ARTICLE			
CONTENT	SUBTITLE	TITLE	
<pre><div class="crrArticle"> For the purposes of this Regulation: <ol class="crrNumList"> <li>participating Member State shall mean a Member State which has adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty;</li> <li>li&gt;national central bank shall mean the central bank of a participating Member State;</li> <li>li&gt;undertakings shall mean those natural or legal persons, private or public, with the exception of public persons in the exercise of their public powers, in a participating Member State, which are the subject of obligations arising from ECB regulations and decisions, and shall include branches or other permanent establishments located in a participating Member State, the head office or registered office of which is outside a participating Member State;</li> <li>li&gt;infringement shall mean any failure by an undertaking to fulfil an obligation arising from ECB regulations or decisions;</li> <li>li&gt;isfine shall mean a single amount of money which an undertaking is obliged to pay as a sanction;</li> <li>li&gt;periodic penalty payments shall mean amounts of money which, in the case of a continued infringement, an undertaking is obliged to pay either as a punishment, or with a view to forcing the persons concerned to comply with the ECB supervisory regulations and decisions. Periodic penalty payments shall be calculated for each complete day of continued infringement:</li> <li>col class="crrCharList"&gt; <li>cli&gt;following notification of the undertaking of a decision requiring the termination of such an infringement in accordance with the procedure laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 3(1); or</li> <li>li&gt;when the continued infringement falls under the scope of Article 18(7) of Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013Council Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013 or conferring specific tasks on the ECB concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions (OJ L 287, 29.10.2013, p. 63). in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 4b of this Regulation;</li> <li>li&gt;san</li></li></ol></div></pre>	Definitions	Article 1	
<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>This Regulation shall apply to the imposition by the ECB of sanctions on undertakings for failure to comply with obligations arising from ECB decisions or regulations. </li> <li>Ali&gt;The rules applying to the imposition by the ECB, in the exercise of its supervisory tasks, of sanctions in case of a breach of an ECB regulation or decision shall derogate from the rules laid down in Articles 2 to 4 to the extent laid down in Articles 4a to 4c. </li> <li>Ali&gt;The ECB shall publish any decision imposing sanctions on an undertaking in case of a breach of an ECB regulation or decision, in the supervisory field, whether or not such decision has been appealed.   by&gt;The ECB shall carry out such a publication on its website without undue delay, and after the decision has been notified to the undertaking concerned. The publication shall include information on the type and nature of the breach and the identity of the undertaking concerned, unless publication in this manner would either: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>peopardise the stability of the financial markets or an ongoing criminal investigation; or</li> <li>Ali&gt; <lo> li&gt; cause, in so far as can be determined, disproportionate damage to the undertaking concerned. </lo></li> <li>Alternatively, where such circumstances, decisions regarding sanctions shall be published on an anonymised basis. Alternatively, where such circumstances are likely to cease within a reasonable period of time, publication under this paragraph may be postponed for such period of time.</li> <li>Ar&gt; If an appeal to the Court of Justice in respect of a decision imposing a sanction is pending, the ECB shall, without undue delay, also publish information on the status of the appeal in question and the outcome thereof on its official</li> </ol></li></ol>	General principles and scope	Article 1a	

website. The ECB shall ensure that information		
published under this paragraph remains on its official website for at least five years.		
<pre><ol class="crrNumList"> <li>The limits within which the ECB may impose fines and periodic penalty payments on undertakings, unless otherwise provided for in specific Council Regulations, shall be the following: <ol class="crrCharList"> <li>fines: the upper limit shall be EUR 500000; and</li> <li>cli&gt;periodic penalty payments: the upper limit shall be EUR 10000 per day of infringement. Periodic penalty payments may be imposed in respect of a maximum period of six months following the notification of the undertaking of the decision in accordance with Article 3(1). </li> </ol> </li> <li></li></ol> <li><li><li><li> <li><li><li><li><lp>The ECB shall take into consideration, where relevant, the circumstances of the specific case, such as: <ol> <ld><la>sunction and fulfilment of the obligation arising from an ECB regulation or decision as well as the degree of diligence and cooperation shown by the undertaking or, on the other, any evidence of wilful deceit on the part of officials of the undertaking;</la></ld></ol></lp></li> <li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></pre>	Sanctions	Article 2
<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>The decision on whether to initiate an infringement procedure shall be taken by the ECB, acting on its own initiative or on the basis of a motion to that effect addressed to it by the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the alleged infringement has occurred. The same decision may also be taken, on its own initiative or on the basis of a motion to that effect addressed to it by the ECB, by the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the alleged infringement has occurred. <pre>cbr&gt;written</pre> notification of the decision to initiate an infringement procedure shall be given to the undertaking concerned, to the relevant supervisory authority and to the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the alleged infringement has occurred or to the ECB. The notification shall disclose the details of the allegations against the undertaking and the evidence on which such allegations are founded. Where appropriate, the decision shall require the termination of the alleged infringement and shall give notice to the undertaking concerned that periodic penalty payments may be imposed. </li> <li><li><li><lp>&gt;</lp></li> <li><lp>&gt;</lp></li> <li><lp>&gt;</lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp><li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <lp></lp></lp></li> <li><lp></lp></li> <li><lp> <li><lp></lp></li> <l></l></lp></li></li></li></ol>		

DOCUMENT	SECTION	shall have the right to be heard by the ECB or the national central bank, as the case may be. The undertaking shall be given no fewer than thirty days to present its defence. <li>&lt;1i&gt;&gt;The Executive Board of the ECB shall, as soon as possible after receiving a submission from the national central bank which initiates the infringement procedure or after having consulted the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the alleged infringement has occurred, adopt a reasoned decision as to whether an undertaking has committed an infringement together with the sanction, if any, to be imposed .</li> <li>&lt;1i&gt;&gt;Ib - Ib - Ib modertaking concerned shall be notified in writing of the decision and shall be informed of its right of review. Notification of the decision shall also be given to relevant supervisory authorities and to the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the infringement has occurred. </li> <li>&lt;1i&gt;&lt;   Ib - Ib</li>	Procedural rules	Article 3
		initiate an infringement procedure, as provided for in this Regulation, shall expire one year after the existence of the alleged infringement first became known either to the ECB or to the national central bank of the Member State in whose jurisdiction the alleged infringement occurred and, in any case, five years after the infringement occurred or, in the case of a continued infringement, five years after the infringement was terminated.		Article

impose a sanction in respect of an infringement, as provided for in this Regulation, shall expire one year after the decision to initiate the procedure as described in Article 3(1) was taken. <li>/li&gt; <li>The right to start an enforcement procedure shall expire six months after the decision has become enforceable pursuant to Article 3(8).</li></li>		
undertaking; <li>li&gt;for periodic penalty payments, the upper limit shall be 5 % of the average daily turnover per day of infringement. Periodic penalty payments may be imposed in respect of a maximum period of six months from the date stipulated in the decision imposing the periodic penalty payment.</li> <li>li&gt;  <li>li&gt; For the purposes of paragraph 1: col class="crrCharList"&gt; <li>annual turnover means the annual turnover of the undertaking concerned in the preceding business year, as defined in relevant Union law, and where this is not available, according to the most recently available annual financial accounts of</li></li></li>	Specific rules regarding the upper limits of sanctions imposed by the ECB in the exercise of its supervisory tasks	Article 4a
breaches in the field of supervision, shall inform the undertaking concerned of its right to make submissions in writing to the ECB on the factual results and the objections raised against the entity as set out therein, including the individual provisions which have been allegedly infringed, and it shall set a reasonable time limit for making such submissions. The ECB shall not be obliged to take into account written submissions made after the time limit set by the ECB in its capacity to investigate breaches in the field of	Specific procedural rules for sanctions imposed by the ECB in the exercise of its supervisory tasks	Article 4b

public. public. from right of access to the file by the undertaking concerned under investigation shall be guaranteed. It shall not extend to confidential information. <li>li&gt;The Supervisory Board shall propose a complete draft decision to the Governing Council, determining whether or not the undertaking concerned has committed a breach and specifying the sanctions to be imposed, if any, in accordance with the procedure under Article 26(8) of Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013. </li> <li>li&gt;The undertaking concerned shall have the right to request a review by the Administrative Board of Review of the decision taken by the Governing Council pursuant to paragraph 4, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 1024/2013. </li>		
Col class="crrNumList"> < li>By way of derogation from Article 4, the right to take a decision to impose a sanction in case of a breach of an ECB decision or regulation relating to its supervisory tasks, shall expire five years after the infringement occurred or, in the case of a continued infringement, five years after the infringement ceased. < /li> <li>  &lt; li&gt;Any action taken by the ECB for the purposes of the investigation or proceedings with respect to an infringement shall cause the time limit laid down in paragraph 1 to be interrupted. The limitation period shall be interrupted with effect from the date on which the action is notified to the supervised entity concerned. Each interruption shall cause the time limit to recommence. However, the time limit shall not exceed a period of 10 years after the infringement occurred or, in the case of a continued infringement, 10 years after the infringement ceased. </li> <li>  &lt; li&gt;  &lt;   &gt; &lt; &gt; &gt;</li>	Specific time limits for sanctions imposed by the ECB in the exercise of its supervisory tasks	Article 4c
<div class="crrArticle">The Court of Justice of the European Communities shall have unlimited jurisdiction within the meaning of Article 172 of the Treaty over the review of final decisions whereby a sanction is imposed.</div>	Judicial review	Article 5
<ol class="crrNumList"> <li>In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Regulation and the provisions of other Council Regulations enabling the ECB to impose sanctions, the provisions of the latter shall prevail. </li><li>Subject to the limits and conditions laid down in this Regulation, the ECB may adopt regulations to specify further the arrangements whereby sanctions may be imposed in accordance with this Regulation as well as guidelines to coordinate and harmonise the procedures in relation to the conduct of the infringement procedure. </li></ol>	General provisions and regulatory power	Article 6
<div class="crrArticle">This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the</div>	Final	Article

European Communities. <br/>
date of entry into force of this Regulation. The remaining Articles shall apply from 1 January 1999. </div>