Basic VLAN Configuration Guide for Cisco Packet Tracer Lab

Lab Overview

This lab demonstrates the setup of basic VLANs to segment the network into Sales and Accounts departments using a single switch. The topology includes:

- One switch (2960-24TT)
- One server (Server-PT)
- Four PCs (PC1, PC2, PC3, PC4)
- IP addressing as per the diagram

Network Details

- Sales Department VLAN (VLAN 10): 192.168.1.0/24
 - PC1: 192.168.1.2
 - PC2: 192.168.1.3
- Accounts Department VLAN (VLAN 20): 192.168.2.0/24
 - PC3: 192.168.2.2
 - PC4: 192.168.2.3
 - Server-PT: 192.168.2.4
- Switch Management IP: 192.168.1.1 (VLAN 1 for management)

Step-by-Step Configuration

Step 1: Configure the Switch

1. Enter global configuration mode:

enable
configure terminal

2. Create VLAN 10 for Sales Department:

vlan 10 name Sales_Department exit

3. Create VLAN 20 for Accounts Department:

vlan 20
name Accounts_Department
exit

4. Assign ports to VLANs:

interface FastEthernet0/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 10 exit interface FastEthernet0/2 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 10 exit interface FastEthernet0/3 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 exit interface FastEthernet0/4 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 exit interface FastEthernet0/5 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 exit

5. Configure management IP address on VLAN 1:

interface vlan 1
ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
exit

6. Save the configuration:

write memory

Step 2: Configure PCs and Server

- 1. Configure PC1:
 - IP Address: 192.168.1.2
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- 2. Configure PC2:
 - IP Address: 192.168.1.3
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- 3. Configure PC3:
 - IP Address: 192.168.2.2
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- 4. Configure PC4:
 - IP Address: 192.168.2.3
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- 5. Configure Server-PT:
 - IP Address: 192.168.2.4
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 - Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Step 3: Verify Configuration

- 1. Check VLAN configuration:
 - show vlan brief
- 2. Test connectivity within VLANs:

- From PC1, ping PC2 (should succeed).
- From PC3, ping PC4 (should succeed).
- From PC3, ping Server-PT (should succeed).
- 3. Test inter-VLAN connectivity:
 - From PC1, ping PC3 (should fail, as VLANs are isolated by default).
- 4. If connectivity fails, troubleshoot:
 - Verify IP configurations on PCs and server.
 - Ensure switch ports are correctly assigned to VLANs.
 - Check cable connections in Packet Tracer.

Troubleshooting Tips

- Use ping to test connectivity.
- Verify VLAN assignments with show vlan brief.
- Ensure no misconfigured ports or IP settings.

Conclusion

This configuration sets up basic VLANs to segment the Sales and Accounts departments. Intra-VLAN communication should work, while inter-VLAN communication is blocked without a router (not configured here). Test the setup to confirm segregation.