AGA KHAN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION BOARD

HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE

CLASS XI

Education Paper I

Time: 45 minutes Marks: 30

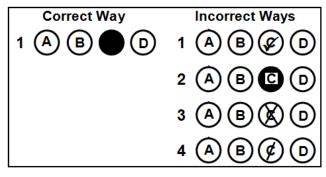
Note: The MCQs in this model paper can also be used as examples and for practice for Annual and Re-sit Examinations 2022.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read each question carefully.
- 2. The MCQs in this model paper can be used as examples and for practice for Annual and Re-sit examinations 2022.

Paper Jeanning

- 3. Answer the questions on the separate answer sheet provided. DO NOT write your answers on the question paper.
- 4. There are 100 answer numbers on the answer sheet. Use answer numbers 1 to 30 only.
- 5. In each question there are four choices A, B, C, D. Choose ONE. On the answer grid black out the circle for your choice with a pencil as shown below.



Candidate's Signature

- 6. If you want to change your answer, ERASE the first answer completely with a rubber, before blacking out a new circle.
- 7. DO NOT write anything in the answer grid. The computer only records what is in the circles.
- 8. You may use a scientific calculator if you wish.

Note: The MCQs in this model paper can be used as examples and for practice for Annual and Re-sit examinations 2022.

- 1. If a student, in early grades, is given a puzzle to arrange independently, then which of the following life skills he/ she will be able to develop?
 - A. Interpersonal skills
 - B. Collaboration skills
 - C. Communication skills
 - D. Problem solving skills
- 2. The process of inter-cultural relationships in a society can be promoted through all of the following actions EXCEPT
 - A. inculcating the sense of respect or pluralism in learners.
 - B. providing education to the people about others' culture.
 - C. specifying the fact that all human beings have common goals.
 - D. practicing religious ceremonies of one's own from an early age.
- 3. "Education is the process of living through a continuous reconstruction of experiences."

The modern educationist that proposed the given definition of education was

- A. T.S. Mill.
- B. T.P. Nunn.
- C. John Dewey.
- D. Bernard Russell.
- 4. Aslam, a five-year-old boy, was sitting near a jogging track with his father. He saw a person eating banana and throwing its peel on the track due to which another person slipped.

His father refers to this incident and explains to him that we should always throw waste into the dustbin to avoid such accidents.

The information provided to Aslam in the given situation exemplifies

- A. general education.
- B. informal education.
- C. non-formal education.
- D. guidance and counselling.
- 5. The intellectual aim of education is to
 - A. understand one's religion.
 - B. enhance cognitive skills of the people.
 - C. develop moral values in an individual.
 - D. raise the economic progress of the people.

6. A school celebrates Eid where everyone embraces each other despite their differences.

The educational aim which the school is trying to achieve with this celebration is

- A. cultural.
- B. vocational.
- C. intellectual.
- D. economical.
- 7. Ali has taken his intermediate examination and wants to be a mechanic.

Which of the following types of education would help Ali in achieving his goal?

- A. Formal education
- B. Informal education
- C. Vocational education
- D. Non-formal education
- 8. A trained physical instructor has been assigned a task to train two athletes at their respective homes.

This type of education would come under

- A. formal education.
- B. informal education.
- C. physical education.
- D. non-formal education
- 9. Teachers play a significant role in shaping their students to become well-rounded members of the society.

Teachers do this by MAINLY considering students'

- A. capability and attitude.
- B. capability and heredity.
- C. attitude and nationality.
- D. heredity and nationality.
- 10. Four-year-old Taha is learning to share his toys with other children, though he prefers to play alone.

Which of the following characteristics of education is present in the given situation?

- A. Lifesaving skills
- B. Social adjustment
- C. Spiritual development
- D. Cognitive development

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- 11. Read the following aspects of education.
 - Self-control
 - Good manners
 - Ethical practices

The given aspects are MOST likely related to the

- A. moral aims of education.
- B. cultural aims of education.
- C. economic aims of education.
- D. intellectual aims of education.
- 12. In this rapidly changing world, schools are allowing students to take online classes on electronic devices.

This step has been taken to

- A. adjust to new demands.
- B. promote cultural values.
- C. increase students' spirituality.
- D. help students recognise their potential.
- 13. Areesh studies in grade 8. His teacher engages all students in activities where they can apply their knowledge to understand everyday life issues.

The philosophical foundation of education that is prominent in the given situation is

- A. realism.
- B. idealism.
- C. pragmatism.
- D. existentialism.
- 14. The institution that plays an important role in maintaining the state of economic equilibrium in the society through moral values is
 - A. cultural institution.
 - B. political institution.
 - C. financial institution.
 - D. educational institution.
- 15. Ahmed is invited to a wedding during the days when he is having his examinations. His decision to go to the wedding depends on the exam paper he has the next day. Luckily, the exam paper is of a subject that he finds easy, so he decides to go to the wedding.

The foundation of education reflected in the given scenario is

- A. ideological foundation.
- B. sociological foundation.
- C. philosophical foundation.
- D. psychological foundation.

- 16. According to Emile Durkheim, the role of education in a society is to
 - A. transmit norms and values.
 - B. strengthen the class system.
 - C. create a heterogeneous cultural set up.
 - D. provide skilled workers for the economy.
- 17. In the Mughal Era, the responsibility of primary education of Muslims was fulfilled by
 - A. jamia.
 - B. *maktab*.
 - C. khanqah.
 - D. madrassa.
- 18. The demerit of the curriculum followed under the Islamic education system in the subcontinent was that it
 - A. did not teach people about warfare techniques.
 - B. failed to integrate the subjects of logic and mathematics.
 - C. failed to make connections between religion and society.
 - D. did not expose the students to modern scientific knowledge.
- 19. The nature of the indigenous system of education that existed in the subcontinent was MAINLY
 - A. classical and spiritual.
 - B. religious and scientific.
 - C. discourse and discussion.
 - D. constructivism and exploration.
- 20. During the colonial period in India, missionaries used education as a tool to propagate
 - A. religion.
 - B. language.
 - C. imperialism.
 - D. social values.
- 21. The given images depict the social institution of





- A. state.
- B. family.
- C. economy.
- D. education.

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- 22. People who have a common culture and goals form a
 - A. city.
 - B. society.
 - C. country.
 - D. community.
- 23. The social institution that has the MOST influence on the nurturing of children is
 - A. family.
 - B. school.
 - C. religion.
 - D. government.
- 24. The type of guidance in which a counsellor helps an individual to overcome academic problems is called
 - A. social guidance.
 - B. moral guidance.
 - C. educational guidance.
 - D. psychological guidance.
- 25. Read the given conversation between a counsellor and his client.

Client: I feel extremely guilty for not helping my friend when he/ she needed me the most. I will never be able to face him/ her again.

Counsellor: If he/ she is a friend, he/ she will understand your problem. Try to gather courage and invite him/ her for tea to explain your position.

The given communication is an example of

- A. group counselling.
- B. elective counselling.
- C. directive counselling.
- D. non-directive counselling.
- 26. Which of the following statements shows the CORRECT difference between directive and non-directive counselling?

	Directive Counselling	Non-directive Counselling
A	It involves a passive counsellor.	It involves an active counsellor.
В	It covers emotional aspects.	It covers intellectual aspects.
С	It emphasises on the individual.	It emphasises on the problem.
D	It aims to solve the problem.	It aims to interact with the client.

27. Rapid industrialisation has resulted in a shift from a few occupations to many specialised jobs.

In the given scenario, the guidance given to a person to excel in line with the market needs would be categorised as

- A. family guidance.
- B. personal guidance.
- C. vocational guidance.
- D. educational guidance.
- 28. Effective educational guidance helps students to
 - A. hide their feelings.
 - B. take rational decisions.
 - C. communicate their achievements.
 - D. go with the flow of their emotions.
- 29. The MOST essential feature of counselling is to
 - A. facilitate the counsellee's efforts.
 - B. lecture the counsellee on their mistakes.
 - C. establish an understanding with the counsellee at a personal level.
 - D. remind the counsellee about the negative consequences of their actions.
- 30. Career counselling helps school students to
 - A. realise their potential.
 - B. solve their academic problems.
 - C. maintain their performance in class.
 - D. strengthen their relationship with their peers.

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