



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

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EXPERIMENT

Title

NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS LEADING TO A PRODUCT

Description

Problem Statement:

You are given an array arr and a product m. Your task is to find the number of possible unique triplets whose product of elements is m.

Input Format:

- The first line contains the integer, n
- The second line contains space separated integers of the array, arr
- The third line contains the product m.

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidate

Output Format:

The output consists of a single integer, i.e. the count of unique triplets having product m.

The output will be matched to the candidate's output printed on the STDOUT

Example:

Input:

7
5 3 20 10 1 4 2
60

Output:

3

Explanation:

Product m:60

Possible triplets for product m: (5,4,3),(20,3,1), (10,3,2)

The count of unique triplets is 3.

Source Code:

```
def count_unique_triplets(arr, m):
    n = len(arr)
    unique_triplets = set()

    # Sort the array to handle duplicates and simplify the triplet search
    arr.sort()

    # Iterate through the array to find triplets
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(i + 1, n):
            for k in range(j + 1, n):
                # Calculate the product of the triplet
                product = arr[i] * arr[j] * arr[k]
                if product == m:
                    # Use a tuple to store the triplet, sorted to ensure uniqueness
                    triplet = tuple(sorted((arr[i], arr[j], arr[k])))
                    unique_triplets.add(triplet)

    return len(unique_triplets)

# Input reading
if __name__ == "__main__":
    import sys
    input = sys.stdin.read
    data = input().splitlines()

    n = int(data[0]) # The number of elements in the array
    arr = list(map(int, data[1].split())) # The array of integers
    m = int(data[2]) # The product m

    result = count_unique_triplets(arr, m)
    print(result)
```

RESULT

6 / 6 Test Cases Passed | 100 %