

```
In [41]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
In [11]: data=pd.read_csv("Social_Network_Ads.csv")
data.head(10)
```

Out[11]:

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0
5	15728773	Male	27	58000	0
6	15598044	Female	27	84000	0
7	15694829	Female	32	150000	1
8	15600575	Male	25	33000	0
9	15727311	Female	35	65000	0

```
In [12]: real_x= data.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
real_y= data.iloc[:,4].values
```

```
In [18]: training_x,test_x,training_y,test_y=train_test_split(real_x,real_y,test_size=
0.25,random_state=0)
```

```
In [25]: s_c = StandardScaler()
training_x=s_c.fit_transform(training_x)
test_x=s_c.fit_transform(test_x)
```

```
In [33]: cls=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5,metric='minkowski',p=2)
cls.fit(training_x,training_y)
```

Out[33]: KNeighborsClassifier()

```
In [36]: y_pred=cls.predict(test_x)
y_pred
```

```
Out[36]: array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [42]: test_y
```

```
Out[42]: array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1,
                1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1], dtype=int64)
```

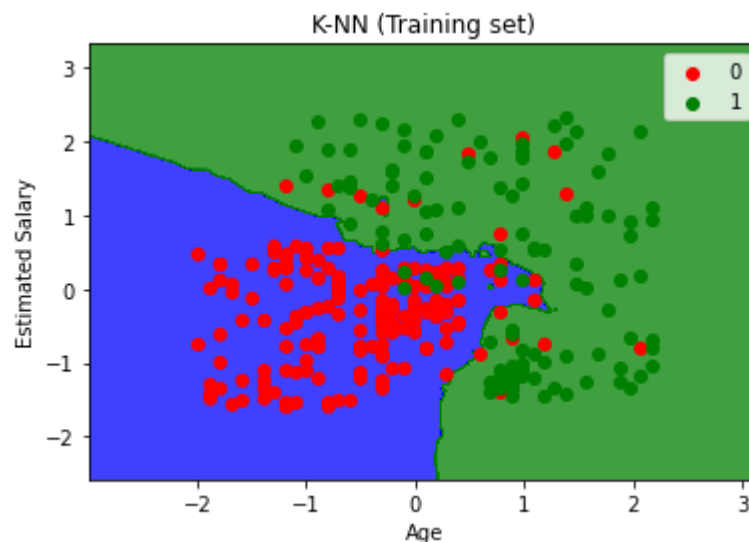
```
In [51]: c_m=confusion_matrix(test_y,y_pred)
c_m
```

```
Out[51]: array([[64,  4],
                [ 3, 29]], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [53]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = training_x, training_y
▼ X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:,
0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:,
1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
▼ plt.contourf(X1, X2, cls.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('blue', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
▼ for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
▼ plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('K-NN (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

'c' argument looks like a single numeric RGB or RGBA sequence, which should be avoided as value-mapping will have precedence in case its length matches with 'x' & 'y'. Please use a 2-D array with a single row if you really want to specify the same RGB or RGBA value for all points.

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```
In [58]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
X_set, y_set = test_x, test_y
▼ X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:,
0].max() + 1, step = 0.01),
np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:,
1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
▼ plt.contourf(X1, X2, cls.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(),
X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('blue', 'green')))
plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
▼ for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
▼ plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
plt.title('K-NN (test set)')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
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