A Micro Project Report

on

Problem Solving using C Language

Submitted by Shaik Mujavar Ajima (23471A05EN)



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

NARASARAOPETA ENGINEERING COLLEGE: NARASARAOPET (AUTONOMOUS)

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NARASARAOPETA ENGINEERING COLLEGE: NARASARAOPET (AUTONOMOUS)

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Shaik Mujavar Ajima, Roll No: 23471A05EN, a Second Year Student of the Department of Computer Science and Engineering, has completed the Micro Project Satisfactorily in "Problem Solving using C Language" for the Academic Year 2024-2025..

Project Co-Ordinator

Dr. Rama Krishna. Eluri, M.Tech., Ph.D. Asst. Professor

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT

Dr. S. N. Tirumala Rao, M.Tech., Ph.D. Professor

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DECIMAL TO OCATL AND HEXA DECIMAL

AIM:

Write a C program convert Decimal to octal and hexadecimal

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int n;
printf("Enter a number(Decimal): ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Octal equivalent of %d(Decimal): %o\n", n, n);
printf("Hexadecimal equivalent of %d(Decimal): %x\n", n, n);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter a number (Decimal): 255
Octal equivalent of 255(Decimal): 377
Hexadecimal equivalent of 255(Decimal): ff

DELETE NUMBER IN GIVE POSITION

AIM:

Write a C program delete number in given position in array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(void)
{
int i, n, index, arr[10];
printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Enter the elements of the array: \n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
printf("arr[%d] = ", i);
scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
printf("Enter the index of the element to be deleted: ");
scanf("%d", &index);
if (index >= n+1)
{
printf (" \n Deletion is not possible in the array.");
}
else
{
for (i = index; i < n - 1; i++)
arr[i] = arr[i + 1];
printf("The array after deleting the element is: ");
for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
printf("%d ", arr[i]);
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the size of the array: 5

Enter the elements of the array:

arr[0] = 10

arr[1] = 20 arr[2] = 30

arr[4] = 50

arr[3] = 40

Enter the index of the element to be deleted: 2

The array after deleting the element is: 10 20 40 50

MERGE TWO ARRAYS

AIM:

Write a C program to merge two arrays.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int n1,n2,n3;
int a[10000], b[10000], c[20000];
printf("Enter the size of first array: ");
scanf("%d",&n1);
printf("Enter the array elements: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
scanf("%d", &a[i]);
printf("Enter the size of second array: ");
scanf("%d",&n2);
printf("Enter the array elements: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
scanf("%d", &b[i]);
n3 = n1 + n2;
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
c[i] = a[i];
for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
c[i + n1] = b[i];
printf("The merged array: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n3; i++)
printf("%d ", c[i]);
printf("\nFinal array after sorting: ");
for(int i = 0; i < n3; i++){
int temp;
for(int j = i + 1; j < n3; j++) {
if(c[i] > c[j]) {
temp = c[i];
c[i] = c[j];
c[j] = temp;
for(int i = 0; i < n3; i++)
printf(" %d ",c[i]);
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the size of first array: 3

Enter the array elements:

arr[0] = 5

arr[1] = 1

arr[2] = 3

Enter the size of second array: 3

Enter the array elements:

arr[0] = 4

arr[1] = 2

arr[2] = 6

The merged array: 5 1 3 4 2 6

Final array after sorting: 1 2 3 4 5 6

PERFECT NUMBERS IN GIVEN RANGE

AIM:

Write a C program to generate perfect numbers in given minimum to maximum range.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int minimum, maximum, sum, i, j;
clrscr();
printf("Enter minimum: ");
scanf("%d", &minimum);
printf("Enter maximum: ");
scanf("%d", &maximum);
/* Generating Perfect Numbers */
for(i=minimum; i<=maximum; i++)</pre>
{
```

```
sum = 0;
for(j=1;j< i;j++)
{
if(i%j==0)
{
sum = sum + j;
if(sum == i)
printf("\%d\t",i);
}
getch();
}
OUTPUT:
Enter minimum: 1
Enter maximum: 100
```

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