Journals in Health Information Technology

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Background:

ISI

• The company behind the list is now Thomson Reuters, but still the list is called ISI



- There are different lists, we are probably interested only in:
 - For journals: SCI and SCIE (Science Citation Index [Extended])
 - For conference proceedings: ISI Proceedings
- In the SCI/E list there is a section for "Medical Informatics"



Background:

Impact Factor Project

- What is the Impact Factor (IF)
 - Yearly average number of citations to the journal (based on the last two years)
 - Same formula but would be different results for different databases (e.g. Scopus vs ISI vs Google)
- In IS it is reported annually in JCR database
- How to interpret
 - It is about journal not the articles
 - It is very discipline based (eg. Low in Math)
 - IF < 1 weak, or very young; IF > 1 good enough; in Medical Informatics 2<IF<5 is good or very good
 - IF(Lancent)=45.2, IF(Nature)=38.1, IF (BMJ)=19.1
- Other indicators:
 - H-Index (mostly for people but can be used for organizations and journals)
 - Half-Life (young or old?)

Journals:

Field Specific Journals

- Journal of Medical Internet Research (JMIR) = 4.5
- Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association (JAMIA) = 3.4
- Medical Decision Making = 3.2
- IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Magazine
- Health Services Research = 2.1
- · Value in Health
- Journal of Biomedical Informatics
- International Journal of Medical Informatics (IJMI) = 2.3
- IEEE Transactions on Information Technology in Biomedicine
- International Journal of Technology Assessment in Health Care
- Artificial Intelligence in Medicine = 2.1

Journals:

Mega Journals

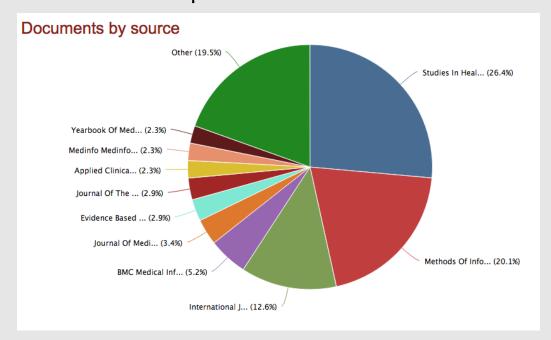
- PLOS One = 4.5
- PeerJ = 2.1
- They are usually concerned about the method rather than importance



People:

Where do they submit their papers?

• Example: Elska Ammenwerth (active in Health Information Systems Evaluation), extracted from Scopus





Thanks!

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