

Name: Abdullah al Tamim

ID: 2020-1-60-127

Class test - 2

1) a) Here,

Years of experience (Independent) = x

Amount of sales = y

We know,

$$r = \frac{n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{\sqrt{[n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2][n \sum y^2 - (\sum y)^2]}}$$
$$= 0.9688$$

So there is strong positive linear relationship between x and y .

b) Here,

Years of experience is independent, x

Amount of sales is dependent, y

$$\therefore b = \frac{n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2} = \$ (4.99 \times 1000) = \$ 4990/\text{year}$$

If the years of experience is increased by 1 year, the

amount of sales will be increased by '\$4490.

$$a = \frac{\sum y}{n} - b \frac{\sum x}{n} = \$ (74.77 \times 1000) = \$74,770$$

If there is no effect of money, then the amount of sales is \$74,770.

$$\therefore \hat{y} = 74.77 + 4.49x$$

1] Given,
experience of worker, $x = 9$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Then, } \hat{y} &= 74.77 + 4.49 \times 9 \\ &= \$ (115.18 \times 1000) = \$115,180. \end{aligned}$$

2] Given, $\lambda = 3$ visitons per minute

$$\therefore P[X=0] = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!} = 0.05$$

b) Here,

$$\lambda = \frac{3}{2} \text{ visitors per 30 sec}$$

$$P[X \geq 1] = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^n}{n!} = 0.877$$

3) a) $P[X=5] = 0.15$

b) $P[X > 3] = 0.65$

c) $P[X=4 | X \leq 7] = \frac{P[X=4 \cap X \leq 7]}{P[X \leq 7]}$
 $= \frac{0.2}{0.70} = 0.29$

d) Mean $= \sum (n \times P(n))$
 $= 4.8$

a) Here,

$$p = 0.8, \quad n = 1$$

$$\therefore P[X=1] = {}^1C_1 (0.8)^1 (1-0.8)^{1-1} = 0.8$$

b) Here,

$$p = 0.8, \quad n = 2$$

$$\therefore P[X \geq 1] = 1 - P(0) = 0.96$$