

class test 03

① Explain Turing machine with an example.

$T M = \{ \Sigma, Q, q_0, F, \Gamma, B, \delta \}$

Σ - input alphabet Γ - tape alphabet

Q - Set of state B - Blank Symbol

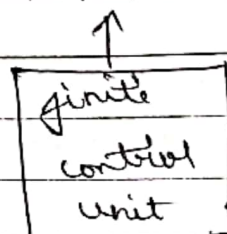
q_0 - start state δ - transition state

F - final state

left | right ← read/write →

eg:

B	B	C	a	b	C	a	B	B
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---



$$\delta = Q \times \Gamma \times (L/R)$$

② Properties of Regular language

(i) Regular language are closed under union (\cup)

(ii) Regular language are closed under complementation R_1, R_2

(iii) Regular language are closed under

Intersection $R_1 \cap R_2$

(iv) R_1 are closed under difference $R_1 - R_2$

(v) R_1 are closed under reversal

(vi) R_1 are closed under homomorphism

(vii) closure property useful for building complex automata

(viii) decision property - useful to decide whether automata define the same language so that we can reduce the no. of states & their cost can be reduced.