Importing all the required libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from scipy.stats import binom,poisson,norm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Downloading the dataset

!gdown https://d2beiqkhq929f0.cloudfront.net/public_assets/assets/000/001/293/original/walmart_data.csv

 ${\tt Downloading...}$

From: https://d2beiqkhq929f0.cloudfront.net/public_assets/assets/000/001/293/original/walmart_data.csv
To: /content/walmart_data.csv
100% 23.0M/23.0M [00:00<00:00, 287MB/s]

!ls

sample_data walmart_data.csv

Reading the CSV file and storing it in a variable

```
df = pd.read_csv("walmart_data.csv")
df.head()
```

	User_ID	Product_ID	Gender	Age	Occupation	City_Category	Stay_In_Current_City_Years	Marital_Status	Product_Category	Purchase	1
0	1000001	P00069042	F	0-17	10	Α	2	0	3	8370	
1	1000001	P00248942	F	0-17	10	А	2	0	1	15200	
2	1000001	P00087842	F	0-17	10	Α	2	0	12	1422	
3	1000001	P00085442	F	0-17	10	Α	2	0	12	1057	
4	1000002	P00285442	М	55+	16	С	4+	0	8	7969	

Checking for the details of the dataframe, there are a total of 10 columns, and out of that 5 are of type integer and 5 are type of object and there are a total of 550068 entries

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 550068 entries, 0 to 550067 Data columns (total 10 columns):
# Column
                                   Non-Null Count Dtype
0
     User ID
                                   550068 non-null int64
     Product_ID
                                   550068 non-null object
2
     Gender
                                   550068 non-null object
3
     Age
                                   550068 non-null object
     Occupation
                                   550068 non-null int64
                                   550068 non-null object
5
     City_Category
    Stay_In_Current_City_Years 550068 non-null object
Marital_Status 550068 non-null int64
                                   550068 non-null int64
     Product_Category
                                   550068 non-null int64
     Purchase
dtypes: int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 42.0+ MB
```

Statistical Summary of the data of type integers, it shows the mean, standar deviation and percentile count each column. The Mean of purchase is 9264.

df.describe()

	User_ID	Occupation	Marital_Status	Product_Category	Purchase
count	5.500680e+05	550068.000000	550068.000000	550068.000000	550068.000000
mean	1.003029e+06	8.076707	0.409653	5.404270	9263.968713
std	1.727592e+03	6.522660	0.491770	3.936211	5023.065394
min	1.000001e+06	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	12.000000
25%	1.001516e+06	2.000000	0.000000	1.000000	5823.000000
50%	1.003077e+06	7.000000	0.000000	5.000000	8047.000000
75%	1.004478e+06	14.000000	1.000000	8.000000	12054.000000
max	1.006040e+06	20.000000	1.000000	20.000000	23961.000000

Statistical Summary of the data of type Objects, it shows the count, unique values count.

df.describe(include="object")

	Product_ID	Gender	Age	City_Category	Stay_In_Current_City_Years
count	550068	550068	550068	550068	550068
unique	3631	2	7	3	5
top	P00265242	М	26-35	В	1
freq	1880	414259	219587	231173	193821

Checking for null values and there are no null values found in any of the columns

df.isna().any()

User_ID	False
Product ID	False
Gender	False
Age	False
Occupation	False
City_Category	False
Stay_In_Current_City_Years	False
Marital_Status	False
Product_Category	False
Purchase	False
dtype: bool	

Checking for duplicates and there are no duplicate rows found.

```
df[df.duplicated()]

User_ID Product_ID Gender Age Occupation City_Category Stay_In_Current_City_Years Marital_Status Product_Category Purchase
```

Checking for number of unique values in each column.

```
df.nunique()
                                    5891
    User_ID
    {\tt Product\_ID}
                                   3631
    Gender
                                      7
    Age
                                     21
    Occupation
    City_Category
                                      3
    Stay_In_Current_City_Years
    Marital_Status
                                      2
    Product_Category
                                     20
    Purchase
                                   18105
```

In the given dataset Males are more than Females

dtype: int64

In the given dataset, unmarrried people are more than the married people

```
df.value_counts("Marital_Status")

    Marital_Status
    0    324731
    1    225337
    dtype: int64
```

In the given dataset, majority of the people live in city B

```
df.value_counts("City_Category")

City_Category
B 231173
C 171175
A 147720
dtype: int64
```

In the given dataset, majority of the people falls under the age category of 26 to 35

```
Age
26-35 219587
36-45 110013
18-25 99660
46-50 45701
51-55 38501
55+ 21504
0-17 15102
dtype: int64
```

df.value_counts("Stay_In_Current_City_Years")

From the below plot, we can see that most of the people stay mostly 1 year in the current city and maximum number of people stay in city B and the Minimum number of people stay in City A

```
sns.countplot(data=df,x="Stay_In_Current_City_Years", order = df.value_counts("Stay_In_Current_City_Years").index, hue="City_Category")
```

```
data = (df.groupby("Gender")['User_ID'].count()).reset_index()
data
```

```
Gender User_ID

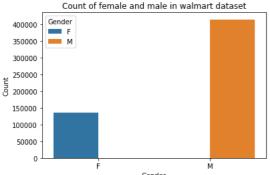
O F 135809

1 M 414259
```

From the below plot, we can see that males are more than the females

```
sns.barplot(data=data, x = 'Gender', y = 'User_ID', hue='Gender')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title("Count of female and male in walmart dataset")
```

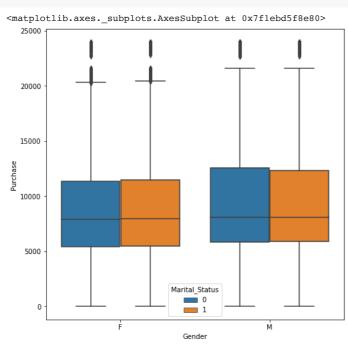
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Count of female and male in walmart dataset')



From the below plot we can see the average purchase of Married and Unmarried males and Married and Unmarried females

- From the given dataset both married and unmarried males and females people are having similar average purchase rates.
- From the below box plot we can see there are outliers and these outliers might affect the average purchase rate

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.boxplot(y="Purchase",x="Gender",hue = "Marital_Status",data=df)
```

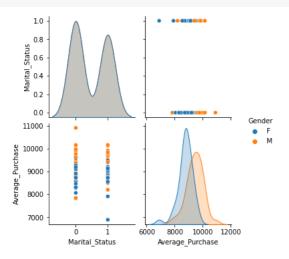


gender_marital_age_data = df.groupby(["City_Category", "Age", "Gender", "Marital_Status"]).agg(Average_Purchase = ("Purchase", "mean")).reset_index()
gender_marital_age_data

	City Category	Ano.	Gender	Marital Status	Average_Purchase
	CITY_Category	Age	Gender	Maiicai_Scacus	Average_rurchase
0	Α	0-17	F	0	7826.252246
1	Α	0-17	М	0	9655.655424
2	Α	18-25	F	0	8558.911988
3	Α	18-25	F	1	6892.483344
4	Α	18-25	М	0	9044.066667
73	С	51-55	М	1	9837.798026
74	С	55+	F	0	8726.412274
75	С	55+	F	1	9134.650930
76	С	55+	М	0	9758.533138
77	С	55+	М	1	9400.414121

78 rows × 5 columns

sns.pairplot(data=gender_marital_age_data, hue='Gender')
plt.show()



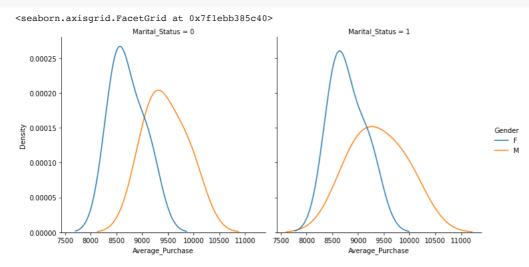
gender_marital_data = df.groupby(["City_Category","Gender","Marital_Status"]).agg(Average_Purchase = ("Purchase","mean")).reset_index()
gender_marital_data

	City_Category	Gender	Marital_Status	Average_Purchase
0	А	F	0	8579.690979
1	А	F	1	8579.736254
2	А	М	0	9100.477475
3	А	М	1	8883.525545
4	В	F	0	8480.546732
5	В	F	1	8629.901199
6	В	М	0	9372.347212

From the below plot derived from the given dataset, we can see the following:

- The Average purchase of married females and unmarried females are almost same.
- The Average purchase of married males are slightly higher than the unmarried males.

sns.displot(data=gender_marital_data, x="Average_Purchase", hue="Gender", col="Marital_Status", kind="kde")



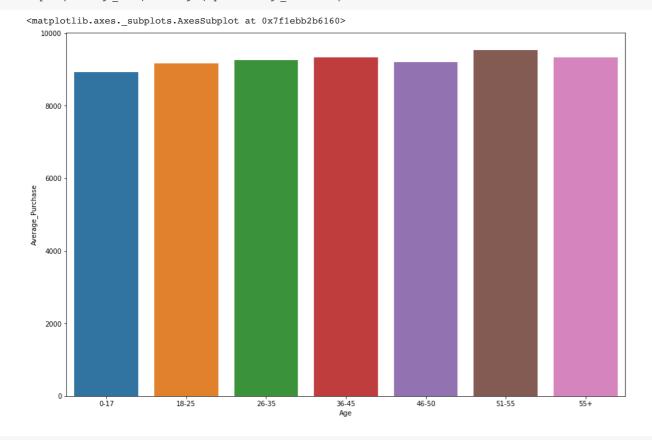
age_data = df.groupby(["Age"]).agg(Average_Purchase = ("Purchase","mean")).reset_index()
age_data

	Age	Average_Purchase
0	0-17	8933.464640
1	18-25	9169.663606
2	26-35	9252.690633
3	36-45	9331.350695
4	46-50	9208.625697
5	51-55	9534.808031
6	55+	9336.280459

From the below plot derived from the given dataset, we can see the following:

• The average purchase of all age group people are more or less similar.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
sns.barplot(data=age_data, x = 'Age', y = 'Average_Purchase')
```

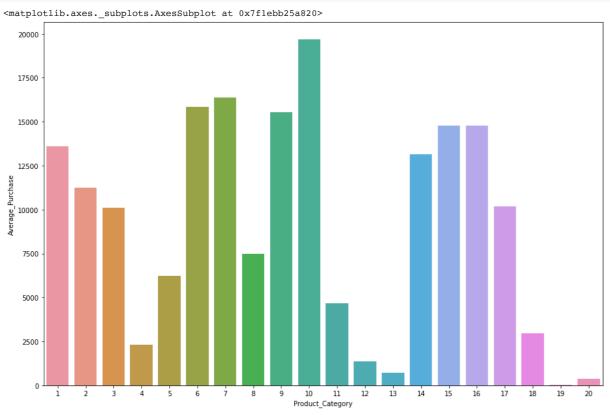


product_data = df.groupby(["Product_Category"]).agg(Average_Purchase = ("Purchase","mean")).reset_index()
product_data

	Product_Category	Average_Purchase
0	1	13606.218596
1	2	11251.935384
2	3	10096.705734
3	4	2329.659491
4	5	6240.088178
5	6	15838.478550
6	7	16365.689600
7	8	7498.958078
8	9	15537.375610
9	10	19675.570927
10	11	4685.268456
11	12	1350.859894
40	40	700 100010

From the below plot, we can see that the average purchase rate of product category 10 is high compared to anyother product category

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
sns.barplot(data=product_data, x = 'Product_Category', y = 'Average_Purchase')
```



occupation_data = df.groupby(["Occupation"]).agg(Average_Purchase = ("Purchase", "mean")).reset_index()
occupation_data

1

	Occupation	Average_Purchase
0	0	9124.428588
1	1	8953.193270
2	2	8952.481683
3	3	9178.593088
4	4	9213.980251
5	5	9333.149298
6	6	9256.535691
7	7	9425.728223
8	8	9532.592497
9	9	8637.743761
10	10	8959.355375
11	11	9213.845848
12	12	9796.640239
13	13	9306.351061
14	14	9500.702772
15	15	9778.891163
16	16	9394.464349
17	17	9821.478236
18	18	9169.655844
19	19	8710.627231
20	20	8836.494905

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
sns.barplot(data=occupation_data, x = 'Occupation', y = 'Average_Purchase')
```

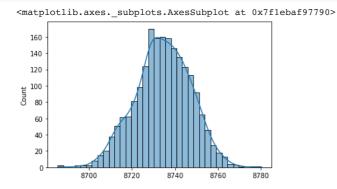
```
Male_Transaction_Series = df.loc(df["Gender"] == "M"]["Purchase"]
M_len = len(Male_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_male_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
    bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Male_Transaction_Series, size = M_len)
    bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_male_transaction,kde=True)

 $\verb|bootstrap_male_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)|\\$


```
Female_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Gender"] == "F"]["Purchase"]
F_len = len(Female_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_female_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
    bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Female_Transaction_Series, size = F_len)
    bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
    bootstrap_female_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

 $\verb|sns.histplot(bootstrap_female_transaction, kde=True)|\\$



The confidence intervals when it's 90%, 95%, 99% it does not overlap each other with the male and female average purchase

```
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 95),2)
 print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]") \\
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_male_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_male_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_male_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap male transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_female_transaction, 99.5),2)
 print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]") 
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_male_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_male_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [{left}, {right}]")
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [8712.48, 8754.66]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [9425.05, 9451.01]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [8709.05, 8758.29]
```

```
With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [9418.42, 9457.88]

Married_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Marital_Status"] == 1]["Purchase"]

Married_len = len(Married_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_married_transaction = []

for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Married_Transaction_Series, size = Married_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_married_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

 $\verb|sns.histplot(bootstrap_married_transaction,kde=True)|\\$

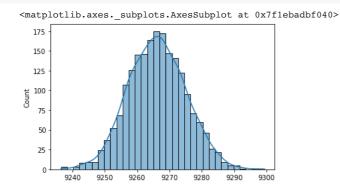
With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by male lies between [9422.85, 9453.16] With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by female lies between [8702.55, 8764.39]

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1ebae63e20>

160 -
140 -
120 -
100 -
100 -
8 80 -
```

```
Unmarried_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Marital_Status"] == 0]["Purchase"]
Unmarried_len = len(Unmarried_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_unmarried_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Unmarried_Transaction_Series, size = Unmarried_len)
bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
bootstrap_unmarried_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction,kde=True)



The confidence intervals when it's 90%, 95%, 99% it does overlap each other with the married and unmarried peoples average purchase

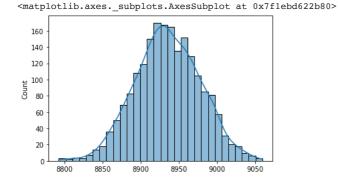
```
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_unmarried_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99\$ confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_married_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [{left}, {right}]")
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [9252.11, 9280.79]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [9243.09, 9278.14]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [9249.39, 9283.77]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [9240.2, 9281.19]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are not married lies between [9243.23, 9288.79]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people who are married lies between [9235.12, 9287.08]
Age017_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "0-17"]["Purchase"]
Age017_len = len(Age017_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap age017 transaction = []
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_age017_transaction,kde=True)

bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
bootstrap_age017_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)

bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age017_Transaction_Series, size = Age017_len)

for reps in range(2000):



```
Age1825_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "18-25"]["Purchase"]

Age1825_len = len(Age1825_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_age1825_transaction = []

for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age1825_Transaction_Series, size = Age1825_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_age1825_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_age1825_transaction,kde=True)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1ebd428ca0>

9180

```
160 - 140 - 120 - 120 - 100 - 80 - 60 - 40 - 40 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100
```

9160

9120

9140

```
Age2635_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "26-35"]["Purchase"]

Age2635_len = len(Age2635_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_age2635_transaction = []

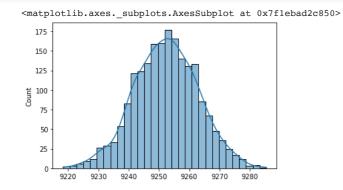
for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age2635_Transaction_Series, size = Age2635_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_age2635_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

 $\verb|sns.histplot(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, kde=True)|\\$



```
Age3645_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "36-45"]["Purchase"]

Age3645_len = len(Age3645_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_age3645_transaction = []

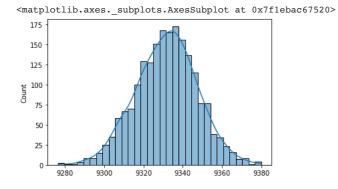
for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age3645_Transaction_Series, size = Age3645_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_age3645_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_age3645_transaction,kde=True)



```
Age4650_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "46-50"]["Purchase"]

Age4650_len = len(Age4650_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_age4650_transaction = []

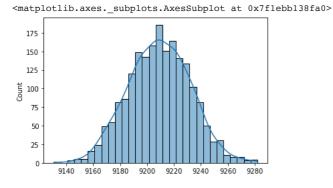
for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age4650_Transaction_Series, size = Age4650_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_age4650_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_age4650_transaction,kde=True)



```
Age5155_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "51-55"]["Purchase"]
Age5155_len = len(Age5155_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_age5155_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
    bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age5155_Transaction_Series, size = Age5155_len)
    bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
    bootstrap_age5155_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_age5155_transaction,kde=True)

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7flebaaf1880>
160
140
120
100
40
20
9450 9475 9500 9525 9550 9575 9600 9625
```

```
Age55plus_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["Age"] == "55+"]["Purchase"]

Age55plus_len = len(Age55plus_Transaction_Series)

bootstrap_age55plus_transaction = []

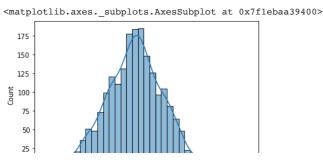
for reps in range(2000):

   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(Age55plus_Transaction_Series, size = Age55plus_len)

   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)

   bootstrap_age55plus_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

 $\verb|sns.histplot(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction,kde=True)|\\$



The confidence intervals when it's 90%, 95%, 99% it does not overlap each other with any age groups average purchase, but it does overlap with the age group of 18-25 and 46-50

```
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age017_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age017 transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age1825_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age1825_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age3645_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age3645_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age4650_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age4650 transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age5155_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age5155_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age017_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age017_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age1825_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age1825_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age3645 transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age3645 transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age4650_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age4650_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age5155 transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age5155_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age017_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age017_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age1825_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age1825 transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age2635_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age55plus_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age55plus transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age5155_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age5155_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age4650_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap age4650 transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age3645_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_age3645_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [{left}, {right}]")
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [8865.96, 9003.71]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [9142.48, 9194.87]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [9235.38, 9269.67]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [9305.7, 9356.4]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [9170.82, 9245.77]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [9494.16, 9575.42]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [9277.74, 9391.28]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [8854.0, 9018.67]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [9137.86, 9200.87]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [9230.78, 9272.84]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [9301.07, 9361.22]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [9165.01, 9253.57]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [9485.6, 9582.82]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [9268.1, 9401.38]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 0-17 lies between [8823.57, 9040.65]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 18-25 lies between [9128.87, 9208.8]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 26-35 lies between [9224.75, 9278.11]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 55+ lies between [9248.58, 9426.31]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 51-55 lies between [9469.16, 9596.02]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 46-50 lies between [9152.32, 9269.24]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in the age group 36-45 lies between [9290.89, 9371.0]
CityA_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["City_Category"] == "A"]["Purchase"]
CityA len = len(CityA Transaction Series)
bootstrap_citya_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(CityA_Transaction_Series, size = CityA_len)
   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
   bootstrap_citya_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
sns.histplot(bootstrap_citya_transaction,kde=True)
```

```
CityB_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["City_Category"] == "B"]["Purchase"]
CityB_len = len(CityB_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_cityb_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(CityB_Transaction_Series, size = CityB_len)
bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
bootstrapped_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

sns.histplot(bootstrap_cityb_transaction,kde=True)

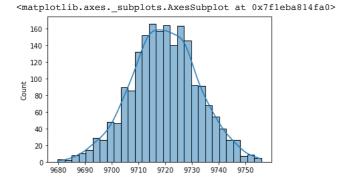
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1eba8cc880> 175 150 125 75 50 25

9120 9130 9140 9150 9160 9170 9180 9190

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f1eba9f45b0>

```
CityC_Transaction_Series = df.loc[df["City_Category"] == "C"]["Purchase"]
CityC_len = len(CityC_Transaction_Series)
bootstrap_cityc_transaction = []
for reps in range(2000):
   bootstrapped_sample = np.random.choice(CityC_Transaction_Series, size = CityC_len)
   bootstrapped_mean = np.mean(bootstrapped_sample)
   bootstrap_cityc_transaction.append(bootstrapped_mean)
```

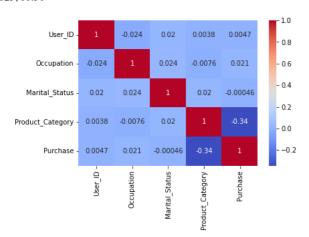
sns.histplot(bootstrap_cityc_transaction,kde=True)



The confidence intervals when it's 90%, 95%, 99% it does not overlap each other with the any cities average purchase

```
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityb_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityb_transaction, 95),2)
 print(f"With 90\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]") 
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 95),2)
print(f"With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap cityb transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityb_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 2.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 97.5),2)
print(f"With 95\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_citya_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99\% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityb_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityb_transaction, 99.5),2)
print(f"With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [{left}, {right}]")
left = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 0.5),2)
right = round(np.percentile(bootstrap_cityc_transaction, 99.5),2)
 print(f"With 99\$ confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [\{left\}, \{right\}]") 
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [8890.69, 8932.1]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [9134.28, 9167.41]
    With 90% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [9698.79, 9740.84]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [8886.68, 8936.42]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [9130.92, 9170.97]
    With 95% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [9694.4, 9745.1]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City A lies between [8879.19, 8945.02]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City B lies between [9125.04, 9175.92]
    With 99% confidence, the mean purchase by the people in City C lies between [9687.45, 9751.93]
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), cmap= "coolwarm", annot=True)
```

plt.show()



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