## Learning Git

June 17, 2017

## Commands

git init

• Initialize a folder.

git remote add origin https://github.com/shahzebasif/tabletop.git

• Add remote location to upload to.

git status

• Check the status of git folder.

git add <filename>

• Add filename to be committed.

git commit -<x> "Adding a README"

- m: message
- a: all changes
- Commits the change but might prompt for author.

git log

• Gives the log of all commits and an ID.

./.gitignore

• File that has names of files to ignore.

git push origin master

• Push the commits online on branch master.

git pull origin master

• Gets latest updates from remote.

git branch

• Lists all the branches.

git branch <name>

• Creates branch with name.

git checkout <name>

• Switches to branch with name.

git merge <branchname>

• Gets the content from branchname and merges it with the current branch.

git branch -d <branchname>

• Delete branch locally.

git push origin --delete <branchname>

• Deletes the branch on remote.

git push --force

• Overwrites everything on remote with current git repo.

git clone https://github.com/shahzebasif/<repo>.git

• Clones repo.

git config --global user.email "email address"

• Sets the authors name.

git fetch -all && git reset --hard origin/master

• Makes the local directory identical to the online version.

git checkout --track origin/<branch>

• Creates a new branch with the remote branch.

git reset --soft HEAD~1

• Undo last commit without dropping the content.

Note: If you push and there are conflicts, it won't push. It'll ask you to merge them. You should pull the online version, resolve the changes, and then push the result.