# **DS LAB**

# **Week 1: Array Manipulation and Searching Techniques**

a. Arrays – DS

Objective: Reverse array elements

https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/arrays-ds/problem?isFullScreen=true

Without Functions	With functions
#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>	#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>
int main() {	
int n;	<pre>void inputArray(int n, int a[]) {</pre>
int i,temp=0;	<pre>printf("Enter the elements: ");</pre>
scanf("%d",&n);	for (inti = 0; i < n; i++) {
int a[n];	scanf("%d", &a[i]);
for(i=0;i< n;i++)	}
{	}
scanf("%d",&a[i]);	
}	<pre>void reverseArray(int n, int a[]) {</pre>
for(i=0;i< n/2;i++)	int temp;
{	for (inti = 0; $i < n / 2$ ; $i++$ ) {
temp=a[i];	temp = a[i];
a[i]=a[n-1-i];	a[i] = a[n - 1 - i];
a[n-1-i]=temp;	a[n - 1 - i] = temp;
}	}
for(i=0;i< n;i++)	}
{	
<pre>printf("%d\t",a[i]);</pre>	<pre>void printArray(int n, int a[]) {</pre>
}	<pre>printf("Reversed array: ");</pre>
return 0;	for (inti = 0; i < n; i++) {
}	printf("%d\t", a[i]);
	}
	<pre>printf("\n");</pre>
	}
	intmain() {
	int n;
	<pre>printf("Enter the n value: ");</pre>
	scanf("%d", &n);
	int a[n];

```
inputArray(n, a);
reverseArray(n, a);
printArray(n, a);
return 0;
}
```

### b. Linear Search

Objective: Find the position of number K in the given list <a href="https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/17cs1102/challenges/1-a-linear-search">https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/17cs1102/challenges/1-a-linear-search</a>

With functions
#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>
<pre>intfindKeyPosition(int n, int a[], int key) {     for (inti = 0; i &lt; n; i++) {         if (a[i] == key) {             return i; // Return the position if key         is found         }     }     return -1; // Return -1 if key is not found }  void inputArray(int n, int a[]) {     printf("Enter the elements: ");     for (inti = 0; i &lt; n; i++) {         scanf("%d", &amp;a[i]);     } }</pre>
}
intmain() { int n, key; printf("Enter the n value: "); scanf("%d", &n);

```
int a[n];
inputArray(n, a);

printf("Enter the key to find: ");
scanf("%d", &key);

intpos = findKeyPosition(n, a, key);

printf("Position of key: %d\n", pos);

return 0;
}
```

Write a simple program to read int, float, char and string using scanf() and display using printf() in all the above given platforms.

```
#include <stdio.h>
intmain() {
int integer;
  float floatingPoint;
  char character;
  char string[100];
  // Read values
printf("Enter an integer: ");
scanf("%d", &integer);
printf("Enter a float: ");
scanf("%f", &floatingPoint);
printf("Enter a character: ");
scanf(" %c", &character);
printf("Enter a string: ");
scanf("%s", string);
  // Display values
printf("\nYou entered:\n");
printf("Integer: %d\n", integer);
printf("Float: %f\n", floatingPoint);
printf("Character: %c\n", character);
printf("String: %s\n", string);
  return 0;
}
```

#### c. Binary Search - Basic

Objective: find index (0-based) of a given key in a sorted array <a href="https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/launchpad-1-winter-challenge/challenges/binary-search-basic">https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/launchpad-1-winter-challenges/binary-search-basic</a>

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n;
  int i, key, pos = -1, mid = 0, low = 0;
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int high = n - 1;
  int a[n];
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     scanf("%d", &a[i]);
  }
  scanf("%d", &key);
  while (low <= high) {
     mid = (low + high) / 2;
     if (a[mid] == key) {
        pos = mid;
       break;
     ellet else if (key > a[mid]) {
       low = mid + 1;
     } else {
       high = mid - 1;
  }
  printf("%d", pos);
  return 0;
}
```

### d. Binary Search – Iterative

Objective: Given queries found in array elements or not.

 $\underline{https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/17cs1102/challenges/1-b-binary-searchiterative}$ 

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
   int n, m;
   scanf("%d%d", &n, &m);
   int a[n];
  for (inti = 0; i < n; i++)
       scanf("%d", &a[i]);
 int key[m];
  for (inti = 0; i < m; i++)
       scanf("%d", &key[i]);
  for (inti = 0; i < m; i++) {
   int left = 0, right = n - 1, target = key[i];
   int found = 0;
   while (left <= right)
       int mid = (left + right) / 2;
       if (a[mid] == target)
          found = 1;
          break;
       else if (a[mid] < target)
          left = mid + 1;
      else
          right = mid - 1;
     }
      if (found)
          printf("YES\n");
     else
```

```
{
    printf("NO\n");
    }
}
return 0;
```

#### e.Binary Search - Recursion

Objective: Given queries found in array elements or not.

 $\frac{https://www.hackerrank.com/contests/17cs1102/challenges/1-c-binary-search-recursion$ 

```
#include <stdio.h>
int binarySearch(int arr[], int left, int right, int target) // Recursive binary search function
  if (left <= right)
        int mid = (left + right) / 2;
          if (arr[mid] == target)
                 return 1; // Element found
         else if (arr[mid] < target)
                return binarySearch(arr, mid + 1, right, target);
        else
               return binarySearch(arr, left, mid - 1, target);
       }
  return 0; // Element not found
}
int main()
   int n, m;
   scanf("%d%d", &n, &m);
   int a[n];
  for (inti = 0; i < n; i++)
```