

Lab Report 02

Submitted by:

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Course: CSE438

Section: 2

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Problem 01:

```
clear all;
close all;
```

% Read the image

I = imread('Picture1.jpg');

stretched_img = imadjust(I, stretchlim(I, [0.01, 0.99]), []);

subplot(1,2,1); imshow(l); title('Original Image'); subplot(1,2,2); imshow(stretched_img); title('Contrast Stretched Image');

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Original Image



```
Problem 02:
        clear all;
        close all;
        clc;
        % Read the image
       I = imread('Picture1.jpg');
        % Convert to grayscale if the image is RGB
        if size(1, 3) == 3
          I = rgb2gray(I);
        end
        % Get the correct size of the grayscale image
        [rows, cols] = size(I);
        % Create an array to store bit planes
        bit_planes = zeros(rows, cols, 8, 'uint8');
        % Extract bit planes
       for i = 1:8
          bit_planes(:,:,i) = uint8(bitget(I, i) * 255); % Extract i-th bit and scale to 0-255
        end
        % Display the bit planes
       figure;
       for i = 1:8
          subplot(2,4,i);
```

imshow(bit_planes(:,:,i)); % Show bit plane

title(['Bit Plane ', num2str(i)]);

end

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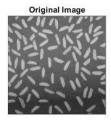




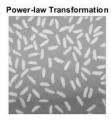
```
Problem 03:
clear all;
close all;
clc;
% Read the image
I = imread('Picture2.png');
% Convert to grayscale if RGB
if size(1, 3) == 3
  I = rgb2gray(I);
end
% Convert to double for transformations
I_double = double(I);
% Logarithmic Transformation
c_log = 255 / log(1 + double(max(I(:)))); % Compute scaling constant
I_log = c_log * log(1 + I_double); % Apply transformation
I_log = uint8(I_log); % Convert back to uint8
% Power-law (Gamma) Transformation
gamma = 0.5; % Experiment with values (e.g., 0.5, 1.5, 2.0)
I_gamma = 255 * ((I_double / 255) .^ gamma); % Apply power-law transformation
I_gamma = uint8(I_gamma); % Convert back to uint8
% Display Results
figure;
```

```
subplot(1,4,1);
imshow(I);
title('Original Image');
subplot(1,4,2);
imshow(I_log);
title('Logarithmic Transformation');
subplot(1,4,3);
imshow(I_gamma);
title(['Power-law Transformation']);
```

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```
Problem 04:
clear all;
close all;
clc;
% Read the images
I = imread('Picture3.jpg');
Ref = imread('Picture4.png');
% Convert images to grayscale if they are RGB
if size(1, 3) == 3
  I = rgb2gray(I);
end
if size(Ref, 3) == 3
  Ref = rgb2gray(Ref);
end
% Perform histogram matching
I_matched = imhistmatch(I, Ref);
% Display Images
figure;
subplot(1,3,1);
imshow(I);
title('Original Image');
subplot(1,3,2);
imshow(Ref);
title('Reference Image');
```

```
subplot(1,3,3);
imshow(I_matched);
title('Matched Output Image');
% Display Histograms
figure;
subplot(1,3,1);
imhist(I);
title('Histogram of Original Image');
subplot(1,3,2);
imhist(Ref);
title('Histogram of Reference Image');
subplot(1,3,3);
imhist(I_matched);
title('Histogram of Matched Output Image');
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```

Original Image

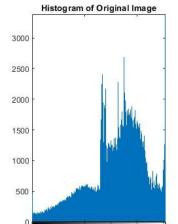


Reference Image

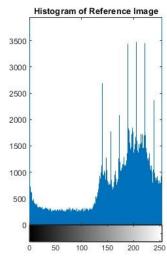


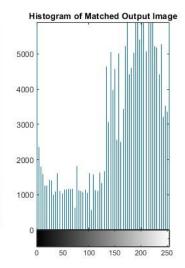
Matched Output Image





100 150 200





```
Problem 05:
       clear all;
       close all;
       clc;
       % Read the image
       I = imread('Picture5.jpg'); % Input image
       % Convert to grayscale if it is RGB
       if size(1, 3) == 3
         I = rgb2gray(I);
       end
       % Apply Histogram Equalization
       I_eq = histeq(I);
       % Display the images
       figure;
       subplot(1,2,1);
       imshow(I);
       title('Original Image');
       subplot(1,2,2);
       imshow(I_eq);
       title('Histogram Equalized Image');
       % Display Histograms
       figure;
```

subplot(1,2,1);

imhist(I);

title('Histogram of Original Image');

subplot(1,2,2);

imhist(I_eq);

title('Histogram of Equalized Image');

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Histogram Equalized Image

