

## *Solutions to the Homework Problems*

1. Find the direction cosines of the line which is equally inclined to the axes.

### **Solution:**

Let the direction cosines of a line are  $l, m, n$  where

$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma$$

That means,  $l = m = n$

Let,

$$l = m = n = a$$

We know,

$$l^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 3a^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\therefore l = m = n = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

2. Show that the line joining the two points (0, 1, 2) and (3, 4, 6) is parallel to the line joining the two points (−4, 3, −6) and (5, 12, 6).

**Solution:**

We have,

$$(0, 1, 2) \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet (3, 4, 6)$$

$$a_1 = 3$$

$$b_1 = 3$$

$$c_1 = 4$$

$$a_2 = 9$$

$$b_2 = 9$$

$$c_2 = 12$$

$$(-4, 3, -6) \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet (5, 12, 6)$$

For the first line,

$$l_1 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}}$$

$$n_1 = \frac{4}{\sqrt{34}}$$

For the second line,

$$l_2 = \frac{9}{\sqrt{306}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{9}{\sqrt{306}}$$

$$n_2 = \frac{12}{\sqrt{306}}$$

Now we have,

$$\begin{aligned} & l_1 l_2 + m_1 m_2 + n_1 n_2 \\ &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{306}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{306}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{34}} \times \frac{12}{\sqrt{306}} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

3. Show that the three lines whose direction cosines are proportional to  $2, 1, 1$  ;  $4, \sqrt{3} - 1, -\sqrt{3} - 1$  and  $4, -\sqrt{3} - 1, \sqrt{3} - 1$  respectively are inclined to each other at an angle  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ .

**Solution:**

Given,

$$a_1 = 2$$

$$b_1 = 1$$

$$c_1 = 1$$

$$a_2 = 4$$

$$b_2 = \sqrt{3} - 1$$

$$c_2 = -\sqrt{3} - 1$$

$$a_3 = 4$$

$$b_3 = -\sqrt{3} - 1$$

$$c_3 = \sqrt{3} - 1$$

For the first line,

$$l_1 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

$$n_1 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

For the second line,

$$l_2 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{-\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}$$

$$n_2 = -\frac{\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}$$

For the third line,

$$l_3 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$m_3 = -\frac{\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}$$

$$n_3 = \frac{-\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}$$

Now, the angle between first line and second line is

$$\cos\theta = l_1l_2 + m_1m_2 + n_1n_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \times \left(\frac{-\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

The angle between first line and third line is,

$$\cos\theta = l_1l_3 + m_1m_3 + n_1n_3$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \times \left(\frac{-\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{2}}{12}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

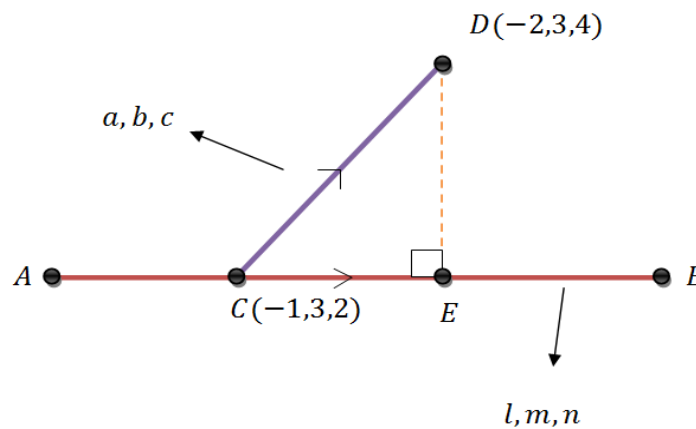
$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

∴ The three lines are inclined to each other at an angle

$$\frac{\pi}{3}.$$

4. Find the distance of the point  $(-2, 3, 4)$  from the line through the point  $(-1, 3, 2)$  whose direction cosines are proportional to  $12, 3, -4$ .

**Solution:**



Now,

$$CD = \sqrt{(-2 + 1)^2 + (3 - 3)^2 + (4 - 2)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow CD = \sqrt{5}$$



Since the direction cosines are proportional to  $12, 3, -4$  of the line  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ .

That is, the direction ratios of the line  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  are

$$a = 12$$

$$b = 3$$

$$c = -4$$

Now the direction cosines of the line  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  are

$$l = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$m = \frac{3}{13}$$

$$n = -\frac{4}{13}$$

Direction ratios of the line  $\overrightarrow{CD}$  are

$$a = -1$$

$$b = 0$$

$$c = 2$$

Now,

The Projection of  $\overrightarrow{CD} = CE = |al + bm + cn|$

$$= \left| (-1) \times \frac{12}{13} + 2 \times \left( -\frac{4}{13} \right) \right|$$

$$= \left| -\frac{20}{13} \right|$$

$$= \frac{20}{13}$$

From the right-angled triangle CED we can write

$$CD^2 = ED^2 + CE^2$$

$$\Rightarrow ED^2 = CD^2 - CE^2$$

$$\Rightarrow ED = \sqrt{(\sqrt{5})^2 - \left(\frac{20}{13}\right)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow ED = \frac{\sqrt{445}}{13} \text{ unit.}$$