1

Part

Introduction to JavaScript

JS

OBJECTIVE

The objective of this session [Part 1] is to provide a fundamental understanding of embedding JavaScript within web pages learn about JavaScript data types, variables, conditional statements, and loops.



What Is JavaScript?

JavaScript is a **high-level**, **interpreted programming language** primarily used to create interactive web pages. It is an essential part of web development, working alongside HTML (structure) and CSS (styling).



Features of JavaScript

- Client-side scripting language (runs in web browsers).
- Dynamically typed (no need to specify variable types explicitly).
- Supports event-driven programming (e.g., button clicks, form submissions).
- Can manipulate HTML and CSS dynamically (DOM manipulation).



<script> Tag in JavaScript

JavaScript is added to an HTML document using the <script> tag. It can be written in two ways:

- 1. Internal JavaScript (within the HTML file)
- 2. External JavaScript (linked via an external .js file)



Internal JavaScript



External JavaScript

HTML file

script.js file

```
function showMessage() {
    alert("Hello from an external JavaScript file!");
}
```



Variables in JavaScript

Declaring Variables

JavaScript provides three keywords to declare variables:

- var (old way, function-scoped)
- - let (modern, block-scoped)
- const (constant, cannot be reassigned)

Example: Variable Declaration

```
var name = "Alice"; // String
let age = 25; // Number
const PI = 3.14; // Constant

console.log(name, age, PI);
```



Data Types in JavaScript

JavaScript has two main types:

1. Primitive Data Types

- String (e.g., "Hello")
- Number (e.g., 10, 3.14)
- - Boolean (true/false)
- Undefined (variable declared but not assigned)
- Null (intentional empty value)

2.Non-Primitive Data Types

- Array (e.g., [1, 2, 3])
- - Object (e.g., {name: "Alice", age: 25})



Example of Data Types



if-else Conditional Statements

Conditional statements help execute different blocks of code based on conditions.

Syntax

```
if (condition) {
    // Code executes if condition is true
} else {
    // Code executes if condition is false
}
```



Example of if-else Statements

Program to Check Even or Odd Number

```
//Write this code inside the <script> tag in html
file.
let number = 10;
if (number % 2 === 0) {
    console.log(number + " is Even");
} else {
    console.log(number + " is Odd");
}
```



Example of if-else Statements

Program of Grading System

```
//Write this code inside the <script> tag in html
file.
let marks = 85;

if (marks >= 90) {
    console.log("Grade: A");
} else if (marks >= 80) {
    console.log("Grade: B");
} else if (marks >= 70) {
    console.log("Grade: C");
} else {
    console.log("Grade: F");
}
```



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Loops are used to execute a block of code multiple times.

Types of Loops:

- 1. **for loop** Runs for a fixed number of times.
- 2. **while loop** Runs as long as a condition is true.
- 3. **do-while loop** Runs at least once, then checks the condition.
- 4. **for...in loop** Iterates over object properties.
- 5. **for...of loop** Iterates over array values.



Example: for Loop (Print Numbers 1 to 5)

```
for (let i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
    console.log(i);
}</pre>
```

Example: while Loop (Print Numbers 1 to 5)

```
let i = 1;
while (i <= 5) {
    console.log(i);
    i++;
}</pre>
```



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Example: do-while Loop

```
let x = 1;
do {
    console.log(x);
    x++;
} while (x <= 5);</pre>
```

Example: for...in Loop (Iterating over an Object)

```
let student = {name: "Alice", age: 20, grade: "A"};
for (let key in student) {
   console.log(key + ": " + student[key]);
}
```



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Example: for...of Loop (Iterating over an Array)

```
let colors = ["Red", "Green", "Blue"];
for (let color of colors) {
   console.log(color);
}
```



Happy Learning

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THANK YOU