	CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE
	<div class="crrArticle">This Regulation lays down uniform rules on the format and content of the key information document to be drawn up by PRIIP manufacturers and on the provision of the key information document to retail investors in order to enable retail investors to understand and compare the key features and risks of the PRIIP.</div>		Article
	col class="crrNumList"> <li>This Regulation shall apply to PRIIP manufacturers and persons advising on, or selling, PRIIPs.</li> <li>  &lt;   &gt; &lt;   &gt;</li>		Article 2
	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Where PRIIP manufacturers subject to this Regulation are also subject to Directive 2003/71/EC, this Regulation and Directive 2003/71/EC shall both apply. </li> <li>Where PRIIP manufacturers subject to this Regulation are also subject to Directive 2009/138/EC, this Regulation and Directive 2009/138/EC shall both apply. </li> </ol>		Article
ARTICLE	In this Regulation, the following definitions apply: In class="crrNumList">For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply: In class="crrNumList">In packaged retail investment product or PRIP means an investment, including instruments issued by special purpose vehicles as defined in point (26) of Article 13 of Directive 2009/138/EC or securitisation special purpose entities as defined in point (an) of Article 4(1) of the Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the CouncilDirective 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers and amending Directives 2003/41/EC and 2009/65/EC and Regulations (EC) No 1060/2009 and (EU) No 1095/2010 (OJ L 174, 1.7.2011, p. 1)., where, regardless of the legal form of the investment, the amount repayable to the retail investor is subject to fluctuations because of exposure to reference values or to the performance of one or more assets which are not directly purchased by the retail investor; III> <   II> <   II  <   II> <   II		

fluctuations; <li>packaged retail and</li>	
insurance-based investment product or PRIIP means	
a product that is one or both of the following:	
<pre><ol class="crrCharList"> <li>a PRIP;</li> <li>an</li></ol></pre>	
insurance-based investment product;	
<li>packaged retail and insurance-based</li>	
investment product manufacturer or PRIIP	
manufacturer means: <ol class="crrCharList">  </ol>	
<pre><li>any entity that manufactures PRIIPs;</li></pre>	
<li>any entity that makes changes to an existing</li>	
PRIIP including, but not limited to, altering its risk	
and reward profile or the costs associated with an	
investment in a PRIIP;	
a PRIIP means a person offering or concluding a	
PRIIP contract with a retail investor;	
investor means:	
retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4 (1) of	
Directive 2014/65/EU;	
meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC, where that	
customer would not qualify as a professional client	
as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of Directive	
2014/65/EU;	
durable medium as defined in point (m) of Article	
2(1) of Directive 2009/65/EC;	
authorities means the national authorities	
designated by a Member State to supervise the	
requirements this Regulation places on PRIIP	
manufacturers and the persons advising on, or	
selling, the PRIIP.	

Article

SUBTITLE SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

TITLE CHAPTER I

ARTICLE			SUBTITLE	TITLE
CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE		
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Before a PRIIP is made available to retail investors, the PRIIP manufacturer shall draw up for that product a key information document in accordance with the requirements of this Regulation and shall publish the document on its website. </li> <li><li><li>Any Member State may require the ex ante notification of the key information document by the PRIIP manufacturer or the person selling a PRIIP to the competent authority for PRIIPs marketed in that Member State.</li> </li></li></ol></pre>		Article 5	Drawing up the key information document	SECTION I
CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE		
<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>The key information document shall constitute ore-contractual information. It shall be accurate, fair, clear and not misleading. It shall provide key information and shall be consistent with any binding contractual documents, with the relevant parts of the offer documents and with the terms and conditions of the PRIIP.</li> <li>The key information document shall be a standalone document, clearly</li> </ol>				

seрагате тгош шагкетт<u>и</u> materials. It shall not contain cross-references to marketing material. It may contain cross-references to other documents including a prospectus where applicable, and only where the crossreference is related to the information required to be included in the key information document by this Regulation. of derogation from paragraph 2, where a PRIIP offers the retail investor a range of options for investments, such that all information required in Article 8(3) with regard to each underlying investment option cannot be provided within a single, concise stand-alone document, the key information document shall provide at least a generic description of the underlying investment options and state where and how more detailed precontractual information documentation relating to the investment products backing the underlying investment options can be found. information document shall be drawn up as a short document written in a concise manner and of a maximum of three sides of A4-sized paper when printed, which promotes comparability. It shall: class="crrCharList"> be presented and laid out in a way that is easy to read, using characters of readable size; on the key information that retail investors need; be clearly expressed and written in language and a style that communicate in a way that facilitates the understanding of the information, in particular, in language that is clear, succinct and comprehensible. Where colours are used in the key information document, they shall not diminish the comprehensibility of the information if the key information document is printed or photocopied in black and white. Where the corporate branding or logo of the PRIIP manufacturer or the group to which it belongs is used in the key information document, it shall not distract the retail investor

uistract the retain mivestor		I
from the information		
contained in the document obscure the text.		
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"></ol></pre>		
<li><li>The key information</li></li>		
document shall be written i		
the official languages, or in one of the official language		
used in the part of the		
Member State where the		
PRIIP is distributed, or in		
another language accepted by the competent authorities		
of that Member State, or		
where it has been written i		
a different language, it sha be translated into one of	II Article	
these languages. the	7	
translation shall faithfully		
and accurately reflect the		
content of the original key information document.		
a Member State through		
marketing documents	.:	
written in one or more office languages of that Member	iai	
State, the key information		
document shall at least be		
written in the corresponding official languages.		
<pre><pre><pre><ol class="crrNumList"></ol></pre></pre></pre>		
<pre></pre> <pre><pre></pre><pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre>&lt;</pre></pre>	on 📗 📗	
Document shall appear		
prominently at the top of the first page of the key	1e	
information document.		
<pre>          &lt;</br></pre>		
document shall be presented in the sequence laid down		
paragraphs 2 and 3.	""	
<pre><pre></pre></pre> <pre></pre>		
statement shall appear directly underneath the titl		
of the key information		
document. It shall read:Thi		
document provides you with key information about this	$^{ m h}\parallel\parallel\parallel\parallel$	
investment product. It is no	$_{ m ot}$ $\parallel$	
marketing material. The		
information is required by		
law to help you understand the nature, risks, costs,		
potential gains and losses		
this product and to help yo	u	
compare it with other products	$_{ m ne}$ $\parallel$ $\parallel$	
key information document		
shall contain the following		
information: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>a</li></ol>	<sub>it</sub>	
the beginning of the		
document, the name of the		
PRIIP, the identity and contact details of the PRIIP		
manufacturer, information		
about the competent		
authority of the PRIIP		
manufacturer and the date the document;	01	
<pre><!--: <pre--></pre> <pre></pre> <pre><td></td><td></td></pre>		
comprehension alert which		
shall read: You are about to purchase a product that is	P	
maparenase a product that is	II II	I

not simple and may be difficult to understand.; under a section titled What is this product?, the nature and main features of the PRIIP, including: |class="crrRomanList"> the type of the PRIIP; its objectives and the means for achieving them, in particular whether the objectives are achieved by means of direct or indirect exposure to the underlying investment assets, including a description of the underlying instruments or reference values, including a specification of the markets the PRIIP invests in, including, where applicable, specific environmental or social objectives targeted by the product, as well as how the return is determined; a description of the type of retail investor to whom the PRIIP is intended to be marketed, in particular in terms of the ability to bear investment loss and the investment horizon; where the PRIIP offers insurance benefits, details of those insurance benefits, including the circumstances that would trigger them; the term of the PRIIP, if known; under a section titled What are the risks and what could I get in return?, a brief description of the risk-reward profile comprising the following elements: class="crrRomanList"> a summary risk indicator, supplemented by a narrative explanation of that indicator, its main limitations and a narrative explanation of the risks which are materially relevant to the PRIIP and which are not adequately captured by the summary risk indicator; possible maximum loss of invested capital, including, information on: whether the retail investor can lose all invested capital, or whether the retail investor bears the risk of incurring additional financial commitments or obligations, including contingent liabilities in addition to the capital invested in the PRIIP, and where applicable, whether the PRIIP includes capital protection against market risk, and the details of its cover and limitations, in particular with

respect to the timing of when it applies; appropriate performance scenarios, and the assumptions made to produce them; where applicable, information on conditions for returns to retail investors or built-in performance caps; a statement that the tax legislation of the retail investor's home Member State may have an impact on the actual payout; under a section titled What happens if [the name of the PRIIP manufacturer] is unable to pay out?, a brief description of whether the related loss is covered by an investor compensation or guarantee scheme and if so, which scheme it is, the name of the guarantor and which risks are covered by the scheme and which are not; under a section titled What are the costs?, the costs associated with an investment in the PRIIP, comprising both direct and indirect costs to be borne by the retail investor, including one-off and recurring costs, presented by means of summary indicators of these costs and, to ensure comparability, total aggregate costs expressed in monetary and percentage terms, to show the compound effects of the total costs on the investment. key information document shall include a clear indication that advisors, distributors or any other person advising on, or selling, the PRIIP will provide information detailing any cost of distribution that is not already included in the costs specified above, so as to enable the retail investor to understand the cumulative effect that these aggregate costs have on the return of the investment; under a section titled How long should I hold it and can I take money out early? <ol |class="crrRomanList"> where applicable, whether there is a cooling off period or cancellation period for the PRIIP; indication of the recommended and, where applicable, required minimum holding period; the ability to make, and the conditions for, any

Article 8

Form and content of the key information document

SECTION II

information about the potential consequences of cashing in before the end of the term or recommended holding period, such as the loss of capital protection or additional contingent fees: under a section titled How can I complain?, information about how and to whom a retail investor can make a complaint about the product or the conduct of the PRIIP manufacturer or a person advising on, or selling, the product; under a section titled Other relevant information, a brief indication of any additional information documents to be provided to the retail investor at the precontractual and/or the postcontractual stage, excluding any marketing material. The Commission shall be empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 30 specifying the details of the procedures used to establish whether a PRIIP targets specific environmental or social objectives. order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee of the European Supervisory Authorities (Joint Committee), develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying: the details of the presentation and the content of each of the elements of information referred to in paragraph 3; the methodology underpinning the presentation of risk and reward as referred to in points (d) (i) and (iii) of paragraph 3; and the methodology for the calculation of costs, including the specification of summary indicators, as referred to in point (f) of paragraph 3. When developing the draft regulatory technical standards the ESAs shall take into account the various types of PRIIPs, the differences between them and the capabilities of retail investors as well as the footures of the DDIIDs so so

disinvestments before maturity, including all applicable fees and

penalties, having regard to the risk and reward profile of the PRIIP and the market evolution it targets;

**SECTION** 

the product, including where this selection can be undertaken at different points in time, or changed in the future. the future. <br< th=""><th>to allow the retail investor to select between different underlying investments or</th><th></th></br<>	to allow the retail investor to select between different underlying investments or	
shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by 31 March 2016.       	the product, including where this selection can be undertaken at different points in time, or changed in	
the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. <li>  Article</li>	shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by 31 March 2016.	
to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 and of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. <li>div class="crrArticle"&gt;Marketing communications that contain specific information relating to the PRIIP shall not include any statement that contradicts the information contained in the key information document or diminishes the significance of the key information document or document. Marketing communications shall indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website.</li> <li>clocas="crrNumList"&gt;</li> <li>consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharList"&gt;</li> <li>clocas="crrCharL</li>	the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in	
<pre><div class="crrArticle">Marketing communications that contain specific information relating to the PRIIP shall not include any statement that contradicts the information contained in the key information document or diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing communications shall indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website.</div> </pre> <ol class="crrNumList"> <li>The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.</li> <li>The ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:</li> <li>The Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:</li> <li>The conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; </li> <li>I) &gt; </li> <li< td=""><td>to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 and of Regulation (EU) No</td><td></td></li<></ol>	to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 and of Regulation (EU) No	
class="crrArticle">Marketing communications that contain specific information relating to the PRIIP shall not include any statement that contradicts the information contained in the key information document or diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing communications shall indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website. <li><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.</li> <li>In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:   &gt; <ol class="crrCharList"> &lt; li&gt;+ &gt; <ol>class="crrCharList"&gt; &lt; <ol>class="crrCharList"&lt; <ol>class="crrCharList"&gt; &lt; <ol>class="crrChar</ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></ol></li></ol></li>		
any statement that contradicts the information contained in the key information document or diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing communications shall indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website.     Col class="crrNumList">   < li>The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.    In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:    class="crrCharList"> < li> the conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document;       <li>  &lt;  &gt;   &lt;  &gt;</li>	class="crrArticle">Marketing communications that contain specific information relating	
diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing communications shall indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website. <pre> <ol> <li>class="crrNumList"&gt;</li> <li>li&gt;The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly. </li> <li>p&gt;In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:  class="crrCharList"&gt; &lt; li&gt;the conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; </li> <li>clis the conditions under which the key information document must be revised; </li> <li>li&gt; erection of the specific conditions under which information contained in the key information</li></ol></pre>	any statement that contradicts the information contained in the key	
indicate that a key information document is available and supply information on how and from where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website. <li><ol class="crrNumList"></ol></li> <li>&gt;li&gt;The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.</li> <li>In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:     conclass="crrCharList"&gt;&lt; li&gt;conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document;     </li> <li>&lt; li&gt;&lt; i &gt;<li>&lt; i &gt;<li>&lt; i &gt;&lt; i  <li>&lt; i &gt;&lt; i  <li>&lt; i </li> <li>&lt; i <td>diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing</td><td>1.     </td></li></li></li></li></li>	diminishes the significance of the key information document. Marketing	1.
where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's website. <pre> <ol class="crrNumList"></ol></pre>	indicate that a key information document is available and supply	
< i>The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information contained in the key information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.	where to obtain it, including the PRIIP manufacturer's	
information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review indicates that changes need to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.  In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:  conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; <li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>	<li>The PRIIP manufacturer shall review the information</li>	
to be made. The revised version shall be made available promptly.  In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying:  class="crrCharList"> < li>the conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; <li></li> <li><li><li>the conditions under which the key information document must be revised; </li> <li><li>the specific conditions under which information contained in the key information</li>  Article</li></li></li>	information document regularly and shall revise the document where the review	
<pre>In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall, through the Joint Committee, develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>the conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; </li> <li></li> <li><li><li>the conditions under which the key information document must be revised;</li> <li>the specific conditions under which information contained in the key information</li> </li></li></ol> Article</pre>	to be made. The revised version shall be made	
develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying: class="crrCharList"> <li>the conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; </li> <li><li><li>the conditions under which the key information document must be revised;</li> <li>tl&gt;the specific conditions under which information contained in the key information  Article</li></li></li>	In order to ensure consistent application of this Article, the ESAs shall,	
conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document; <li></li> <li>the conditions under which the key information document must be revised;</li> <li>the specific conditions under which information contained in the key information</li>	develop draft regulatory technical standards specifying: <ol< td=""><td></td></ol<>	
under which the key information document must be revised; specific conditions under which information contained in the key information  Article	conditions for reviewing the information contained in the key information document;	
specific conditions under which information contained in the key information  Article	under which the key information document must	
mmoodunen musi de reviewen 🖖 👚 🖽 🖽	specific conditions under which information contained in the key information	Article

or the key information document revised where a PRIIP is made available to retail investors in a noncontinuous manner; the circumstances in which retail investors are to be informed about a revised key information document for a PRIIP purchased by them, as well as the means by which the retail investors are to be informed. He ESAs shall submit those draft regulatory technical standards to the Commission by 31 December 2015. <br>Power is delegated to the Commission to adopt the regulatory technical standards referred to in the first subparagraph in accordance with Articles 10 to 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010 and of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010. The PRIIP manufacturer shall not incur civil liability solely on the basis of the key information document, including any translation thereof, unless it is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent with the relevant parts of legally binding pre-contractual and contractual documents or with the requirements laid down in Article 8. retail investor who demonstrates loss resulting from reliance on a key information document under the circumstances referred to in paragraph 1, when making an investment into the PRIIP for which that key Article information document was 11 produced, may claim damages from the PRIIP manufacturer for that loss in accordance with national law. Elements such as loss or damages as referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article which are not defined shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the applicable national law as determined by the relevant rules of private international law. This Article does not exclude further civil liability claims in accordance with national law. obligations under this Article shall not be limited or waived by contractual clauses. 

CONTENT	<pre>class="crrArticle"&gt;Where the key information document concerns an insurance contract, the insurance undertakings' obligations under this Regulation are only towards the policyholder of the insurance contract and not towards the beneficiary of the insurance contract. </pre>		Article 12		
<pre>&lt;  &gt;li&gt;A person advising on, or selling, a PRIIP shall provide retail investors with the key information document in good time before those retail investors are bound by any contract or offer relating to that PRIIP.</pre> that PRIIP. that PRIIP may satisfy the requirements of paragraph 1 by providing the key information document to a person with written authority to make investment decisions on behalf of the retail investor in respect of transactions concluded under that written authority. <li><li><li><li></li> <li><li></li> <li></li> <li><td>CONTENT</td><td>SUBTITLE</td><td>TITLE</td><td></td><td></td></li></li></li></li></li>	CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE		
accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article is not possible; <li><li><li><li><li><li>the person advising on or selling the PRIIP has informed the retail investor that provision of the key information document is not possible and has clearly stated that the retail investor may delay the transaction in order to receive and read the key information document before concluding the transaction;</li> <li>di&gt;the retail investor consents to receiving the key information document without undue delay after conclusion of the</li> </li></li></li></li></li>	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>A person advising on, or selling, a PRIIP shall provide retail investors with the key information document in good time before those retail investors are bound by any contract or offer relating to that PRIIP. //li&gt; <li>//li&gt; <li>//li&gt; A person advising on, or selling, a PRIIP may satisfy the requirements of paragraph 1 by providing the key information document to a person with written authority to make investment decisions on behalf of the retail investor in respect of transactions concluded under that written authority. //li&gt; <li>//li&gt; <li>/p&gt;By way of derogation from paragraph 1 and subject to Article 3(1), point (a) of Article 3(3) and Article 6 of Directive 2002/65/EC, a person selling a PRIIP may provide the retail investor with the key information document after conclusion of the transaction, without undue delay, where all of the following conditions are met: /p&gt; <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>the retail investor chooses, on his own initiative, to contact the person selling a PRIIP and conclude the transaction using a means of distance communication;</li> <li>/li&gt; /li&gt; /li&gt; /li&gt; /li&gt; /li&gt; /li&gt; /l</li></ol></li></li></li></li></li></ol>		Article		

DOCUMENT	SECTION	delaying the transaction in order to receive the document in advance. <li> <li></li> <li></li></li>	Provision of the key information document	SECTION
		free of charge. <li>The person advising on,</li>	information	

provided using a durable medium other than paper or by means of a website, a paper copy shall be provided to retail investors upon request and free of charge. Retail investors shall be informed about their right to request a paper copy free of |charge. The key information document may be provided using a durable medium other than paper if the following conditions are met: class="crrCharList"> the use of the durable medium is appropriate in the context of the business conducted between the person advising on, or selling, a PRIIP and the retail investor; and the retail investor has been given the choice between information on paper and in the durable medium, and has chosen that other medium in a way that can be evidenced. >The keyinformation document may be provided by the means of a website that does not meet the definition of a durable medium if all of the following conditions are met: <ol class="crrCharList"> the provision of the key information document by means of a website is appropriate in the context of the business conducted between the person advising on, or selling, a PRIIP and the retail investor; retail investor has been given the choice between information provided on paper and by means of a website and has chosen the latter in a way that can be evidenced; the retail investor has been notified electronically, or in written form, of the address of the website, and the place on the website where the key information document can be accessed; the key information document remains accessible on the website, capable of being downloaded and stored in a durable medium, for such period of time as the retail investor may need to consult it. information document has been revised in accordance with Article 10, previous versions shall also be provided on request of the retail investor. the purposes of paragraphs 4 and 5, the provision of linformation using a durable

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	medium other than paper or
	by means of a website shall
	be regarded as appropriate
	in the context of the business
	conducted between the
	person advising on or selling
	a PRIIP and the retail
	investor if there is evidence
	that the retail investor has
	regular access to the
	internet. The provision by
	the retail investor of an email
	address for the purposes of
	that business shall be
	regarded as such evidence.
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## **SUBTITLE** KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT

TITLE CHAPTER II

CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>In accordance with Article 9(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010, EIOPA shall monitor the market for insurance-based investment products which are marketed, distributed or sold in the Union. </li> <li>Competent authorities shall monitor the market for insurance-based investment products which are marketed, distributed or sold in or from their Member State. </li> </ol></pre>		Article 15
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>In accordance with Article 9(5) of Regulation (EU) No 1094/2010, EIOPA may, where the conditions in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article are fulfilled, temporarily prohibit or restrict in the Union: <ol> <li>class="crrCharList"&gt; <li>the marketing,</li> <li>distribution or sale of certain insurance-based investment products or insurance-based investment products with certain specified features; or</li> <li>a type of financial activity or practice of an insurance or reinsurance undertaking.</li> <li></li> <li>a type of financial activity or practice of an insurance or reinsurance undertaking.</li> <li></li> <li>&gt;   or prohibition or restriction may apply in circumstances, or be subject to exceptions, specified by EIOPA.</li> <li>&gt;   or period or period or prohibition or restriction may apply in circumstances, or be subject to exceptions, specified by EIOPA.</li> <li>  or period or period or period or period or or period or or period or or a fulfilled:</li> <li>  or period or period or period or or or or a threat to the orderly functioning and integrity of financial markets or to the stability of the whole or part of the financial system in the Union;</li> <li>  or part of the financial system in the Union;</li> <li>  or part of the financial system in the Union;</li> <li>  or part of the financial system in the Union law that are applicable to the relevant insurance-based investment product or activity do not address the threat;</li> <li>  or or athreat or taken action to address the threat or the actions that have been taken do not adequately address the threat.</li> <li>  or or</li></li></ol></li></ol></pre>		Article 16

any of the measures referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article without issuing the opinion provided for in Article 18. action under this Article, EIOPA shall notify competent authorities of the action it proposes. EIOPA shall publish on its website notice of any decision to take any action under this Article. The notice shall specify details of the prohibition or restriction and specify a time after the publication of the notice from which the measures will take effect. A prohibition or restriction shall only apply to action taken after the measures take effect. EIOPA shall review a prohibition or restriction imposed under paragraph 1 at appropriate intervals and at least every three months. If the prohibition or restriction is not renewed after that three-month period it shall expire. EIOPA under this Article shall prevail over any previous action taken by a competent authority. The Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 30 specifying criteria and factors to be taken into account by EIOPA in determining when there is a significant investor protection concern or a threat to the orderly functioning and integrity of financial markets or to the stability of the whole or part of the financial system of the Union referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 2.<br>Those criteria and factors shall include: class="crrCharList"> the degree of complexity of the insurance-based investment product and the relation to the type of investor to whom it is marketed and sold; value of the insurance-based investment product; the degree of innovation of the insurancebased investment product, activity or a practice; and the leverage a product or practice provides.

 A competent authority may prohibit or restrict the following in or from its Member State: class="crrCharList"> the marketing, distribution or sale of insurance-based investment products or insurance-based investment products with certain specified features; or financial activity or practice of an insurance or reinsurance undertaking. A competent authority may take the action referred to in paragraph 1 if it is satisfied on reasonable grounds that: |class="crrCharList"> an insurance-based investment product, or activity or practice gives rise to significant investor protection concerns or poses a threat to the orderly functioning and integrity of financial markets or the stability of whole or part of the financial system within at least one Member State; existing regulatory requirements under Union law applicable to the insurance-based investment product, or activity or practice do not sufficiently address the risks referred to in point (a) and the issue would not be better addressed by improved supervision or enforcement of existing requirements; taking into account the nature of the risks identified, the level of sophistication of investors or market participants concerned and the likely effect of the action on investors and market participants who may hold, use or benefit from the insurancebased investment product, or activity or practice; the competent authority has properly consulted competent authorities in other Member States that may be significantly affected by the action; and discriminatory effect on services or activities

provided from another Member State -/li

**ARTICLE** 

provided from another Member State. </i> Where the conditions set out in the first subparagraph are fulfilled, the competent authority may impose the prohibition or restriction referred to in paragraph 1 on a precautionary basis before an insurance-based investment product has been marketed or sold to investors. A prohibition or restriction may apply in circumstances, or be subject to exceptions, specified by the competent authority. The competent authority shall not impose a prohibition or restriction under this Article unless, not less than one month before the measure is intended to take effect, it has notified all other competent authorities involved and EIOPA in writing or through another medium agreed between the authorities of the details of: |class="crrCharList"> the insurance-based investment product, or activity or practice to which the proposed action relates; nature of the proposed prohibition or restriction and when it is intended to take effect; and the evidence upon which it has based its decision and upon which it is satisfied that each of the conditions in paragraph 2 are met. In exceptional cases where the competent authority deems it necessary to take urgent action under this Article in order to prevent detriment

arising from the insurance-based investment products, activities or practices referred to in paragraph 1, the competent authority may take action on a provisional basis with no less than 24 hours' written notice before the measure is intended to take effect to all other competent authorities and EIOPA, provided that all the criteria in this Article are met and that, in addition, it is clearly established that a one-month notification period would not adequately address the specific concern or threat. The competent authority shall not take action on a provisional basis for a period exceeding three months. authority shall publish on its website notice of any decision to impose any prohibition or restriction referred to in paragraph 1. That notice shall specify details of the prohibition or restriction, a time after the publication of the notice from which the measures will take effect and the evidence upon which it is satisfied each of the conditions in paragraph 2 are met. The prohibition or restriction shall only apply in relation to action taken after the publication of the notice. authority shall revoke a prohibition or restriction if the conditions in paragraph 2 no longer apply. The Commission shall adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 30 specifying criteria and factors to be taken into account by competent authorities in determining when there is a significant investor protection concern or a threat to the orderly functioning and integrity of financial markets or to the stability of the financial system within at least one Member State referred to in point (a) of the first subparagraph of paragraph 2. <br>Those criteria and factors shall include: the degree of complexity of an insurance-based investment product and the relation to the type of investor to whom it is marketed and sold; the degree of innovation of an insurance-based investment product, an activity or a practice; leverage a product or practice provides; relation to the orderly functioning and integrity of financial markets, the size or the notional value of an insurance-based investment product. 

Article 17

EIOPA shall perform a
facilitation and coordination role in relation to

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	action taken by competent authorities under Article		
	17. In particular EIOPA shall ensure that action		
	taken by a competent authority is justified and		
	proportionate and that, where appropriate, a		
	consistent approach is taken by competent		
	authorities. <li>After receiving notification</li>		
	under Article 17 of any action that is to be imposed		
	under that Article, EIOPA shall adopt an opinion on		
	whether the prohibition or restriction is justified		Article
	and proportionate. If EIOPA considers that the		18
	taking of a measure by other competent authorities		
	is necessary to address the risk, it shall state this in		
	its opinion. The opinion shall be published on		
	EIOPA's website.		
	authority proposes to take, or takes, action contrary		
	to an opinion adopted by EIOPA under paragraph 2		
	or declines to take action contrary to such an		
	opinion, it shall immediately publish on its website a		
	notice fully explaining its reasons for so doing.		
SUBTITLE	MARKET MONITORING AND PRODUCT INTERVENTION	N POWERS	

TITLE CHAPTER III

	CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE
	<pre><div class="crrArticle"> The PRIIP manufacturer and the person advising on, or selling, the PRIIP shall establish appropriate procedures and arrangements which ensure that: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>retail investors have an effective way of submitting a complaint against the PRIIP manufacturer;</li> <li>retail investors who have submitted a complaint in relation to the key information document receive a substantive reply in a timely and proper manner; and</li> <li>effective redress procedures are also available to retail investors in the event of cross-border disputes, in particular where the PRIIP manufacturer is located in another Member State or in a third country.</li> </ol></div></pre>		Article 19
ARTICLE	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>For the purposes of the application of this Regulation the competent authorities shall cooperate with each other and, without undue delay, provide each other with such information as is relevant for the purposes of carrying out their duties under this Regulation and of making use of their powers. </li> <li>Competent authorities shall, in accordance with national law, have all supervisory and investigatory powers that are necessary for the exercise of their functions under this Regulation. </li> </ol>		Article 20
	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Member States shall apply Directive 95/46/EC to the processing of personal data carried out in that Member State pursuant to this Regulation. </li> <li>(EC) No 45/2001 shall apply to the processing of personal data carried out by the ESAs. </li> </ol>		Article 21
SUBTITLE	COMPLAINTS, REDRESS, COOPERATION AND SUPERV	ISION	
TITLE	CHAPTER IV		

CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Without prejudice to</li></ol></pre>		
the supervisory powers of competent authorities		
and the right of Member States to provide for and		
impose criminal sanctions, Member States shall lay		
down rules establishing appropriate administrative		
sanctions and measures applicable to situations		
which constitute an infringement of this Regulation		
and shall take all necessary measures to ensure that		
they are implemented. Those sanctions and		
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measures shall be effective, proportionate and dissuasive. Member States may decide not to lay down rules for administrative sanctions as referred to in the first subparagraph for infringements which are subject to criminal sanctions under their national law. by 31 December 2016 the Member States shall notify the rules referred to in the first subparagraph to the Commission and to the Joint Committee. They shall notify the Commission and the Joint Committee without delay of any subsequent amendment thereto. <li>                                     </li>	Article 22
<pre><div class="crrArticle"> Competent authorities shall exercise their powers to impose sanctions in accordance with this Regulation and national law in any of the following ways: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>directly;</li> <li>in collaboration with other authorities;</li> <li>under their responsibility by delegation to such authorities;</li> <li> symplication to the competent judicial authorities.</li> </ol> </div></pre>	Article 23
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>This Article applies to infringements of Article 5(1), Articles 6 and 7, Article 8(1) to (3), Article 9, Article 10(1), Article 13(1), (3) and (4) and Articles 14 and 19.</li></ol></pre> <pre>/li&gt; <li><li><lp>The competent authorities shall have the power to impose, in accordance with national law, at least the following administrative sanctions and measures:  <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre> &lt;</pre></pre></pre></pre></lp></li></li></pre>	Article 24

	Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directives 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19)., the relevant total annual turnover shall be the total annual turnover or the corresponding type of income in accordance with the relevant Union law in the area of accounting according to the last available consolidated financial statements approved by the management body of the ultimate parent undertaking. <li>/li&gt; &lt;</li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>	
ARTICLE	<pre><div class="crrArticle"> The competent authorities shall apply the administrative sanctions and measures referred to in Article 24(2) taking into account all relevant circumstances including, where appropriate: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>the gravity and the duration of the infringement;</li> <li>the degree of responsibility of the person responsible for the infringement;</li> <li>the impact of the infringement on retail investors' interests;</li> <li>the cooperative behaviour of the person responsible for the infringement;</li> <li>any previous infringements by the person responsible for the infringement;</li> <li>taken after the infringement by the person responsible for the infringement to prevent its repetition.</li> </ol></div></pre>	Article 25
	<pre><div class="crrArticle">Decisions to impose sanctions and measures taken pursuant to this Regulation shall be subject to a right of appeal. </div></pre>	Article 26
	<ol> <li>col class="crrNumList"&gt; <li>Where the competent authority has disclosed administrative sanctions or measures to the public, it shall simultaneously report those administrative sanctions or measures to the competent ESA.</li> <li>li&gt;The competent authority shall, on an annual basis, provide the competent ESA with aggregate information regarding all administrative sanctions and measures imposed in accordance with Article 22 and Article 24(2).</li> <li>li&gt;The ESAs shall publish the information referred to in this Article in their annual reports.</li> </li></ol>	Article 27
	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Competent authorities shall establish effective mechanisms to enable reporting of actual or potential infringements of this Regulation to them. </li> <li>In the mechanisms referred to in paragraph 1 shall include at least:  <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>procedures for the receipt of reports of actual or potential infringements and their follow-up;</li> <li>appropriate protection for employees who report infringements committed within their employer at least against retaliation, discrimination and other types of unfair treatment;</li> <li>protection of the identity both of the person who reports the infringements and the natural person who is allegedly responsible for an infringement, at all stages of the procedure unless such disclosure is required by national law in the context of further investigation or subsequent</li> </ol></li></ol>	Article 28

Judicial proceedings.</II> </OI> </II> <II>Member States may provide for competent authorities to establish additional mechanisms under national law. </II> <II>Member States may require employers engaged in activities that are regulated for financial services purposes to have in place appropriate procedures for their employees to report actual or potential infringements internally through a specific, independent and autonomous channel.</Ii>

 class="crrNumList"> A decision, against which there is no appeal, imposing an administrative sanction or measure for infringements referred to in Article 24(1) shall be published by competent authorities on their official website without undue delay after the person on whom the sanction or measure was imposed has been informed of that decision. <br > The publication shall include at least the following information: the type and nature of the infringement; identity of the persons responsible. obligation does not apply to decisions imposing measures that are of an investigatory nature. <br> Where the publication of the identity of the legal entities, or identity or personal data of natural persons, is considered by the competent authority to be disproportionate following a case-by-case assessment conducted on the proportionality of the publication of such data, or where such publication would jeopardise the stability of financial markets or an ongoing investigation, the competent authorities shall: delay the publication of the decision to impose a sanction or a measure until the moment where the reasons for non-publication cease to exist; decision to impose a sanction or a measure on an anonymous basis in a manner which complies with national law, if such anonymous publication ensures an effective protection of the personal data concerned; or impose a sanction or measure in the event that the options laid down in points (a) and (b) are |considered to be insufficient to ensure: class="crrRomanList"> that the stability of financial markets would not be put in jeopardy; the proportionality of the publication of such decisions with regard to measures which are deemed to be of a minor nature. Competent authorities shall inform the ESAs of all administrative sanctions or measures imposed but not published in accordance with point (c) of the third subparagraph of paragraph 1 including any appeal in relation thereto and the outcome thereof. <br/>
In the case of a decision to publish a sanction or measure on an anonymous basis the publication of the relevant data may be postponed for a reasonable period of time if it is envisaged that within that period the reasons for anonymous publication will cease to exist. Where national law provides for the publication of the decision to impose a sanction or measure which is subject to an appeal before the relevant judicial or other authorities, the competent authorities shall publish on their official website, without undue delay, such information and any subsequent information on the outcome of such appeal. Moreover, any decision annulling a previous decision to impose a sanction or a measure which has been published shall also be published. Competent authorities shall ensure that any publication, in accordance with this Article, shall remain on their official website for a period of at least five years after its publication. Personal data

contained in the publication shall be kept on the

	official website of the competent authority only for the period which is necessary in accordance with the applicable data protection rules.		
SUBTITLE	BTITLE ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES AND OTHER MEASURES		
TOTAL TO	CHAPTED V		

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	CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE
	col class="crrNumList"> <li>The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article. </li> <li> </li>		Article 30
	<div class="crrArticle">Where the Commission adopts regulatory technical standards pursuant to Article 8(5), Article 10(2) or Article 13(5) which are the same as the draft regulatory technical standards submitted by the ESAs, the period during which the European Parliament and the Council may object to those regulatory technical standards shall, by way of derogation from the second subparagraph of Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1093/2010, of Regulation (EU) No 1095/2010, and in order to take into account the complexity and volume of the issues covered therein, be two months from the date of notification. At the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council that period may be extended by one month.</div>		Article 31
	<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>Management companies as defined in Article 2(1)(b) of Directive 2009/65/EC, investment companies as referred to in Article 27 thereof and persons advising on, or selling, units of UCITS as referred to in Article 1(2) thereof shall be exempt from the obligations under this Regulation until 31 December 2021. </li> <li>Vhen a Member State applies rules on the format and content of the key information</li> </ol>		Article

Directive 2009/65/EC, to non-UCITS funds offered to retail investors, the exemption laid down in paragraph 1 of this Article shall apply to management companies, investment companies and persons advising on, or selling, units of such funds to retail investors.

## **ARTICLE**

 class="crrNumList"> By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall review this Regulation. The review shall include, on the basis of the information received by the ESAs, a general survey of the operation of the comprehension alert, taking into account any guidance developed by competent authorities in this respect. It shall also include a survey of the practical application of the rules laid down in this Regulation, taking due account of developments in the market for retail investment products and the feasibility, costs and possible benefits of introducing a label for social and environmental investments. As part of its review, the Commission shall undertake consumer testing and an examination of non-legislative options as well as the outcomes of the review of Regulation (EU) No 346/2013 regarding points (c), (e) and (g) of Article 27(1)thereof. <br/>
Shr>As regards UCITS as defined in Article 1(2) of Directive 2009/65/EC, the review shall assess whether the transitional arrangements under Article 32 of this Regulation shall be prolonged, or whether, following the identification of any necessary adjustments, the provisions on key investor information in Directive 2009/65/EC might be replaced by or considered equivalent to the key investor document under this Regulation. The review shall also reflect on a possible extension of the scope of this Regulation to other financial products, and shall assess whether the exemption of products from the scope of this Regulation should be maintained, in view of sound standards for consumer protection including comparisons between financial products. The review shall also assess the appropriateness of introducing common rules on the need for all Member States to provide for administrative sanctions for infringements of this Regulation. assess, by 31 December 2019, on the basis of the work undertaken by EIOPA on disclosure of product information requirements, whether to propose a new legislative act guaranteeing appropriate disclosure of product information requirements for those products or whether to include pension products referred to in point (e) of Article 2 (2) in the scope of this Regulation. <br>In making its assessment, the Commission shall ensure that such measures do not reduce standards of disclosure in Member States that have pre-existing disclosure regimes for such pension products. consulting the Joint Committee, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council relating to paragraphs 1 and 2, accompanied, if appropriate, by a legislative proposal. By 31 December 2019, the Commission shall conduct a market survey to determine whether online calculator tools which allow the retail investor to compute the aggregate costs and fees of PRIIPs are available and whether they are free of charge. The Commission shall report on whether those tools provide for reliable and accurate calculations for all products within the scope of this Regulation. <br>In the event that the survey concludes that no such tools exist or that existing tools do not enable retail investors to understand the aggregate amount of costs and fees of PRIIPS, the Commission shall assess the feasibility of the ESAs, through the Joint Committee,

	setting out the specifications applicable to such Union-level tools.		
	<div class="crrArticle">This Regulation shall enter</div>		
	into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union. Value of the European Union.	Article 34	
SUBTITLI	LE FINAL PROVISIONS		
TITLE	CHAPTER VI		