AGA KHAN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD

SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE

CLASS IX

MODEL EXAMINATION PAPER 2020

Civics Paper I

Time: 40 minutes Marks: 25

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read each question carefully.
- 2. Answer the questions on the separate answer sheet provided. DO NOT write your answers on the question paper.
- 3. There are 100 answer numbers on the answer sheet. Use answer numbers 1 to 25 only.
- 4. In each question, there are four choices A, B, C, D. Choose ONE. On the answer grid, black out the circle for your choice with a pencil as shown below.

Correct Way	Incorrect Ways
1 (A) (B) (D)	1 (A) (B) (Ø) (D)
	2 (A) (B) (C) (D)
	3 (A) (B) (X) (D)
	4 (A) (B) (Ø) (D)

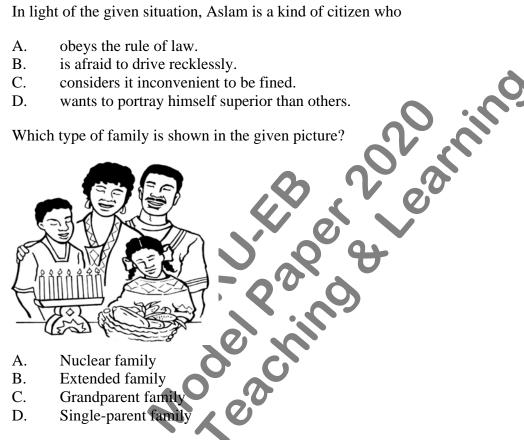
Candidate's Signature

- 5. If you want to change your answer, ERASE the first answer completely with a rubber, before blacking out a new circle.
- 6. DO NOT write anything in the answer grid. The computer only records what is in the circles.

- 1. Civics education should be included in school's curriculum because it helps students to
 - suggest improvement in the already existing branches of government. A.
 - B. appreciate their rights and undertake their responsibilities.
 - C. acquire citizenship of different countries of the world.
 - D. run political campaigns in their own respective areas.
- 2. Aslam is a car racer. When driving late at night, he always obeys the traffic signals even if there is no traffic or traffic police on the road.

In light of the given situation, Aslam is a kind of citizen who

- obeys the rule of law. A.
- B. is afraid to drive recklessly.
- C. considers it inconvenient to be fined.
- wants to portray himself superior than others. D.
- 3. Which type of family is shown in the given picture?



- Nuclear family A.
- В. Extended family
- Grandparent family C.
- Single-parent family D.
- 4. The feeling generated by a family, which is the major binding force of a community is the feeling of
 - A. trust.
 - B. sympathy.
 - C. togetherness.
 - D. responsibility.
- 5. Self-organised network of people with common agenda, cause, or interest, living in a specified geographical boundary and collaborate by sharing ideas, information and other resources is known as
 - A. state.
 - В. family.
 - C. society.
 - D. community.

- 6. Society promotes the well-being of the individuals by giving them full opportunities to
 - A. struggle against social change.
 - B. satisfy their economic needs only.
 - C. self-develop and express him/ herself.
 - D. socialise with their own family members.
- 7. Ahsan is a 10 year old boy who lives in a low socio-economic area. The people living in his area are not very educated and throw trash on roads in their area.

Which of the following actions of Ahsan would help him to resolve the mentioned issue in the most informal way?

- A. Collect fund and hire a sweeper to clean the area
- B. Arrange an awareness walk for all the residents of the area
- C. Write a petition and get it signed by all the people of the locality
- D. Start talking amongst his friends about the benefits of personal hygiene
- 8. Read the following.
 - Group of people
 - Common purpose
 - Customs and laws
 - Change and progress

All of the mentioned elements characterise a

- A. state.
- B. society.
- C. community.
- D. government.
- 9. Which of the following statements is TRUE with regard to the relation between state and territory?
 - A. Security of a state depends on size of its territory.
 - B. Power of a state depends on size of its territory.
 - C. Small states have more efficient administration.
 - D. Regardless of size, all states are equal in status and rights.
- 10. The similarity between the democracy and dictatorship form of governments is that
 - A. leaders have all the powers.
 - B. they are governed by a system.
 - C. people can't vote out the government.
 - D. people can tell government what to do.

Page 4 of 8 11. The MAIN function of the judiciary is to A. sign the laws. В. make the laws. C. implement the laws. decide if the laws are constitutional. D. 12. A deliberative body of persons, usually elected, who are empowered to make, change or repeal the laws of a country or state is called a/ an A. judiciary. B. executive. C. legislature. armed force. D. Territory is an important element for the formation of state where people can 13. A. establish a sovereign government. have agencies to implement law and order. B. C. have formal and informal social interaction. establish industries for economic development. D. Kansas State in the United States of America (USA) cannot be called a state because it does 14. not have sovereignty. A. B. a government. C. definite territory.

- D.
- - a large population.
- Legislative council is a body of people who 15.
 - believe in and uphold a government. A.
 - make laws for a country or state. B.
 - C. are actively engaged in politics.
 - D. hear and decide cases in the court of law.
- Read the following: 16.
 - State-controlled media
 - Backed by military power
 - Power is monopolised in a single person or party

All the given features are specific to which form of government?

- A. Theocracy
- B. Aristocracy
- C. Democracy
- D. Dictatorship

17. A constitution that is the product of history and its origin can be traced through customs and usages. Its roots are in the past. It takes shape in the course of history due to the action and interaction of political, economical and social forces in the country.

The given description of a constitution clarifies it as a/ an

- A. rigid constitution.
- B. written constitution.
- C. enacted constitution.
- D. evolved constitution.
- 18. According to the constitution of 1973 of Pakistan, against any criminal charge, an individual shall be entitled to have a right to
 - A. get a fair trial.
 - B. appoint a judge at his own discretion.
 - C. be protected against self-incrimination.
 - D. be treated as guilty until proven innocent.
- 19. A person who owes allegiance to the state, participates in political affairs and enjoys rights and benefits granted by it is known as a/an
 - A. alien.
 - B. slave.
 - C. citizen.
 - D. foreigner.
- 20. Fareeha was born in United States of America (USA) but her parents belong to Switzerland. According to the law of Switzerland, children born to their citizens remain their citizens.

In light of the given situation, Fareeha will be a citizen of Switzerland because of the process of

- A. Jus soil!
- B. naturalisation.
- C. Jus Sanguinis
- D. indirect recognition.
- 21. Waqar has been working in a country on a work permit. He is likely to enjoy all of the following benefits offered by the government EXCEPT the right to
 - A. vote.
 - B. security.
 - C. acquire property.
 - D. freedom of speech.

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- 22. If one wants to enjoy the right for equality in front of the law, then one has the responsibility to
 - A. propagate one's religion.
 - obey the rules and regulations. В.
 - C. protect one's neighbours' property.
 - share one's skills for the benefit of others. D.
- 23. The major problem with the constitutional rights of the citizens of Pakistan is that the rights are NOT
 - A. mentioned as laws.
 - implemented in society. B.
 - C. understood by people.
 - D. easily accessed by the masses.
- Media is considered as the sword arm of a democratic state because it

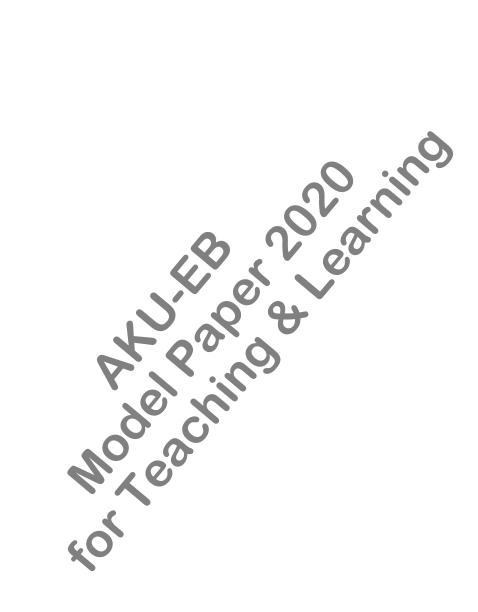
 A. supports economy of the society.

 B. maintains the existing power structure.

 C. defends public interest against malpractice.

 D. reflects upon the negative aspects of the society. 24.
- The BASIC role that is performed by the opposition parties in a democratic system of the state 25. is to
 - develop infrastructure of the state A.
 - work on environment friendly projects. B.
 - C. improve educational system of the state.
 - evaluate the activities of the government. D.

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