

## BANGLADESH TECHNICAL EDUCATION BOARD

Agargoan, Dhaka-1207.

# 4-YEAR DIPLOMA-IN-ENGINEERING PROGRAM SYLLABUS (PROBIDHAN-2016) (খসড়া)

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY CODE: 67 FIRST SEMESTER

## DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING PROBIDHAN-2016

## Electritrical Technology 1st Semester

	Subject Code	Name of the subject	Т	P	С	Marks				
Sl. No						Theory		Practical		
						Cont. assess	Final exam	Cont. assess	Final exam	Total
1	66711	Basic Electricity	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
2	66713	Electrical Engineering Materials	2	0	2	40	60	0	0	100
3	66811	Basic Electronics	2	3	3	40	60	25	25	150
4	61011	Engineering Drawing	0	6	2	0	0	50	50	100
5	65911	Mathematics-1	3	3	4	60	90	50	0	200
6	65913	Chemistry	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
7	65812	Physical & Life Skill Education	0	3	1	0	0	25	25	50
		Total	13	21	20	260	390	200	150	1000

## **BASIC ELECTRICITY**

T P C 3 3 4

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- To familiarize the basic electrical quantities & laws and to apply them in solving problems of electrical circuits.
- To acquaint with electro-chemistry, electro-magnetism, electro-magnetic induction and electrostatic.
- To introduce electrical wiring.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

Electric current, voltage, resistance; ohm's law; Conductors, semiconductors and insulators; Basic electrical circuits; Power and energy; Basic electro-chemistry; Electro-magnetism; Electro-magnetic induction; Electrostatics; Wires and cables; Hand tools used in wiring; House wiring; Controlling devices; Protective devices; Earthing.

#### **DETAIL DESCRIPTION**

## **Theory:**

## ELECTRIC CURRENT, VOLTAGE & RESISTANCE

- 1 Understand electricity and its nature.
  - 1.1 State the meaning of electricity.
  - 1.2 Describe the structure of atom.
  - 1.3 Define current, voltage and resistance.
  - 1.4 State the units of current, voltage and resistance.

#### CONDUCTOR, SEMICONDUCTOR & INSULATOR

- 2 Understand conductor, semiconductor and insulator.
  - 2.1 Define conductor, semiconductor and insulator.
  - 2.2 Explain the conductor, semiconductor, and insulator according to electron theory.
  - 2.3 List different types of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.
  - 2.4 Describe the factors effecting the resistance of a conductor.
  - 2.5 State laws of resistance.
  - 2.6 Prove the relation  $R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$
  - 2.7 Explain the meaning of resistivity and name the unit of resistivity.
  - 2.8 Solve problems relating to laws of resistance.

#### **OHM'S LAW**

#### 3 Understand Ohm's Law

- 3.1 State Ohm's law.
- 3.2 Explain the limitations of Ohm's law
- 3.3 Deduce the relation between current, voltage and resistance.
- 3.4 Solve problems relating to Ohm's law.

#### BASIC ELECTRIC CIRCUITS

#### 4 Understand electric circuit.

- 4.1 Define electric circuit.
- 4.2 State the elements of electrical circuit
- 4.3 Classify electric circuits.
- 4.4 Define series circuit, parallel circuit and mixed circuit.
- 4.5 Describe the characteristic of series circuit and parallel circuit.
- 4.6 Calculate the equivalent resistance of series circuit, parallel circuit and mixed circuit.
- 4.7 Solve problems relating to series, parallel and mixed circuit.

#### **POWER AND ENERGY**

#### 5 Apply the concept of electrical power and energy.

- 5.1 Define electrical power and energy.
- 5.2 State the unit of electrical power and energy.
- 5.3 Show the relation between electrical power and energy.
- 5.4 List the name of instruments for measuring electrical power and energy.
- 5.5 Draw the connection diagram of wattmeter and energy meter in an electrical circuit.
- 5.6 Solve problems relating to electrical power and energy.

## 6 Understand the principles of Joule's law.

- 6.1 Describe the heating effect of electricity.
- 6.2 Explain Joule's law regarding the development of heat in electrical circuit.
- 6.3 Explain Mechanical equivalent of heat (J)
- 6.4 Solve problems relating to Joule's law.

#### **BASIC ELECTRO-CHEMISTRY**

#### 6 Understand the concept of cells.

- 7.1 Describe the meaning of potential difference.
- 7.2 Define the meaning of cell.
- 7.3 Classify cell.
- 7.4 Define Primary Cell
- 7.5 List different types of primary Cell
- 7.6 Describe the construction and principle of action of a simple Voltaic cell.
- 7.7 List the defects of a simple Voltaic cell.
- 7.8 Describe the causes of defects of a simple Voltaic cell.
- 7.9 Describe the methods of removing the defects of a simple Voltaic cell.
- 7.10 Distinguish between Primary & Secondary Cell

#### 8 Understand the concept of capacitors and inductors.

- 8.1 Define capacitor and capacitance.
- 8.2 Name the unit of capacitance.
- 8.3 Name the different types of capacitor.
- 8.4 State the uses of capacitor.
- 8.5 Define inductor and inductance.
- 8.6 Name the unit of inductance
- 8.7 Name the different types of inductor.
- 8.8 State the uses of inductor.
- 8.9 Determine the equivalent capacitance of a number of capacitors connected in series and parallel.
- 8.10 Explain energy storage in a capacitor.
- 8.11 Solve the problems relating to capacitors.

#### **ELECTRO - MAGNETISM**

#### 9 Understand Electro - magnetism.

- 9.1 Describe magnetic field, magnetic lines of force and its properties.
- 9.2 Describe field intensity and magnetic flux density.
- 9.3 Distinguish between absolute permeability and relative permeability.
- 9.4 Describe the concept of magnetic effect of electrical current.
- 9.5 States Maxwell's cork screw rule.
- 9.6 Explain the force experienced in a current carrying conductor in a magnetic field.
- 9.7 State Fleming's left hand rule.
- 9.8 Explain the work done by a moving conductor in a magnetic field.
- 9.9 Explain the force between two parallel current carrying conductor.

#### **ELECTRO MAGNETIC INDUCTION**

## 10. Understand electro- magnetic induction.

- 10.1 Define Faraday's laws of electro-magnetic induction.
- 10.2 Describe the magnitude of dynamically induced emf and statically induced emf
- 10.3 Solve problems relating to emf generation.
- 10.4 Define Lenz's law and Fleming's right hand rule for determining the direction of induced emf and current.
- 10.5 Define self induced emf and self inductance.
- 10.6 Explain inductance of a iron cored inductor.
- 10.7 Define mutual inductance and co-efficient of coupling.

#### WIRES AND CABLES

#### 11. Understand the uses of wires and cables.

- 11.1 Define electrical wires and cables.
- 11.2 Distinguish between wires and cables.
- 11.3 Describe the construction and uses of PVC, VIR, TRS or CTS and flexible wires
- 11.4 Describe the procedure of measuring the size of wires and cables by wire gauge.
- 11.5 Describe the current carrying capacity of a wire.

#### JOINTS AND SPLICES

#### 12. Understand the usefulness of joints and splices.

- 12.1 Define the meaning of joints and splices.
- 12.2 State the five steps of making a joint.
- 12.3 Describe the procedure to make a pig tail joint, western union joint, Britannia joint, duplex joint, tap joint, simple splice.
- 12.4 Give example of uses of above mentioned joints.

#### **HOUSE WIRING**

#### 13. Understand the different methods of house wiring.

- 13.1 State the meaning of wiring.
- 13.2 List the types of wiring.
- 13.3 State the procedure for Channel wiring, surface conduit wring and concealed wiring.
- 13.4 State the types of wiring used in :
  - a) Residential building.
  - b) Workshop
  - c) Cinema hall/Auditorium
  - d) Temporary shed
- 13.5 List the name of fittings used in different types of electrical wiring.

#### **CONTROLLING DEVICES**

## 14. Understand the construction and uses of controlling devices.

- 14.1 Define controlling device.
- 14.2 Name the different types of controlling devices.
- 14.3 Describe the constructional features and uses of tumbler switch, iron clad switch, push button switch and gang switch.

#### PROTECTIVE DEVICES

## 15. Understand the construction and uses of protective devices.

- 15.1 Define protective devices.
- 15.2 Name the different types of protective devices.
- 15.3 Name the different types of fuses used in house wiring.
- 15.4 Describe the construction and uses of renewable fuse.
- 15.5 Name the different types of circuit breaker used in house wiring.
- 15.6 Describe safety procedure against electrical hazards.
- 15.7 List the performance of safety practices for electrical equipment, machines and accessories.

#### **EARTHING**

## 16. Understand the necessity of ear thing.

- 16.1 Define earthing and mention the elements of earthing...
- 16.2 Explain necessity of earthing
- 16.3 Name different types of ear thing.
- 16.4 List the value of earthing resistance in different condition.

#### WIRING DIAGRAM

## 17. Apply the principle of controlling electrical circuit by switch.

- 17.1 Sketch the wiring diagram of one lamp controlled by one SPST switch and describe its uses.
- 17.2 Sketch the wiring diagram of one lamp controlled by two SPDT switch and describe its uses.
- 17.3 Draw the wiring diagram of a calling bell.
- 17.4 Draw the wiring diagram of a calling bell with more than one lamp controlled from more than one point.
- 17.5 Draw the wiring diagram of a fluorescent tube light circuit.
- 17.6 Describe the working principle of fluorescent tube light.

## **Practical:**

## 1. Practice with electrical measuring instruments.

- 1.1 Identify Voltmeters, Ammeters, Ohm Meter, Wattmeter, Energy meter and AVO meter.
- 1.2 Select & read the scale of given meters.
- 1.3 Connect correctly voltmeter, ammeter, wattmeter and energy meter to a given circuit...

## 2. Verify Ohm's Law.

- 2.1 Sketch the circuit diagram for the verification of Ohm's Law.
- 2.2 List tools, equipment and material required for the experiment.
- 2.3 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using proper equipment.
- 2.4 Check all connections before the circuit is energized.
- 2.5 Verify the law by collecting relevant data.

## 3. Verify the characteristics of series and parallel circuits.

- 3.1 Draw the working circuit diagram.
- 3.2 List tools, equipment and materials required for the experiment.
- 3.3 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using proper equipment.
- 3.4 Check all connections before the circuit is energized.
- 3.5 Record data and verify that in a series circuit total voltage and resistance is equal to the summation of individual voltage and resistance respectively but total current is equal to the individual current.
- 3.6 Record data and verify that for a parallel circuit supply voltage is equal to the branch voltage, supply current is equal to summation of branch currents and total conductance is equal to the summation of branch conductance.

## 4. Show skill in measuring the power of an electric circuit.

- 4.1 Sketch the necessary circuit diagram of an electrical circuit w electrical load, ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter.
- 4.2 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram using ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter.
- 4.3 Record the power, measured by the wattmeter and verify t reading with that of calculated from ammeter and voltmeter.
- 4.4 Compare the measured data with that of calculated and rat power.

## 5. Show skill in measuring the energy consumed in an electrical circuit.

- 5.1 Sketch the necessary diagram of an electric circuit wattmeter, energy meter and electrical load.
- 5.2 Prepare the circuit according to the circuit diagram user wattmeter and energy meter.
- 5.3 Record the energy measured by the energy meter and verify with that of calculated from wattmeter for a fixed time..

## 6. Make artificial magnets.

- 6.1 Make an artificial magnet by rubbing method (Single touch)
- 6.2 Make an artificial magnet by divided touch method.
- 6.3 Make an artificial magnet by passing electrical current.
- 6.4 Detect the polarity of the produced artificial magnet with the help of a compass needle.

## 7. Practice with hand tools, wires and cables.

- 7.1 List the hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.2 Identify the hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.3 Draw neat sketches of hand tools used in electrical wiring.
- 7.4 Identify different types of wires and cables.
- 7.5 Measure the diameter of the identified wire and cables using standard wire gauge.

## 8. Show skill in making a duplex joint and a T-joint.

- 8.1 Sketch a duplex joint and a T-joint
- 8.2 Perform skinning and scraping of two pieces of PVC duplex cal and two pieces of simplex PVC cables.
- 8.3 Make the joints according to sketches.
- 8.4 Write a report.

## 9. Show skill in preparing wring circuit of two lamps controlled from the points separately.

- 9.1 Sketch a working circuit of two lamps controlled from two point separately.
- 9.2 Make the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment a wiring board.
- 9.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

## 10. Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of one lamp controlled from the points.

- 10.1 Sketch a working diagram of one lamp controlled by two SPD tumbler switches.
- 10.2 Complete the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment on wiring board.
- 10.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

## 11. Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of one bell with two indicating lamp controlled from two points.

- 11.1 Sketch a working diagram of one bell with two indicating lamps controlled by two push button switch.
- 11.2 Make the wiring circuit using required materials and equipment in wiring board.
- 11.3 Test the connection of circuit by providing proper supply.

## 12 Show skill in preparing wiring circuit of a fluorescent tube light.

- 12.1 Sketch a working diagram of a fluorescent tube light circuit.
- 12.3 Make the connection of a fluorescent tube light circuit using required materials and equipment.
- 12.4 Test the connection of the circuit by providing supply.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1 A text book of Electrical Technology
2 Basic Electricity
3 Basic Electrical theory and Practice
4. Solved Examples in Electrical Calculation
5. Introduction to Electrical Engineering
- B. L. Theraja
- Charles W Ryan
- E. B. Babler
- D. K. Sharma
- V.K. Mehta

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- Develop and understand the concept of conducting materials.
- Develop and understand the concept of insulating materials.
- Develop and understand the concept of semi conducting materials.
- Understand the Magnetic materials.
- Understand the transformer oil.
- Understand the optical fiber.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

Conducting and non-conducting materials, Contact materials, High resistive materials, Magnetic materials, Insulating materials, Transformer oil Semi conducting materials, Optical fiber.

#### DETAIL DESCRIPTION

#### Theory:

#### **CONDUCTING MATERIALS**

## 1. Differentiate the conducting and non conducting materials

- 1.1 Define conducting, non conducting and semi conducting materials
- 1.2 Explain energy band diagram of conducting, non conducting and semi conducting materials
- 1.3 Distinguish between conducting, non conducting and semi conducting materials
- 1.4 List at least five names of each group of materials

## 2. Understand the concept of receptivity and mechanical properties of conducting materials

- 2.1 Define receptivity of materials
- 2.2 Define temperature co-efficient of materials and melting point of solid materials.
- 2.3 List the factors affecting receptivity of electrical materials.
- 2.4 Define malleability, conductivity and tensile-stress
- 2.5 Describe the mechanical properties and receptivity of hard and annealed copper, aluminum, low and high tensile steel.

## 3. Understand the concept of contact materials

- 3.1 Define contact materials
- 3.2 Describe the physical and electrical properties of silver, tungsten, carbon and copper.
- 3.3 Explain the use of copper, carbon and graphite as materials for brushes.
- 3.4 Compare the advantages of using copper, carbon and graphite as brushes materials

#### 4. Understand the high resistive materials

- 4.1 Define the term high resistivity.
- 4.2 State general properties of nichrome, eureka, manganin, german silver, tungsten and carbon.
- 4.3 State composition of nichrome, eureka, manganin, german silver and tungsten.
- 4.4 List uses of high resistive materials.

#### 5. Understand the concepts of fuse materials

- 5.1 Define fuse, metal and alloys.
- 5.2 Describe the properties of fuse material.
- 5.3 List the name of metal and alloys to be used as fuse materials.
- 5.4 Compare the advantage of using metals and alloys as fuse materials.

#### **MAGNETIC MATERIALS**

## 6. Understand the magnetic properties of materials

- 6.1 Define magnetic materials, soft magnetic materials and hard magnetic materials with examples.
- 6.2 Classify the magnetic materials as diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic types.
- 6.3 Describe the composition and properties of soft magnetic materials
- 6.5 Describe composition and properties of hard magnetic materials
- 6.6 List the use of hard and soft magnetic, materials.
- 6.7 Describe magnetization curve, hysteresis loop and hysteresis loss.

#### **INSULATING MATERIALS**

## 7. Understand the concepts of insulating materials

- **7.1** Describe insulating materials
- 7.2 State the importance of insulating materials
- 7.3 State the basic of classifying insulating materials.
- 7.4 Interpret the classification of insulating materials on the basic of temperature.
- 7.5 State the criteria for selection of proper insulating materials/
- 7.6 List the properties of ideal insulating materials
- 7.7 State electrical properties of insulating materials
- 7.8 Name the normal range for the receptivity of a low grade, medium grade and high grade insulating materials
- 7.9 State the effect of temperature on the insulating materials.
- 7.10 State the factors effecting the electric breakdown strength of insulating materials.
- 7.11 State the temperature limit for class "C" and class "F" insulating materials
- 7.12 Name insulating materials which can withstand temperature higher than 180 degree C.
- 7.13 State the effect of moisture on the insulating materials
- 7.14 Define "Loss angel" with respect to an insulating materials

#### 8. Understand the characteristics of solid insulating materials

8.1 Define solid insulating materials.

- 8.2 List the solid insulating materials
- 8.3 List the fibrous type of insulating materials
- 8.4 State the properties and application of cotton, varnish, cloth and insulating materials
- 8.5 Compare the properties and applications of cotton, varnish, cloth and silk insulating materials
- 8.6 State the properties of impregnated paper insulation
- 8.7 List the application of impregnated paper insulation materials
- 8.8 State the properties of glass and asbestos insulation
- 8.9 List the application of glass and asbestos insulation
- 8.10 Describe the properties and application of ceramic/porcelain insulating materials
- 8.11 List two types of Mica insulating materials
- 8.12 State the properties and application of Mica
- 8.13 Write down the properties of Poly ISO Butyle (PIB) insulating materials
- 8.14 State the properties of cross link Poly Ethylene (XLPE) insulating materials
- 8.15 List the application of Poly ISO Butyle and cross Link Poly Ethylene insulating materials
- 8.16 Short description and application of Silicon resins and Epoxy resins.
- 8.17 State the importance of mechanical properties for insulating materials
- 8.18 Define gasket.
- 8.19 Mention the composition, properties and application of gasket.
- 8.20 Prepare a list of insulating materials used in Transformer.

#### 9. Understand the characteristics of Liquid Insulating Materials

- 9.1 Define insulating oil.
- 9.2 State the properties of insulating oil
- 9.3 State the physical properties of liquid insulating materials
- 9.4 Describe the electrical properties of liquid insulating materials
- 9.5 State thermal properties of liquid insulating materials
- 9.6 Describe the causes of failure of insulating oil
- 9.7 Compare the advantages and disadvantages of liquid insulating materials with the solid insulating materials
- 9.8 State the uses of insulating oil in high voltage equipments.

## 10. Understand Transformer oil and Silica gel

- 10.1 Define transformer oil.
- 10.2 Describe the properties of transformer oil.
- 10.3 Explain the testing of dielectric strength of transformer oil.
- 10.5 Discuss the contamination and purification of transformer oil.
- 10.6 Define silica gel.
- 10.7 Mention the composition of silica gel.
- 10.8 Describe the properties of silica gel.

- 10.9 Discuss the importance of silica gel.
- 11. Understand the characteristics of gaseous insulating materials
- 11.1 Define gaseous insulating materials.
- 11.2 List the gaseous insulating materials
- 11.3 State the characteristics of gaseous insulating materials
- 11.4 State the characteristics of SF6 gas
- 11.5 List the advantages of SF6 gas
- 11.6 State the characteristics of Nitrogen
- 11.7 State the characteristics of Hydrogen
- 11.8 List the uses of gaseous insulating materials

#### SEMI-CONDUCTING MATERIALS

- 12. Understand the semi-conducting materials
- 12.1 Define semi-conductor
- 12.2 Classify the semi-conducting materials
- 12.3 Describe the properties of semi-conducting materials
- 12.4 State the importance of semi-conducting materials
- 12.5 Identify the physical and electrical properties of semi-conductor.
- 12.6 State the Hall Effect
- 12.7 Describe the uses of semi-conducting materials
- 12.8 Discuss the uses of photo-conducting materials
- 12.9 Describe Gallium Arsenide materials
- 12.10 Describe the properties of Gallium Arsenide materials
- 12.11 Describe the uses of Gallium Arsenide materials

#### OPTICAL FIBER

- 13. Understand the concept of optical fiber
- 13.1 Define optical fiber
- 13.2 Materials used for commercial optical fiber.
- 13.3 Describe the construction details of optical fiber
- 13.4 Discuss the types of optical fiber
- 13.5 Describe the advantages of optical fiber
- 13.6 Describe the applications of optical fiber

#### REFFERENCE BOOKS

• Engineering Materials by Dakker

• Engineering Materials by Sushil

- Optical Fiber Communications by John M. Senior
- Text Book of Electrical Engineering by Raina, Bhattacharya, Joneja
- Electrical Engineering Materials by N. Alagappan & N.T Kumer

#### **BASIC ELECTRONICS**

T P C 2 3 3

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- To provide the understanding skill on Electronic Components, Electronic measuring and testing equipments.
- To provide understanding and skill on the basic concept of semiconductor junction and to identify
  physically a range of semiconductor diodes.
- To develop comprehensive knowledge and skill on special diodes and devices.
- To develop the abilities to construct different rectifier circuits.
- To provide understanding of the basic concept and principle of transistor and to identify physically a range of transistor.
- To provide understanding and skill on the basic concept of logic gates.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

Electronic components; measuring and test equipment; Color code and soldering; Semiconductor; P-N junction diode; Special diodes and devices; Power supply; Transistor; Transistor amplifier; Logic gates.

#### DETAIL DESCRIPTION

### Theory:

- 1. Understand the Electronics, its components and measuring and testing equipments.
  - 1.1 Define Electronics.
  - 1.2 Describe the scope of Electronics.
  - 1.3 Describe the active and passive components used in electronic circuits.
  - 1.4 Define Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor and mention the function of them in electronic circuits.
  - 1.5 Describe the procedure of determining the value of Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor using numeric and color code.
  - Describe the function of (i) Ammeter, (ii) Volt meter, (iii) AVO meter, (iv) Function Generator, (v) Logic Probe, (vi) Semiconductor Device Tester and (vii) Oscilloscope.

## 2. Understand the Concept of Semiconductor used in Electronics.

- 2.1 Define Semiconductor.
- 2.2 Describe covalent bond and the effect of temperature on Semiconductor.
- 2.3 Explain the energy band diagram of Conductor, Semiconductor and Insulator.
- 2.4 Explain the characteristics of Carbon, Silicon, Germanium and Gallium Arsenide.
- 2.5 Describe the classification of Semiconductor.
- 2.6 Describe the generation & recombination of hole and electron during doping in Extrinsic Semiconductor.
- 2.7 Describe the formation of P-type & N-Type Semiconductor material.
- 2.8 Explain the majority & minority charge carrier of P-type & N-Type Semiconductor.

## 3. Understand the Concept of P-N Junction Diode

- 3.1 Define PN junction diode
- 3.2 Describe the formation of depletion layer in PN junction.
- 3.3 Discuss potential barrier, drift & diffusion current and their physical significance.
- 3.4 Explain forward and reverse bias in PN junction with barrier voltage.
- 3.5 Mention the behavior of PN junction under forward and reverse bias.
- 3.6 Explain the forward and reverse Voltage-Current (VI) characteristics curve of PN junction diode.
- 3.7 Define (I) static resistance, (II) Dynamic resistance, (III) Forward breakdown voltage and (IV) Peak Inverse Voltage (PIV) and (IV) Reverse break down voltage.
- 3.8 Describe the specification of PN Junction diode.

#### 4. Understand the DC power supply.

- 4.1 Define dc power supply and describe its importance in electronics.
- 4.2 Define regulated and unregulated power supply.
- 4.3 Describe the operation of a typical regulated dc power supply with block diagram.
- 4.4 Define rectifier and rectification.
- 4.5 Explain the operation of Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier circuit.
- 4.6 Determine the ripple factor, efficiency and TUF of Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier.
- 4.7 Define filter circuit and explain the operation of Capacitor, Inductor-Capacitor and pi  $(\pi)$  filter circuit.

#### 5. Understand the Concepts of Special diodes.

- 5.1 Define Zener Diode.
- 5.2 Describe the operation of Zener diode.
- 5.3 Explain VI characteristics of Zener diode.
- 5.4 Explain Zener diode as a auto-variable resistor.
- 5.5 Describe the application of Zener diode in (i) voltage stabilization, (ii) meter protection and (iii) peck clipper circuits.
- Describe the construction, operation and application of (i) Tunnel diode, (ii) Varactor diode, (iii) Schottky diode, (iv) Step-Recovery diode, (v) PIN diode, (vi) LED, (vii) LCD, (viii) photo diode and (ix) Solar cell.

## 6. Understand the construction and operation of Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)

- 6.1 Define Transistor.
- 6.2 Describe the construction of PNP and NPN Transistor.
- 6.3 State the biasing rules of BJT.
- 6.4 Explain the mechanism of current flow of PNP and NPN Transistor.
- 6.5 Establish the relation among Base, Emitter and Collector current ( $I_E = I_C + I_B$ ).
- 6.6 Draw the three basic transistor configuration (CB, CC, CE) circuits.
- 6.7 Describe current amplification factor  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .
- 6.8 Establish the relation among  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .
- 6.9 Solve problem related to  $I_{E_{\alpha}}I_{C_{\alpha}}I_{B_{\alpha}}\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$

#### 7. Understand the concept of BJT Amplifier

- 7.1 Define (i) Amplifier, (ii) Amplification and (III) Gain.
- 7.2 Mention the classification of Amplifier.
- 7.3 Describe the principle of operation of a common emitter (CE) Amplifier.
- 7.4 Draw DC & AC equivalent circuits of the CE amplifier circuit.
- 7.5 Mention the formula of (i) Input resistance, (ii) Output Resistance, (iii) Current gain, (iv) Voltage gain and (v) power gain.
- 7.6 Solve problem related to different gain and resistance.

#### 8. Understand the main feature of digital electronics

- 8.1 Describe the difference between analog and digital system.
- 8.2 State the advantage of digital system over analog system.
- 8.3 Define logic gate.
- 8.4 Describe the basic logic gates and their function (AND gate, OR gate and NOT circuit or INVERTER).
- 8.5 Describe the NAND, NOR, XOR & XNOR logic gates and their function.
- 8.6 Define Truth table and Prepare truth table to describe the function of AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR and XNOR logic gates.

#### **Practical**:

#### 1 Show skill in identifying the electronic components.

- 1.1 Observe the electronic components board and read the manuals.
- 1.2 Identify the different types of resistors with their values, tolerance and wattage.
- 1.3 Identify the different types of potentiometer with their values and wattage.
- 1.4 Identify the different types of capacitors with their values, dc working voltages and types.
- 1.5 Identify the different types of diode and rectifier with the specification numbers and specifications.
- 1.6 Identify the different types of transistors with their specification number and specifications.
- 1.7 Identify the different types of LED's, IC's and miniature relays with their specification number and specification.
- 1.8 Identify different types of transformer with their specification.
- 1.9 Identify different inductors with their values and current ratings.
- 1.10 Study the printed circuit boards.
- 1.11 Sketch the symbols of components used in electronic circuits.
- 1.12 Describe the basic function of each component.
- 1.13 Write a report on above activities.

#### 2 Show skill in electrical measurement.

- 2.1 Perform simple voltage and current measurements on basic series and parallel resistor circuits using the following instruments.
  - a) Voltmeters and ammeters.
  - b) AVO meters.
  - c) Digital multi-meter.
  - d) Basic CRO.

#### 3 Show skill for determining the values of different resistors and capacitors with the help of color code.

- 3.1 Select color code resistors of different values.
- 3.2 Identify the colors and their numerical numbers.
- 3.3 Determine the value of resistors with tolerance.
- 3.4 Determine the value of capacitors and dc working voltage.
- 3.5 Write a report on above activities.

#### 4 Show skill in performing soldering.

- 4.1 Select wires (single strand and multi strand) and cut wires to required length.
- 4.2 Select soldering iron, soldering tag and soldering lead.
- 4.3 Remove wire insulation to required length.
- 4.4 Clean and tin both iron and work piece.
- 4.5 Use a tinned iron in order to transfer adequate heat to the joint.
- 4.6 Joint two singles stranded wires mechanically and solder.
- 4.7 Joint two multi-strand wires mechanically and solder.
- 4.8 Perform soldering exercise for making three dimensional wire frames.
- 4.9 Sketch and write a report on the job.

## 5 Show skill in soldering & de-soldering of electronic components and wires to the other components and circuit boards.

- 5.1 Select electronic components, wires and PCB.
- 5.2 Determine the rating of the soldering iron suitable for the work piece.
- 5.3 Clean and tin both iron & work piece.
- 5.4 Feed new soldering materials to the tinned and heated joint in order to produce a correct soldering.
- 5.5 Check the quality of soldering.
- 5.6 Clean and tin iron and de-solder the joint and components.
- 5.7 Use solder suckers and solder braid for de-soldering.
- 5.8 Write a report on the Job.

#### 6 Show skill in checking the semi-conductor diode.

- 6.1 Collect a range of semi-conductor diodes and manufactures literature.
- 6.2 Select the digital multi-meter and set the selector switch to ohm range.
- 6.3 Determine the specification of semi-conductor diode.
- 6.4 Compare the determined specification with that of manufactures literature.
- 6.5 Measure forward & reverse resistances of the diode.
- 6.6 Identify P and N side of the diode.
- 6.7 Determine the condition of the diode.

#### 7 Show skill in sketching forward and reverse characteristics curves of a semiconductor diode.

- 7.1 Select meter, power supply, components and materials.
- 7.2 Complete circuit according to circuit diagram for forward bias.
- 7.3 Check all connections.
- 7.4 Measure forward bias and corresponding forward current.
- 7.5 Record results in tabular form.
- 7.6 Connect circuit according to circuit diagram of reverse bias.
- 7.7 Measure reverse bias and corresponding reverse current.
- 7.8 Record results in tabular form.
- 7.9 Sketch the curves from collected data.

## 8 Show skill in sketching waves of half wave rectifier circuit.

- 8.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- 8.2 Complete circuit of a half wave rectifier according to circuit diagram.
- 8.3 Check the circuit before operation.
- 8.4 Measure the input and output voltage and observe wave shapes in the oscilloscope.
- 8.5 Sketch the input and output voltage wave shape.

## 9 Show skill in sketching waves of full wave center tapped rectifier circuit.

- 9.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- 9.2 Complete a full wave rectifier circuit according to circuit diagram.
- 9.3 Check the circuit supply & polarity of supply.
- 9.4 Measure the input & output voltages and observe wave shapes in the oscilloscope.
- 9.5 Sketch the output voltage wave shape.
- 9.6 Compare the result with full wave rectifier circuit.

#### 10 Show skill in constructing full wave bridge rectifier.

- 10.1 Select meter, component, oscilloscope and materials.
- Build the circuit according to the circuit diagram.
- 10.3 Check the circuit.
- 10.4 Measure the input and output voltage.
- 10.5 Observe wave shape.
- 10.6 Compare the result with other rectifiers.

#### 11 Show skill in identifying the bipolar junction transistor.

- 11.1 Select PNP and NPN bipolar junction transistors.
- 11.2 Take DMM and manufacture's literature of transistor.
- 11.3 Identify transistor terminals.
- 11.4 Measure base-emitter, base-collector, forward and reverse resistance.
- 11.5 Determine the specifications with help of manufacturer's literatures.
- 11.6 Identify PNP and NPN transistor.

## 12 Show skill in determining input and output characteristics of a transistor in common emitter connection.

- 12.1 Select component, AVO meters, circuit board and required materials.
- 12.2 Construct the circuit.
- 12.3 Adjust the biasing voltage to appropriate point.
- 12.4 Record input and output voltage and current.
- 12.5 Plot the curve with recorded data.

## 13 Show skill in testing special diodes.

- 13.1 Select different types of special diodes.
- 13.2 Set the AVO meter in the ohm scale.
- 13.3 Measure resistances for each of two terminals.
- 13.4 Determine the condition (good and bad).
- 13.5 Determine the different terminals.

## 14 Verify the truth tables of different types of logic gates.

- 14.1 Select the specific gate.
- 14.2 Prepare the experimental circuit.
- 14.3 Adjust the power supply.
- 14.4 Verify the truth table.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. A Text Book Of Applied Electronics R.S. Sedha
- 2. Principles Of Electronics V. K. Mehta
- 3. Basic Electronics (Solid Stater) B. L. Theraja
- 4. Electronic Devices And Circuit Theory Robert Boylestad
  - Louis Nashelsky

0 6 2

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- To develop the ability to use various drawing instruments and materials.
- To enable in constructing and using various types of scales in drawing.
- To provide the ability to construct various geometrical figures.
- To enable to adopt various symbols used in drawing.
- To understand the orthographic and isometric projection.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

Drawing instruments and their uses; Lettering, numbering and constructing title strip; Adopting alphabet of lines and dimensioning; Constructing scales; Constructing geometrical figures; Constructing conic sections; Adopting symbols; Views and isometric projections.

#### **DETAIL DESCRIPTION**

## DRAWING INSTRUMENTS AND MATERIALS

- 1 Practice with drawing instruments and materials for basic drawing technique.
  - 1.1 Identify the different types of drawing instruments.
  - 1.2 Use different types of drafting equipment.
  - 1.3 Use different types of drafting software.
  - 1.4 Identify the standard sizes of drawing board and sheets.
  - 1.5 Draw the border lines in drawing sheets following standard rule.
  - 1.6 Draw horizontal, vertical and inclined lines with the help of set squares and T-square.
  - 1.7 Draw 15 degree, 75 degree, 105 degree and 120 degree angles with the help of set squares.
  - 1.8 Use lettering guide, template, scale pantograph and French curve.

#### LETTERING NUMBERING AND TITLE STRIP

- 2 Letter and number freehand and with instruments.
  - 2.1 Identify the necessity of good lettering in engineering drawing.
  - 2.2 Draw freehand single stroke vertical letters from A to Z (upper and lower case) and numbers 0 to 9.
  - 2.3 Draw freehand inclined (65 degree to 75 degree) single stroke letters from A to Z (upper and lower case) and numbers from 0 to 9.
  - 2.4 Draw block letters (Gothic) using 5: 4 and 7: 5 proportions and height.
  - 2.5 Select a suitable size of letters and write a few sentences using all the letters selecting suitable scale.
  - 2.6 Draw title strip with proper placement using suitable size of letters and measurements.

#### ALPHABET OF LINES AND DIMENSIONING

- 3 Adopt the alphabet of lines.
  - 3.1 Select different lines in drawing.
  - 3.2 Use center line, hidden line, phantom line, break line, dimension line, extension line, section line and cutting plane line.

- 3.3 Use different thickness of line to emphasize a part of drawing.
- 3.4 Select recommended grades of pencils for various types of lines for engineering drawing.

#### 4 Adopt the elements and theory of dimensioning.

- 4.1 Put dimensions in engineering drawing according to an accepted standard.
- 4.2 Identify the elements of dimensions from a given dimensioned drawing.
- 4.3 Apply aligned and unidirectional system of dimensioning.
- 4.4 Draw size and location of dimension, continuous dimension, staggered dimension and dimensioning in limited space.
- 4.5 Add necessary dimension to a given drawing with suitable arrows.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF SCALE

#### 5 Prepare scale for drawing application.

- 5.1 Calculate representative fraction and interpret a scale reading.
- 5.2 Use different types of scale to find full size dimension.
- 5.3 Draw a plain scale to show meters, centimeters and millimeters of a given distance on object.
- 5.4 Draw a diagonal scale to show three units having given RF.
- 5.5 Read particular distance on plain and diagonal scale.
- 5.6 Use scale of chord.
- 5.7 Draw angle of 49 degree, 78 degree and 95 degree with the help of scale of chord.

## GEOMETRICAL CONSTRUCTIONS & CONIC SECTIONS

#### 6 Construct geometric figures (regular polygons) & Construct conic sections.

- 6.1 Draw regular polygons i.e. pentagon, hexagon and octagon having given one side.
- 6.2 Draw an ellipse by concentric circle method.
- 6.3 Draw an ellipse by parallelogram method.
- 6.4 Draw an ellipse by four center method.
- 6.5 Draw a parabola having given foci and director.
- 6.6 Draw a parabola from given abscissa and ordinate.

#### **SYMBOLS**

## 7 Adopt standard symbols in drawing.

- 7.1 Identify symbols used in drawing.
- 7.2 Draw a legend using symbols of different engineering materials.
- 7.3 Draw the symbols of different plumbing fittings and fixtures used in drawing.
- 7.4 Draw the symbols of different electrical fittings and fixtures used in drawing.
- 7.5 Interpret information from drawing containing standard symbols.

#### 8. Understand the views of engineering drawing.

- 8.1 Identify different types of views
- 8.2 Interpret different types of views

## 9 Apply the Principles of orthographic projection to a straight line.

- 9.1 Draw the orthographic projection of a straight line under the following conditions:
  - a) Line parallel to both planes
  - b) Line perpendicular in vertical plane and parallel to horizontal plan
  - c) Line parallel to vertical plane and perpendicular to horizontal plane
  - d) Line inclined at given angle to horizontal plane and parallel to vertical plane
  - e) Line inclined at given angle to vertical plane and parallel to horizontal plane

## Apply the principles of orthographic projection of rectangular and circular planes (Lamina)

- 10.1 Draw the orthographic projection of rectangular lamina Parallel to both planes.
- 10.2 Draw the orthographic projection of rectangular lamina inclined at given angle to horizontal plane
- 10.3 Draw the orthographic projection of circular lamina parallel to both planes

## 11 Apply the principles of orthographic projections of geometric solids

- Draw the orthographic projection of a cube kept at an angle with one of the planes in first angle method
- Draw the orthographic projection of a pyramid kept at an angle with both the planes in 1<sup>st</sup> angle method
- 11.3 Draw the orthographic projection of a cone kept at an angle with both the planes in third angle method.
- Draw the orthographic projection of a prism kept at an angle with vertical plane in third angle method.

#### ISOMETRIC PROJECTION

## 12 Understand the importance, use and scope of isometric views in engineering.

- 12.1 Identify isometric views
- 12.2 Draw the isometric view of rectangular and circular lamina
- 12.3 Draw the isometric projection of solids such as: cube, cylinder, pyramid, prism and steps from different orthographic views
- 12.4 Draw the isometric projection of three deterrent engineering parts from orthographic views

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1 Geometrical Drawing I H Morris
- 2 Prathamic Engineering Drawing Hemanta Kumar Bhattacharia
- 3 Civil Engineering Drawing Guru Charan singh

## **MATHEMATICS-1**

T P C

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- To acquaint the students with the basic terminology of Algebra.
- To be able to understand the complex numbers which are being used in electrical engineering.
- To be able to understand the binomial expansion.
- To be able to use the knowledge of trigonometry in solving problems of engineering importance.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

**Algebra :** AP & GP, Polynomials & polynomial equations, Complex number, Permutation & Combination, Binomial theorem for positive integral index and negative & fractional index.

**Trigonometry:** Ratio of associated angles, Compound angles, Transformation formulae, multiple angles and Submultiple angles.

#### DETAIL DESCRIPTION

#### **ALGEBRA:**

#### 1 Understand the concept of AP & GP.

- 1.1 Define AP and common difference.
- 1.2 Find last term and sum of n terms, given first term and common difference.
- 1.3 Define GP and common ratio.
- 1.4 Find the sum of n terms given first and common ratio.

#### 2 Apply the concept of polynomial in solving the problems.

- 2.1 Define polynomials and polynomial equation.
- 2.2 Explain the roots and co-efficient of polynomial equations.
- 2.3 Find the relation between roots and co-efficient of the polynomial equations.
- 2.4 Determine the roots and their nature of quadratic polynomial equations.
- 2.5 Form the equation when the roots of the quadratic polynomial equations are given.
- 2.6 Find the condition of the common roots of quadratic polynomial equations.
- 2.7 Solve the problems related to the above.

#### 3 Understand the concept of complex numbers.

- 3.1 Define complex numbers.
- 3.2 Perform algebraic operation (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square root) with complex number of the form a + ib.
- 3.3 Find the cube roots of unity.
- 3.4 Apply the properties of cube root of unity in solving problems.

## 4 Apply the concept of permutation.

- 4.1 Explain permutation.
- 4.2 Find the number of permutation of n things taken r at a time when,
  - i) things are all different.
  - ii) things are not all different.
- 4.3 Solve problems of the related to permutation :
  - i) be arranged so that the vowels may never be separated. From 10 man and 6 women a committee of 7 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done so as to include at least two women in the committee.

## 5 Apply the concept of Combination.

- 5.1 Explain combination.
- 5.2 Find the number of combination of n different things taken r at a time.
- 5.3 Explain  ${}^{n}C_{r}$ ,  ${}^{n}C_{p}$ ,  ${}^{n}C_{0}$
- 5.4 Find the number of combination of n things taken r at a time in which p particular thingsi) Always occur ii) never occur.
- 5.5 Establish i)  ${}^{n}C_{r} = {}^{n}C_{n-r}$

ii) 
$${}^{n}C_{r} + {}^{n}C_{r-1} = {}^{n+1}C_{r}$$

5.6 Solve problems related to combination.

## 6 Apply partial fraction to break the numerator and denominator.

- 6.1 Define proper and improper fractions.
- 6.2 Resolve in to partial fraction of the followings types:
  - a) Denominator having a non-repeated linear factor.

- b) Denominator having a repeated linear factor.
- c) Denominator having a quadratic factors.
- d) Denominator having a combination of repeated, non-repeated and quadratic factors.

## 7 Apply the concept of binomial theorem.

- 7.1 State binomial expression.
- 7.2 Express the binomial theorem for positive index.
- 7.3 Find the general term, middle term, equidistant term and term independent of x.
- 7.4 Use binomial theorem to find the value of
  - i) (0.9998)<sup>2</sup>, correct to six places of decimal.

ii) 
$$(1+\sqrt{2})^5-(1-\sqrt{2})^5$$

#### 8 Apply the concept of binomial theorem for negative index.

- 8.1 Express the binomial theorem for negative and fractional index.
- 8.2 Solve problems of the following types:

Expand (i) 
$$(1 - nx)^{-\frac{1}{n}}$$
 (ii)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4.08}}$ 

#### TRIGONOMETRY:

- 9 Apply the concept of associated angles.
  - 9.1 Define associated angles.
  - 9.2 Find the sign of trigonometrical function in different quadrants.
  - 9.3 Calculate trigonometrical ratios of associated angle.
  - 9.4 Solve the problems using above.

## 10 Apply the principle of trigonometrical ratios of compound angles.

- 10.1 Define compound angles.
- 10.2 Establish the following relation geometrically for acute angles.
  - i)  $\sin (A \pm B) = \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B$ .
  - ii)  $\cos (A \pm B) = \cos A \cos B \pm \sin A \sin B$ .
- 10.3 Deduce formula for tan  $(A \pm B)$ , Cot  $(A \pm B)$ .
- 10.4 Apply the identities to work out the problems:
  - i) find the value of  $\sin 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 75^{\circ}$ .
  - ii) show that  $\frac{\sin 75^\circ + \sin 15^\circ}{\sin 75^\circ \sin 15^\circ} = \sqrt{3}$
  - iii) if  $\alpha + \beta = \theta$ ,  $\tan \alpha + \tan \beta = b$ ,  $\cot \alpha + \cot \beta = a$ , show that  $(a b) = ab \cot \theta$ .

## 11 Apply sum and product formula of trigonometrical ratios.

- 11.1 Express sum or difference of two sines and cosines as a product and vice-versa
- 1.2 Solve problems of the followings types:
  - i) show that,  $\sin 55^\circ + \cos 55^\circ = \sqrt{2} \cos 10^\circ$
  - ii) prove that,  $\cos 80^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ} \cos 40^{\circ} \cos 20^{\circ} = \frac{1}{16}$

#### 12 Apply the concept of ratios of multiple angles.

- 12.1 State the identities for sin 2A, cos 2A and tan 2A.
- 12.2 Deduce formula for sin 3A, cos 3A and tan 3A.
- 12.3 Solve the problems of the followings types.
  - i) express  $\cos 5\theta$  in terms of  $\cos \theta$ .

ii) if 
$$\tan \alpha = 2 \tan \beta$$
, show that,  $\tan (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{3 \sin 2\alpha}{1 + 3 \cos 2\alpha}$ 

## 13 Apply the concept of ratios of sub-multiple angles.

- 13.1 Find mathematically the identities for  $\sin\alpha$ ,  $\cos\alpha$  and  $\tan\alpha$  in terms of  $\frac{\alpha}{2}$  and  $\frac{\alpha}{3}$
- 13.2 Solve the problems of the type :

find the value of cos 3°, cos 6°, cos 9°, cos 18°, cos 36° etc.

## **Reference:**

SL No	Athour	Title	Publication			
01	S. P Deshpande	Mathematics for Polytechnic Students	Pune Vidyarthi Graha Prakashan			
02	H. K. Das	Mathematics for Polytechnic Students(Volume I)	S.Chand Prakashan			
03	Ashim Kumar Saha	Higher Mathematics	Akshar patra Prakashani			
04	S.U Ahamed & M A Jabbar	Higher Mathematics	Alpha Prakashani			

CHEMISTRY T P C 3 3 4

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. To understand mole concept and volumetric analysis.
- 2. To represent the formation of bonds in molecules.
- 3. Able to select appropriate materials used in construction.
- 4. Apply knowledge to enhance operative life span of engineering material and structure by various protective methods.

#### **Short Description:**

Chemistry is a basic science subject which is essential to all engineering courses. It gives knowledge of engineering material, their properties related application and selection of material for engineering application. It is intended to teach student the quality of water and its treatment as per the requirement and selection of various construction materials and their protection by metallic and organic coatings. The topics covered will provide sufficient fundamental as well as background knowledge for the particular branch.

## **Section - 01 (physical and Inorganic Chemistry)**

#### 1. Atomic Structure and Chemical Bond

- 1.1 Definition of Element, atoms, molecules, Fundamental particle of atom, their mass, charge, location.
- 1.2 Definition of atomic number, mass number, Isotope, Isotone and Isobar.
- 1.3 Electronic configuration based on Hunds Rule, Aufbau's principle, Paulis exclusion principle
- 1.4 Definition of atomic weight, equivalent weight of an element, molecular weight, mole in terms of number, mass, volume.
- 1.5 Define symbol, valency and formula.
- 1.6 Explain Chemical bond, octet rule.
- 1.7 Explain Formation of various types of chemical bonds: Covalent, Ionic, Co-ordinate bond.
- 1.8 Explain the bonding along with example CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, NaCl, MgCl<sub>2</sub>.
- 1.9 Explain Quantum number, Orbit and Orbital.

#### 2. Ionic Equilibrium

- 2.1 Concept of acid, base, salt and types of salts.
- 2.2 pH, pOH, pH scale.
- 2.3 Basicity of an acid and acidity of a base.
- 2.4 Normality, molarity, molality, Volumetric analysis.
- 2.5 Titration and Indicator.
- 2.6 Buffer solution and its mechanism.

#### 3. Chemical reaction, oxidation and reduction.

- 3.1 Define Chemical reaction and explain the various type of chemical reaction.
- 3.2 Explain the full meaning of a chemical equation.
- 3.3 Concept of catalyst.
- 3.4 Modern concept of oxidation and reduction.
- 3.5 Simultaneous Process of Oxidation and Reduction.
- 3.6 Explain the oxidation number.

#### 4. Water Treatment

- 4.1 Concept of hard and soft water
- 4.2 Hardness of water
- 4.3 Describe the softening method of permuted process and ion exchange resin process.
- 4.4 Advantage and Disadvantage of hard water in different industries.
- 4.5 Water treatment plant visit and reporting.

### 5. Corrosion and Alloy

- 5.1 Types of corrosion.(dry and wet corrosion)
- 5.2 Atmospheric corrosion, Types of atmospheric corrosion and their mechanism, oxide films factors affecting atmospheric corrosion.
- 5.3 Electrochemical corrosion, Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion . Types of electrochemical corrosion. Factors affecting electrochemical corrosion.
- 5.4. Protective measures against corrosion: Coating (Galvanic and Zinc, Organic coating coating agents, Electroplating, metal cladding)
- 5.5 Concept of alloy.

## **Section -2 (Organic Chemistry)**

## 6. Organic Chemistry and Introduction to polymers:

- 6.1 Types of Chemistry.
- 6.2 Catenation property of carbon.
- 6.3 Organic compounds, its properties and applications.
- 6.4 Classification of organic compound by structure and functional group: Definne: Homologous series, Alkanes, Alkenes and alkynes; Properties and uses of general formula; Names and Structure of first five members hydrocarbons.
- 6.5 Polymer, monomer, classification of polymers, Polymerization, addition and condensation polymerization.
- 6.6 Plastics: definition, its types and uses.

## Section -3 (Industrial Chemistry)

#### 7. Glass and Ceramic:

- 7.1 Concept of Glass and its constituents, Classification and uses of different glass, elementary idea of manufacturing process of glass.
- 7.2 Introduction to ceramic materials, Its constituent.
- 7.3 Industrial application of glass and ceramic.
- 7.4 Industry visit and reporting.

## 8. Soap and Detergent:

- 8.1 Introduction A. Lipid B. Fats and oils
- 8.2 Saponification of fats and oils, Manufacturing of soap.
- 8.3 Synthetic detergent, types of detergents and its manufacturing.
- 8.4 Exclusives: TNT, RDX, Dynamite.
- 8.5 Paint and Varnish
- 8.6 Adhesives.

## 9. Cement, pulp and papers:

- 9.1 Concept of cement and its constituents, Classification and uses of different cement, manufacturing process of cement.
- 9.2 Manufacturing process of pulp and papers.
- 9.3 Industry visit and reporting.

## **Section - 4 (Practical Chemistry)**

1. Use of laboratory tools and safety measures

#### 2. Observation and measurement:

- 2.1 Determine the strength of HCl solution using 0.1N Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- 2.2 Determine the strength of NaOH by using 0.1N HCl solution.

## 3. Qualitative analysis of known and unknown salts:

- 3.1 Identification of known salt (sample Copper, Iron, Aluminum, led, Ammonium and Zinc salt.)
- 3.2 Identification of unknown basic radical (e.g. led, Copper, Iron, Zinc, Aluminum, Ammonium)
- 3.3 Identification of unknown acid radicals (e.g. Chloride, Nitrate, Sulphate, Carbonate)

#### Source or Reference Book

1. Higher secondary Chemistry (paper 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup>)

Writer Dr.Gazi Md.Ahsanul Karim. And Md.Robiul Islam

2. Higher secondary Chemistry (Paper 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup>)

Writer Dr. Soroz kanti Singha Hazari .

3. An Introduction to Metallic corrosion and its prevention

Writer Raj Narayan.

4. Organic Chemistry

Writer Morrisson and Boyad.

5. Inorganic Chemistry

Writer Ali Haider

#### PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND LIFE SKILL DEVELOPMENT

**T P C** 0 3 1

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- To enhance body fitness.
- To make aware of First Aid Procedure.
- To acquaint with the Common games and sports.
- To develop Life Skill.

#### SHORT DESCRIPTION

Warm up; Yoga; Muscle developing with equipment; Meditation, First aid; sports science, Games & sports; Life skill development.

#### **DETAIL DESCRIPTION**

- 1. National Anthem and Assembly
  - 1.1 Line and File.
  - 1.2 Make assembly.
  - 1.3 Recitation of national anthem.
  - 1.4 National anthem in music

#### 2. WARM UP

#### 2.1 General Warm-up:

Spot running (Slow, Medium & Fast), Neck rotation, Hand rotation, Side twisting, Toe touching, Hip rotation, Ankle twisting, Sit up and Upper body bending (Front & Back).

#### 2.2 Squad Drill:

Line, File, Attention, Stand at easy, Stand easy, Left turn, Right turn, About turn, Mark time, Quick march, Right wheel, Left wheel, Open order march & Closed order march.

## 2.3 Specific warm up:

Legs raising one by one, Leg raising in slanting position, Knee bending and nose touching, Heels raising, Toes touching (standing and laying position), Hand stretch breathing (Tadasana, Horizontal, Vertical).

#### 2.4 Mass Physical Exercise

Hand raising, Side twisting, Front & back bending, Front curl, Straight arm curl two hand, Hands raising overhead and Push up.

#### 3. YOGA

- 3.1 Dhyanasan: Shabasan, Padmasan, Gomukhasan, Sharbangasan, shashangasan Shirshasan
- 3.2 Shasthyasan : Halasan, Matshasan, Paban Muktasan, Ustrasan.
- 3.3 Prana and Pranayama: Nadisuddhi Pranayma, cooling pranayamas (sitali pranayama, Sitkari Pramayama, sadanta pranayama), Ujjayi pranayama,

## 4. Muscle Developing with equipment

- 4.1 Damball: Front curl, Hand sidewise stretching, Arms raising overhead.
- 4.2 Barball: Front press, Leg press, Rowing motion with leverage bar.
- 4.3 Rope climbing: Straight way climbing, Leg raising climbing.
- 4.4 Horizontal bar: Chinning the bar with front grip, Chinning the bar with wide back grip.
- 4.5 Jogging Machine: Slow, Medium, and Fast running.
- 4.6 A. B king pro (Rowing Machine): Sit up.
- 4.7 Sit up bench: Sit up.

#### 5 **MEDITATION**

- 5.1 Define meditation.
- 5.2 Classification of Meditation.
- 5.3 Nadanusandhana (A-Kara chanting, U-Kara chanting, M-Kara chanting, AUM-kara chanting.
- 5.4 OM-Meditation.
- 5.5 Cyclic Meditation (Starting Prayer, Instant Relaxation Technique, Centring, Standing Asanas, Sitting Asanas, Quick Relaxation Technique).

#### 6. FIRST AID

- 6.1 Define First Aid.
- 6.2 What do you mean by First Aider.
- 6.3 Discuss the responsibilities of a First Aider.
- 6.4 Different types of equipment of First Aid.
- 6.5 Muscle Cramp-Ice application (Remedy).
- 6.7 Dislocation-Ice application (Remedy).

## 7. RULES AND TECHNIQUE OF GAMES AND SPORTS

- 7.1 Kabadi.
- 7.2 Football.
- 7.3 Cricket.
- 7.4 Badminton.
- 7.5 Athletics.
- 7.6 Swimming.

#### 8. SPORTS SCIENCE

- 8.1 Definition of Exercise physiology.
- 8.2 Function of muscles.
- 8.3 Concept of work, energy and power.
- 8.4 Effect of exercise on heart and circulatory system.
- 8.5 Motor components for physical fitness.
- 8.6 Definition of sports Biomechanics.
- 8.7 Definition of sports psychology.
- 8.8 Meaning of nutrition, Diet and Balanced diet.
- 8.9 Meaning of the terms –Test, measurement and Evaluation.

#### 9. SHOW SKILL ON CONVERSATION ON DAY TO DAY LIFE

- 9.1 Today's Market price.
- 9.2 Festivals (religious festivals, National festivals).
- 9.3 Celebration of National days.
- 9.4 Aim in life.
- 9.5 Visited historical places/sites.

#### 10. HUMAN RELATION

- 10.1 Family relation.
- 10.2 Relation with nighbour.
- 10.3 Humanitarian Service.
- 10.4 Service for handicapped (intelligent, physical, social etc).
- 10.5 Service for orphan / Patient.

#### 11 VOTE OF APPRECIATION

- 11.1 About dress.
- 11.2 For good work.
- 11.3 For good result.
- 11.4 For good news.

#### 12. STRESS MANAGEMENT

- 12.1 Habit to be a man of humor.
- 12.2 Always brain should be cool.
- 12.3 Positive thinking.

- 12.4 Factors that determine our attitude.
- 12.5 The benefits of a positive attitude.
- 12.6 Steps to building a positive attitude.

#### 13 TIME MANAGEMENT

- 13.1 Determine essential time for a task.
- 13.2 Determine delay and unexpected time.
- 13.3 Determine time for daily activities.
- 13.4 Plan for daily activities.

## 14 INTERVIEW TECHNIQUE

- 14.1 Mental preparation to face an interview.
- 14.2 Selection of dress for interview.
- **14.3** Introducing himself/herself to the interviewer.
- **14.4** Coping interview.

#### 15 TEAM WORK

- 15.1 Organized a team.
- 15.2 Selection of team leader.
- 15.3 Distribution the task to the members.
- 15.4 Accepting opinion of team members.
- **15.5** Completion of task as a team.

#### 16 SOCIAL WORK

- 16.1 Tree plantation.
- 16.2 Community service.
  - 16.2.1 Rover Scout.
  - 16.2.2 Sanitation.
  - 16.2.3 Pure drinking water.
  - 16.2.4 Social Culture.

## **Reference Book**

Modern Yoga	_ Kany Lal Shah
Rules of games and sports	_ Kazi Abdul Alim
Yoga	_ Sobita Mallick
Iron Man	_ Nilmoni Dass

## DIPLOMA IN ENGINEERING PROBIDHAN-2016

## **ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY (667)**

## 2<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER

	Subject Code	Name of the subject	Т	Р	С	Marks				
SI.						Theory		Practical		Total
No						Cont.	Final	Cont.	Final	Total
						assess	exam	assess	exam	
1	66721	Electrical Circuits-1	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
2	66722	Electrical Appliances	2	3	3	40	60	25	25	150
3	66611	Computer Application	0	6	2	0	0	50	50	100
4	65921	Mathematics-2	3	3	4	60	90	50	0	200
5	65912	Physics-1	3	3	4	60	90	25	25	200
6	65711	Bangla	3	3	4	60	90	50	0	200
7	65712	English	2	0	2	40	60	0	0	100
		Total	16	21	23	320	480	225	125	1150