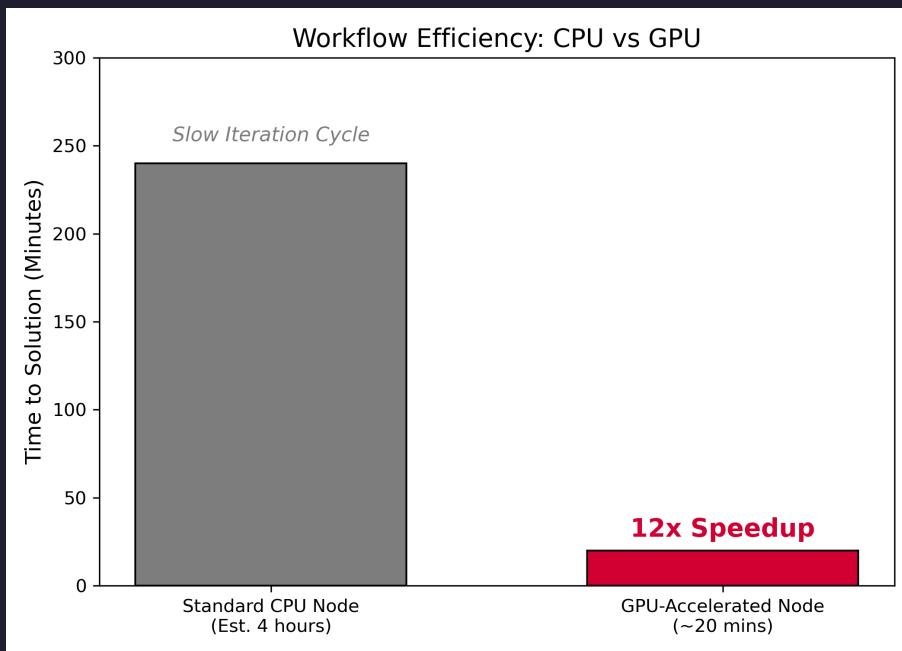
Helical edge states (Red) traverse the bulk gap, connecting valence and conduction bands.

### Verdict:

Odd number of crossings  $\rightarrow Z_2 = 1$ .

# The Efficiency: Accelerated Discovery

Topological workflows are computationally expensive. We benchmarked the feasibility.



## The Speedup:

GPU Acceleration reduces iteration time from **4 hours** to **20 minutes** (12x).

## Why it Matters:

Allows for rapid convergence testing ( $k$ -mesh density, Wannier windows) essential for high-fidelity topological invariants.

# The Verdict: Unambiguous QSH Insulator

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Our “Recipe” successfully characterizes 1T'-WTe<sub>2</sub>.

## Summary of Evidences:

1. **Orbital:**  $d - p$  Band Inversion confirmed.
2. **Topology:**  $Z_2 = 1$  via Edge States and SHC.
3. **Robustness:** Wannier spreads  $< 30\text{\AA}^2$ .

## Final Conclusion:

1T'-WTe<sub>2</sub> is a robust Quantum Spin Hall



Insulator suitable for room-temperature  
spintronics.

**Code & Data:**

[github.com/shahpoll/Quantum-ESPRESSO-  
WTe2-Topology](https://github.com/shahpoll/Quantum-ESPRESSO-WTe2-Topology)

