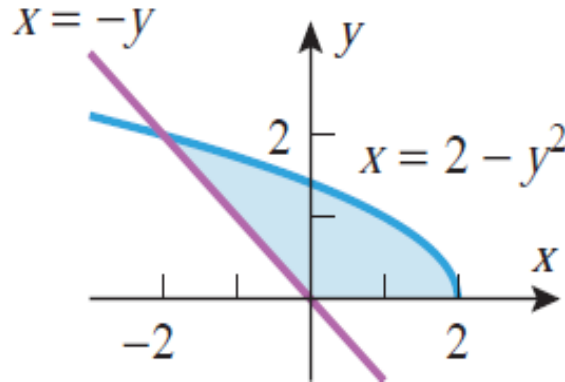


(Answer all the questions)

1. Find two x-intercepts of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} - \sqrt{x}$  and find the value of c, so that  $f'(c) = 0$  at some point c between those intercepts. [3]

2. Find the area of the shaded region by integration. [3]



3. Evaluate the following indefinite integrals:

(a)  $\int e^x \sin x dx$  [3]

(b)  $\int \frac{4x}{x^2+1} dx$  [3]

4. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^4}{4} - 2\frac{x^3}{3} - 5\frac{x^2}{2} + 6x + 5$

- (a) Find the relative maxima and relative minima. [3]

- (b) Find the absolute maxima and absolute minima. [3]

5. Evaluate the following definite integrals:

(a)  $\int_2^4 (5x^4 + 6x^3 - 2x^2 - 8x) dx$  [3]

(b)  $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\cos x + \sec x}{3 \cos x} dx$  [3]

6. If  $f(x, y) = y^2 e^{-3x} - x^3 \sin y$ , then find the following partial derivatives:

(a)  $f_{xx}$  [3]

(b)  $f_{yy}$  [3]