



PROJECT BASED ON PIZZA SALES USING SQL



**HI, MY NAME IS SHAILOSH RODE. IN THIS
PROJECT I HAVE UTILIZED SQL QUERIES TO
SOLVE QUESTION RELATED TO PIZZA SALES.**

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS total_sales
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid	
	total_sales
▶	817860.05

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	size	order_count	
▶	L	18526	

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

	hour(order_time)	count(order_id)
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	category	count(name)	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

- ```
SELECT
 AVG(quantity)
FROM
 (SELECT
 orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
 FROM
 orders
 JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
 GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

| Result Grid |               |
|-------------|---------------|
|             | avg(quantity) |
| ▶           | 138.4749      |

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
 pizza_types.name,
 SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
 pizza_types
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
 JOIN
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

| Result Grid |                              |          | Filter Rows: |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|
|             | name                         | revenue  |              |
| ▶           | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |              |
|             | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |              |
|             | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |              |

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT
 pizza_types.category,
 ROUND((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
 ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
 2) AS total_sales
 FROM
 order_details
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) * 100,
 2) AS revenue
FROM
 pizza_types
 JOIN
 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
 JOIN
 order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```



| Result Grid |          |         |
|-------------|----------|---------|
|             | category | revenue |
| ▶           | Classic  | 26.91   |
|             | Supreme  | 25.46   |
|             | Chicken  | 23.96   |
|             | Veggie   | 23.68   |

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
```

⊖

```
(select orders.order_date,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

| Result Grid     Filter Rows: |            |                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | order_date | cum_revenue        |
| ▶                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2015-01-01 | 2713.8500000000004 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55           |

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <= 3;
```

| Result Grid |                              |          | Filter Rows: |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------|--------------|
|             | name                         | revenue  |              |
| ▶           | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |              |
|             | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |              |
|             | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |              |
|             | The Classic Deluxe Pizza     | 38180.5  |              |
|             | The Hawaiian Pizza           | 32273.25 |              |

The background features four decorative geometric patterns in the corners. The top-left corner has a series of parallel diagonal lines in a light blue-grey color. The top-right corner contains a cluster of overlapping semi-circles in yellow, red, teal, and dark blue. The bottom-left corner also features a cluster of overlapping semi-circles in red, teal, and dark blue. The bottom-right corner has a series of parallel diagonal lines in a light blue-grey color, mirroring the top-left pattern.

# THANK YOU

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