## **Declaring Array & Vector**

C-Style Arrays

int a[10]; // Declares an array of 10 integers

std::array

```
#include <array>
std::array<int, 10> a; // Declares an array of 10 integers using std::array
```

std::vector

```
#include <vector>
std::vector<int> a; // Declares a dynamic array of integers using std::vector
```

## **Examples**

```
• C-Style Arrays Example
   int main() {
     int a[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; // Initialize the array
     for(int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
       std::cout << a[i] << " ";
     }
     return 0;
• std::array Example
   #include <iostream>
   #include <array>
   int main() {
     std::array<int, 5> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; // Initialize the array
     for(const auto& elem: a) {
       std::cout << elem << " ";
     }
     return 0;
   }
std::vector Example
   #include <iostream>
   #include <vector>
   int main() {
     std::vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; // Initialize the vector
     for(const auto& elem: a) {
       std::cout << elem << " ";
     }
     return 0;
   }
```