1. Array Creation Functions

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
In [2]: # Create an array from a list
        a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
        print("Array a:", a)
       Array a: [1 2 3]
In [3]: # Create an array with evenly spaced values
        b = np.arange(0, 10, 2) # Values from 0 to 10 with step 2
        print("Array b:", b)
       Array b: [0 2 4 6 8]
In [4]: # Create an array with linearly spaced values
        c = np.linspace(0, 1, 5) # 5 values evenly spaced between 0 and 1
        print("Array c:", c)
       Array c: [0. 0.25 0.5 0.75 1. ]
In [5]: # Create an array filled with zeros
        d = np.zeros((2, 3)) # 2x3 array of zeros
        print("Array d:\n", d)
       Array d:
        [[0. 0. 0.]
        [0. 0. 0.]]
In [6]: # Create an array filled with ones
        e = np.ones((3, 2)) # 3x2 array of ones
        print("Array e:\n", e)
       Array e:
        [[1. 1.]
        [1. 1.]
        [1. 1.]]
In [7]: # Create an identity matrix
        f = np.eye(4) # 4x4 identity matrix
        print("Identity matrix f:\n", f)
       Identity matrix f:
        [[1. 0. 0. 0.]
        [0. 1. 0. 0.]
        [0. 0. 1. 0.]
        [0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

2. Array Manipulation Functions

```
In [8]: # Reshape an array
a1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
reshaped = np.reshape(a1, (1, 3)) # Reshape to 1x3
print("Reshaped array:", reshaped)
```

```
Reshaped array: [[1 2 3]]
In [9]: # Flatten an array
         f1 = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
         flattened = np.ravel(f1) # Flatten to 1D array
         print("Flattened array:", flattened)
        Flattened array: [1 2 3 4]
In [10]: # Transpose an array
         e1 = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
         transposed = np.transpose(e1) # Transpose the array
         print("Transposed array:\n", transposed)
        Transposed array:
         [[1 3]
         [2 4]]
In [11]: # Stack arrays vertically
         a2 = np.array([1, 2])
         b2 = np.array([3, 4])
         stacked = np.vstack([a2, b2]) # Stack a and b vertically
         print("Stacked arrays:\n", stacked)
        Stacked arrays:
         [[1 2]
         [3 4]]
```

3. Mathematical Functions

```
In [12]: # Add two arrays
         g = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         added = np.add(g, 2) # Add 2 to each element
         print("Added 2 to g:", added)
        Added 2 to g: [3 4 5 6]
In [13]: # Square each element
         squared = np.power(g, 2) # Square each element
         print("Squared g:", squared)
        Squared g: [ 1 4 9 16]
In [14]: # Square root of each element
         sqrt_val = np.sqrt(g) # Square root of each element
         print("Square root of g:", sqrt_val)
                                                                      ]
        Square root of g: [1.
                                      1.41421356 1.73205081 2.
In [15]: print(a1)
         print(g)
        [1 2 3]
        [1 2 3 4]
In [16]: # Dot product of two arrays
         a2 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
         dot_product = np.dot(a2, g) # Dot product of a and g
         print("Dot product of a and g:", dot_product)
```

```
ValueError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[16], line 3
              1 # Dot product of two arrays
              2 a2 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
        ----> 3 dot_product = np.dot(a2, g) # Dot product of a and g
              4 print("Dot product of a and g:", dot_product)
        ValueError: shapes (3,) and (4,) not aligned: 3 (dim 0) != 4 (dim 0)
In [17]: print(a)
         print(a1)
        [1 2 3]
        [1 2 3]
In [18]: a3 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
         dot_product = np.dot(a1, a) # Dot product of a and g
         print("Dot product of a1 and a:", dot_product)
        Dot product of a1 and a: 14
```

4. Statistical Functions

```
In [19]: s = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         mean = np.mean(s)
         print("Mean of s:", mean)
        Mean of s: 2.5
In [20]: # Standard deviation of an array
         std_dev = np.std(s)
         print("Standard deviation of s:", std_dev)
        Standard deviation of s: 1.118033988749895
In [21]: # Minimum element of an array
         minimum = np.min(s)
         print("Min of s:", minimum)
        Min of s: 1
In [22]: # Maximum element of an array
         maximum = np.max(s)
         print("Max of s:", maximum)
        Max of s: 4
```

5. Linear Algebra Functions

```
In [23]: # Create a matrix
         matrix = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
In [24]: # Determinant of a matrix
         determinant = np.linalg.det(matrix)
         print("Determinant of matrix:", determinant)
```

Determinant of matrix: -2.0000000000000004

6. Random Sampling Functions

```
In [26]:
        # Generate random values between 0 and 1
         random_vals = np.random.rand(3) # Array of 3 random values between 0 and 1
         print("Random values:", random_vals)
        Random values: [0.00788187 0.07936509 0.756529 ]
In [27]: # Set seed for reproducibility
         np.random.seed(0)
         # Generate random values between 0 and 1
         random_vals = np.random.rand(3) # Array of 3 random values between 0 and 1
         print("Random values:", random_vals)
        Random values: [0.5488135 0.71518937 0.60276338]
In [28]: # Generate random integers
         rand_ints = np.random.randint(0, 10, size=5) # Random integers between 0 and 10
         print("Random integers:", rand_ints)
        Random integers: [3 7 9 3 5]
In [29]: # Set seed for reproducibility
         np.random.seed(0)
         # Generate random integers
         rand ints = np.random.randint(0, 10, size=5) # Random integers between 0 and 10
         print("Random integers:", rand_ints)
        Random integers: [5 0 3 3 7]
```

7. Boolean & Logical Functions

```
In [31]: # Check if all elements are True
# all
logical_test = np.array([True, False, True])
all_true = np.all(logical_test) # Check if all are True
print("All elements True:", all_true)

All elements True: False

In [32]: # Check if all elements are True
logical_test = np.array([True, False, True])
all_true = np.all(logical_test) # Check if all are True
print("All elements True:", all_true)
```

All elements True: False

```
In [33]: # Check if all elements are True
    logical_test = np.array([False, False, False])
    all_true = np.all(logical_test) # Check if all are True
    print("All elements True:", all_true)

All elements True: False

In [34]: # Check if any elements are True
    # any
    any_true = np.any(logical_test) # Check if any are True
    print("Any elements True:", any_true)

Any elements True: False
```

8. Set Operations

```
In [35]: # Intersection of two arrays
         set_a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         set_b = np.array([3, 4, 5, 6])
         intersection = np.intersect1d(set_a, set_b)
         print("Intersection of a and b:", intersection)
        Intersection of a and b: [3 4]
In [36]: # Union of two arrays
         union = np.union1d(set_a, set_b)
         print("Union of a and b:", union)
        Union of a and b: [1 2 3 4 5 6]
In [37]: # Array attributes
         a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
         shape = a.shape # Shape of the array
         size = a.size # Number of elements
         dimensions = a.ndim # Number of dimensions
         dtype = a.dtype # Data type of the array
         print("Shape of a:", shape)
         print("Size of a:", size)
         print("Number of dimensions of a:", dimensions)
         print("Data type of a:", dtype)
        Shape of a: (3,)
        Size of a: 3
        Number of dimensions of a: 1
        Data type of a: int64
```

10. Other Functions

```
In [38]: # Create a copy of an array
a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
copied_array = np.copy(a) # Create a copy of array a
print("Copied array:", copied_array)

Copied array: [1 2 3]

In [39]: # Size in bytes of an array
array_size_in_bytes = a.nbytes # Size in bytes
```