Blockchain Supply Chain POC: COVID-19 Vaccine Passports

1] Goal

Design and implement a system that solves a known problem of trust in the COVID-19 vaccine supply chain.

2] Requirements Gathering

2.1] Vaccine Cold Chain



Source: Vaccine cold chain Q&A

2.2] System Actors

- 1. Manufacturer
 - process raw materials into vaccines
- 2. Distributor
 - transports vaccines between locations
- 3. Inspector
 - performs quality checks on vaccines

performs quality checks on manufacturing plants

4. Storage Facility

- o store vaccines in cold temperatures
- 5. **Immunizer** (the doctors, nurses
 - vaccinates people
 - provides vaccine passport/certificates
- 6. **Traveller** (the patient):
 - o receives vaccine
 - o receives vaccine certificate
 - o presents vaccine certificate at the border of the destination country

7. Border Agent

verifies the vaccine certificates/passports

2.3] Problem-Solution Map

No.	Problems	Affected Actors	Proposed Solutions
1	Vaccine passports can be falsified	Border Agent	Cryptographically verify using on-chain data
2	Key facilities may not meet quality standards	• All	 Publish inspection results to blockchain Verify presented inspection results
3	Vaccine passports may not be recognized by destination countries	Distributor Traveller Immunizer	Verify signatures in presented certificates

2.4] Why Blockchain?

1. Tamper-Proof Provenance

- o does the label on the vaccine's vial accurately represent its contents?
- o did the vaccine come from an inspected batch?

2. Credential Issuance & Verification

o cryptographic signatures that are easily verified with on-chain identities

3. Data Redundancy

- o the data can't be lost even if a Traveller "misplaces" their device
- o the data can't be lost even if the vials are damaged

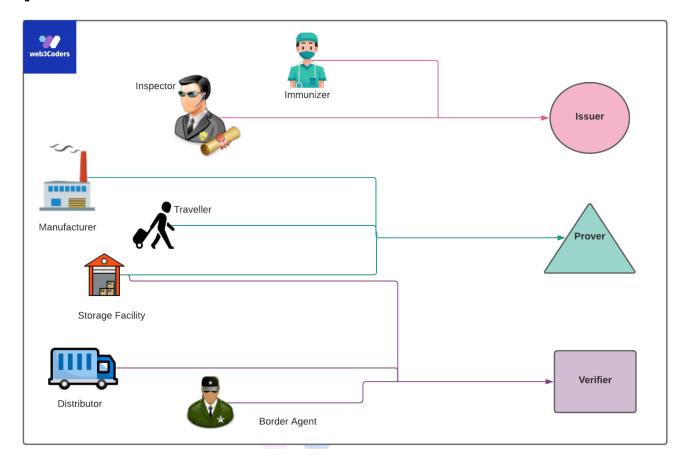
3] System Design

3.1] Flow

- 1. Inspector issues certificate for batch to Manufacturer
- 2. <batch status updated to MANUFACTURED>
- 3. Manufacturer presents certificate to Distributor
- 4. Distributor verifies each certificate
- 5. <batch status updated to DELIVERING_INTERNATIONAL>
- 6. Distributor presents updated certificate to Storage Facility
- 7. Storage Facility verifies each batch certificate
- 8. <batch status updated to STORED>
- 9. Storage Facility presents certificates to Distributor
- 10. Distributor verifies each certificate
- 11. <batch status updated to DELIVERING_LOCAL>
- 12. Distributor presents updated certificate to Immunizer
- 13. Immunizer verifies certificates
- 14. <batch status updated to DELIVERED>
- 15. Immunizer vaccinates Traveller and issues vaccine passport
- 16. <certificate issued with status VACCINATED>
- 17. Traveller presents vaccine passport to Border Agent
- 18. Border Agent verifies vaccine passport

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3.2] User Classifications



3.3] Use Cases

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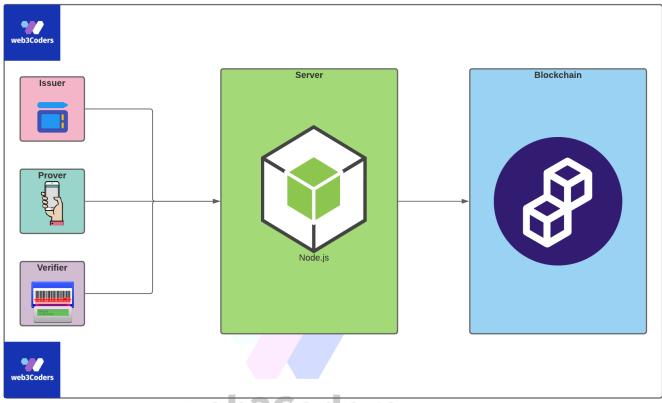
- 1. As an *Issuer*, I can issue a signature representing a digital certificate for a manufacturer's plant or storage facility
- 2. As a **Prover**, I can present a certificate/signature issued to me
- 3. As a Verifier, I can validate the signature on the blockchain for a vaccine

3.3.1] Out of Scope

- Payments between system agents;
- Dishonest doctors/immunizers;
- Suppliers of raw materials to the manufacturers;
- Image capture & QR code scanning;
- Scalability;
- Distribution to areas without internet access;
- IoT;
- Machine learning;
- Regulatory compliance (e.g. GDPR, HIPAA, etc.); and
- Anything not addressed in this video.

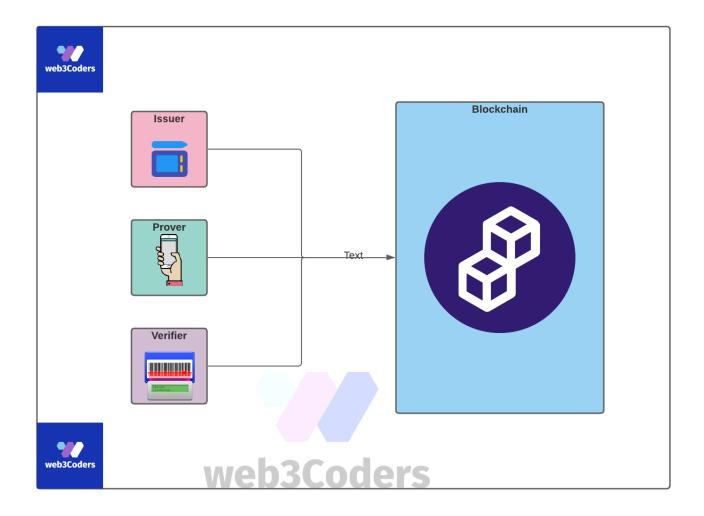
3.4] High-level Diagram

3.4.1] 3-Tiered Architecture



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3.4.2] 2-Tiered "dApp" Architecture



References

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- 3. https://healthpolicy-watch.news/russia-pushes-ahead-with-open-license-approach-to-sputnik-v-despite-who-concerns-over-manufacturing-practices/

