

MIfuns Sample Script

Phase I Modeling

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1 Purpose

This script runs NONMEM models and diagnostics for sample phase1 data.

2 Model Development

2.1 Set up for NONMEM run.

```
Listing 1:

> getwd()

[1] "/Users/timb/code/inst/sample/script"

Listing 2:

> library(MIfuns,lib.loc=" ~ /Rlibs")

MIfuns 4.3.3

Listing 3:

> command <- '/common/NONMEM/nm7_osx1/test/nm7_osx1.pl'

> cat.cov='SEX'

> cont.cov=c('HEIGHT', 'WEIGHT', 'AGE')

> par.list=c('CL','Q','KA','V','V2','V3')

> eta.list=paste('ETA',1:10,sep='')
```

2.2 Run NONMEM.

Listing 4:

```
> NONR(
+ run=1005,
+ command=command,
+ project='../nonmem',
+ grid=FALSE,
+ nice=TRUE,
+ checkrunno=FALSE,
+ cont.cov=cont.cov,
+ cat.cov=cat.cov,
+ par.list=par.list,
+ eta.list=eta.list,
+ plotfile='../nonmem/*/diagnostics.pdf',
+ streams='../nonmem/ctl',
+ checksum=FALSE
+ )
> getwd()
```



```
[1] "/Users/timb/code/inst/sample/script"
```

Covariance succeeded on model 1005.

3 Predictive Check

3.1 Create a simulation control stream.

Convert control stream to R object.

```
Listing 5:
```

```
> ctl <- read.nmctl('../nonmem/ctl/1005.ctl')</pre>
```

Strip comments and view.

Listing 6:

```
> ctl[] <- lapply(ctl,function(rec)sub(' *;.*','',rec))</pre>
> ctl
 [1] "$PROB 1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3"
 [2] "$INPUT C ID TIME SEQ=DROP EVID AMT DV SUBJ HOUR TAFD TAD LDOS MDV HEIGHT WT
    SEX AGE DOSE FED"
 [3] "$DATA ../../data/derived/phase1.csv IGNORE=C"
 [4] "$SUBROUTINE ADVAN4 TRANS4"
 [5] "$PK"
 [6] " CL=THETA(1) *EXP(ETA(1)) * THETA(6) **SEX * (WT/70) **THETA(7)"
 [7] " V2 =THETA(2) *EXP(ETA(2))"
 [8] " KA=THETA(3) *EXP(ETA(3))"
 [9] " Q =THETA(4)"
[10] " V3=THETA(5)"
[11] " S2=V2"
[12] " "
[13] "$ERROR"
[14] " Y=F*EXP(ERR(1))"
[15] " IPRE=F"
[16] ""
[17] "$THETA"
[18] "(0,10,50)"
[19] "(0,10,100)"
[20] "(0,0.2, 5)"
[21] "(0,10,50)"
[22] "(0,100,1000)"
[23] "(0,1,2)"
[24] "(0,0.75,3)"
[25] ""
[26] "$OMEGA 0.09 0.09 0.09"
[27] ""
[28] ""
```



```
[29] ""
[30] ""
[31] ""
[32] "$SIGMA 0.09"
[33] ""
[34] ""
[35] ""
[36] "$ESTIMATION MAXEVAL=9999 PRINT=5 NOABORT METHOD=1 INTER MSFO=./1005.msf"
[37] "$COV PRINT=E"
[38] "$TABLE NOPRINT FILE=./1005.tab ONEHEADER ID AMT TIME EVID PRED IPRE CWRES"
[39] "$TABLE NOPRINT FILE=./1005par.tab ONEHEADER ID TIME CL Q V2 V3 KA ETA1 ETA2
   ETA3"
[40] ""
[41] ""
[42] ""
[43] ""
[44] ""
[45] ""
[46] ""
[47] ""
[48] ""
[49] ""
[50] ""
[51] ""
[52] ""
```

Fix records of interest.

> ctl\$omega <- NULL
> ctl\$sigma <- NULL</pre>

> ctl\$cov <- NULL

Listing 7:

```
> ctl$prob
[1] "1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3"
                                        Listing 8:
> ctl$prob <- sub('1005','1105',ctl$prob)</pre>
> names(ctl)
                                               "subroutine" "pk"
 [1] "prob"
                   "input"
                                 "data"
 [6] "error"
                   "theta"
                                 "omega"
                                               "sigma"
                                                         "estimation"
[11] "cov"
                   "table"
                                 "table"
                                        Listing 9:
> names(ctl)[names(ctl)=='theta'] <- 'msfi'</pre>
> ctl$msfi <- '=../1005/1005.msf'</pre>
```

> names(ctl)[names(ctl) == 'estimation'] <- 'simulation'
> ctl\$simulation <- 'ONLYSIM (1968) SUBPROBLEMS=500'</pre>



```
> ctl$table <- NULL
> ctl$table <- NULL
> ctl$table <- 'DV NOHEADER NOPRINT FILE=./1105.tab FORWARD NOAPPEND'
> write.nmctl(ctl,'../nonmem/ctl/1105.ctl')
```

3.2 Run the simulation.

This run makes the predictions (simulations).

Listing 10:

```
> NONR(
+ run=1105,
+ command=command,
+ project='../nonmem',
+ grid=FALSE,
+ nice=TRUE,
+ diag=FALSE,
+ streams='../nonmem/ctl',
+ checksum=FALSE
+ )
> getwd()
```

[1] "/Users/timb/code/inst/sample/script"

3.3 Recover and format the original dataset.

Now we fetch the results and integrate them with the other data.

Listing 11:

```
> phase1 <- read.csv('../data/derived/phase1.csv',na.strings='.')</pre>
> head(phase1)
    C ID TIME SEO EVID AMT DV SUBJ HOUR TAFD TAD LDOS MDV HEIGHT WEIGHT
    C 1 0.00 0 0 NA 0.000 1 0.00 0.00 NA NA 0 174
2 <NA> 1 0.00 1
                 1 1000 NA 1 0.00 0.00 0.00 1000 1
                                                              74.2
                                                         174
3 <NA> 1 0.25 0 0 NA 0.363
                              1 0.25 0.25 0.25 1000 0
                                                              74.2
                                                        174
      1 0.50 0 0 NA 0.914
                              1 0.50 0.50 0.50 1000 0
                                                              74.2
4 <NA>
                                                         174
5 <NA> 1 1.00 0 0 NA 1.120 6 <NA> 1 2.00 0 0 NA 2.280
                                1 1.00 1.00 1.00 1000 0
                                                         174
                                                              74.2
                              1 2.00 2.00 2.00 1000 0
                                                         174
 SEX AGE DOSE FED SMK DS CRCN predose zerodv
  0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5 1
                               0
  0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5
                                      0
                               0
  0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5
                                      Ω
3
4 0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5
                               0
                                      0
5 0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5
                               0
6 0 29.1 1000 1 0 0 83.5
                               0
```



```
Listing 12:
> phase1 <- phase1[is.na(phase1$C),c('SUBJ','TIME','DV')]</pre>
> records <- nrow(phase1)
> records
[1] 550
                                      Listing 13:
> phase1 <- phase1[rep(1:records,500),]</pre>
> nrow(phase1)
[1] 275000
                                      Listing 14:
> phase1$SIM <- rep(1:500,each=records)</pre>
> #head(phase1,300)
> with(phase1,DV[SIM==1 & SUBJ==12])
        NA 2.260 2.830 8.730 19.300 15.200 16.200 8.830 12.900 12.700
[11] 7.140 5.740 1.980 0.791
                                      Listing 15:
> with(phase1,DV[SIM==2 & SUBJ==12])
        NA 2.260 2.830 8.730 19.300 15.200 16.200 8.830 12.900 12.700
[11] 7.140 5.740 1.980 0.791
```

3.4 Recover and format the simulation results.

```
Listing 16:
```

```
> pred <- scan('../nonmem/1105/1105.tab')
> nrow(phase1)
```

[1] 275000

Listing 17:

> length(pred)

[1] 275000

3.5 Combine the original data and the simulation data.

```
Listing 18:
```

```
> phase1$PRED <- pred
> head(phase1)
```



```
SUBJ TIME DV SIM PRED
2 1 0.00 NA 1 0.00000
3 1 0.25 0.363 1 0.17932
4 1 0.50 0.914 1 0.53642
5 1 1.00 1.120 1 0.78983
6 1 2.00 2.280 1 1.84990
7 1 3.00 1.630 1 1.96530
```

Listing 19:

3.6 Plot predictive checks.

3.6.1 Aggregate data within subject.

Since subjects may contribute differing numbers of observations, it may be useful to look at predictions from a subject-centric perspective. Therefore, we wish to calculate summary statistics for each subject, (observed and predicted) and then make obspred comparisons therewith.

Listing 20:

```
> head(phase1)
  SUBJ TIME
             DV SIM
                        PRED
    1 0.25 0.363 1 0.17932
    1 0.50 0.914
                  1 0.53642
    1 1.00 1.120 1 0.78983
    1 2.00 2.280 1 1.84990
6
7
   1 3.00 1.630 1 1.96530
    1 4.00 2.040 1 2.01810
                                   Listing 21:
> subject <- melt(phase1, measure.var=c('DV', 'PRED'))</pre>
> head(subject)
  SUBJ TIME SIM variable value
  1 0.25 1 DV 0.363
1
2
    1 0.50 1
                   DV 0.914
    1 1.00 1
                   DV 1.120
    1 2.00 1
                   DV 2.280
```



```
5 1 3.00 1 DV 1.630
6 1 4.00 1 DV 2.040
```

We are going to aggregate each subject's DV and PRED values using cast(). cast() likes an aggregation function that returns a list. We write one that grabs min med max for each subject, sim, and variable.

Listing 22:

```
> metrics <- function(x)list(min=min(x), med=median(x), max=max(x))
```

Now we cast, ignoring time.

Listing 23:

```
> subject <- data.frame(cast(subject, SUBJ + SIM + variable ~ .,fun=metrics))
> head(subject)
 SUBJ SIM variable
                     min med
  1 1 DV 0.363000 1.6100 3.0900
            PRED 0.179320 1.9653 5.0314
3
             DV 0.363000 1.6100 3.0900
   1 2
           PRED 0.096462 3.0448 7.4728
5
      3
             DV 0.363000 1.6100 3.0900
   1
    1
            PRED 0.450430 5.5284 8.7665
```

Note that regardless of SIM, DV (observed) is constant.

Now we melt the metrics.

Listing 24:

```
> metr <- melt(subject, measure.var=c('min', 'med', 'max'), variable_name='metric')
> head(metr)
 SUBJ SIM variable metric
                         value
      1 DV min 0.363000
   1
                 min 0.179320
    1
       1
            PRED
            DV min 0.363000
       2
    1
       2
            PRED min 0.096462
   1 3
            DV
                 min 0.363000
   1 3
           PRED min 0.450430
```

Listing 25:



```
SUBJ SIM metric DV PRED
1 1 1 min 0.139 0.064213
2 1 1 med 1.025 1.943600
3 1 1 max 2.530 3.945400
4 1 2 min 0.139 0.016162
5 1 2 med 1.025 1.476300
6 1 2 max 2.530 3.463200
```

Listing 26:

```
> nrow(metr)
```

[1] 60000

Listing 27:

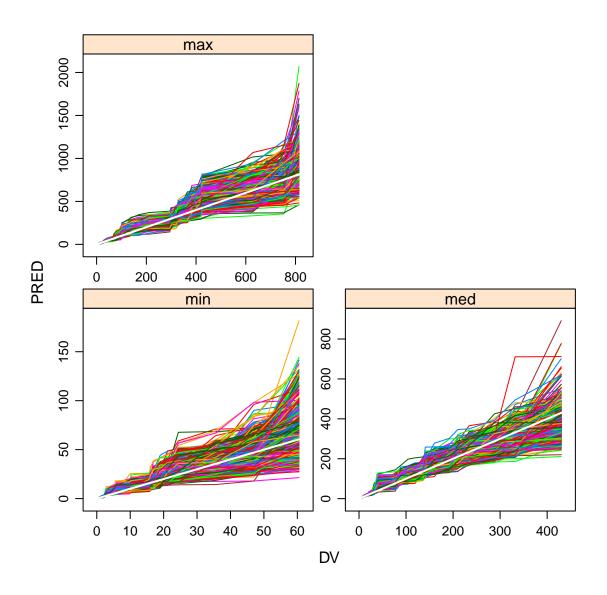
```
> metr <- metr[!is.na(metr$DV),]#maybe no NA
> nrow(metr)
```

[1] 60000

We plot using lattice.

Listing 28:





For detail, we show one endpoint, tossing the outer 5 percent of values, and indicating quartiles.

Listing 29:

```
> med <- metr[metr$metric=='med',]

> med$metric <- NULL

> head(med)

SUBJ SIM DV PRED

2 1 1 1.025 1.943600

5 1 2 1.025 1.476300
```

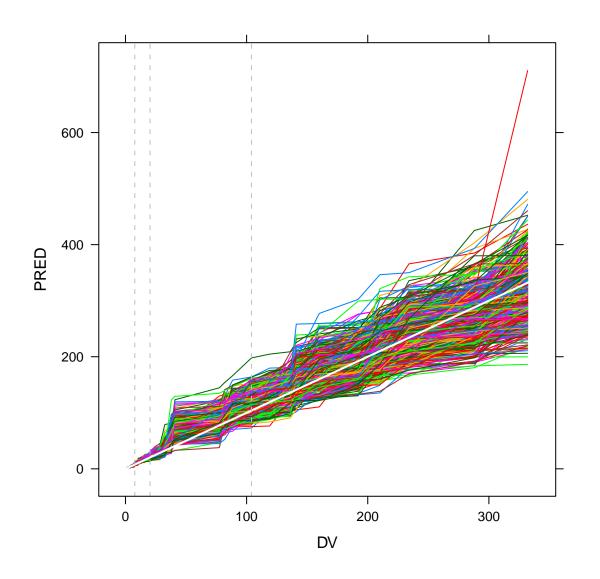


```
8
    1 3 1.025 1.466300
11 1 4 1.025 1.342400
   1 5 1.025 1.362350
17
    1 6 1.025 0.625815
                                   Listing 30:
> trim <- inner(med, id.var=c('SIM'), measure.var=c('PRED', 'DV'))</pre>
> head(trim)
 SIM DV PRED
1 1 NA NA
         NA
  2 NA
         NA
  3 NA
  4 NA
         NA
  5 NA
          NA
  6 NA
         NA
                                   Listing 31:
> nrow(trim)
[1] 20000
                                   Listing 32:
> trim <- trim[!is.na(trim$DV),]</pre>
> nrow(trim)
[1] 19000
                                   Listing 33:
> head(trim)
   SIM DV
             PRED
501 1 1.13 1.9653
502 2 1.13 1.5989
503 3 1.13 1.4754
504 4 1.13 1.4074
505 5 1.13 1.3787
506 6 1.13 1.4753
```

Listing 34:

```
> print(
        xyplot(
                PRED ~ DV,
                trim,
                groups=SIM,
                type='l',
                panel=function(x,y,...){
```







We also show densityplots of predictions at those quartiles.

Listing 35:

```
> head(trim)
    SIM
        DV
              PRED
501 1 1.13 1.9653
502 2 1.13 1.5989
503 3 1.13 1.4754
504 4 1.13 1.4074
505 5 1.13 1.3787
506 6 1.13 1.4753
                                    Listing 36:
> quantile(trim$DV)
                50%
    N %
         25%
                       75%
                             100%
  1.13
        7.69 20.25 104.00 332.00
                                    Listing 37:
> molt <- melt(trim, id.var='SIM')</pre>
> head(molt)
  SIM variable value
      DV 1.13
  1
           DV 1.13
3
           DV 1.13
           DV 1.13
           DV 1.13
           DV 1.13
                                    Listing 38:
> quart <- data.frame(cast(molt,SIM+variable ~ .,fun=quantile,probs=c
    (0.25, 0.5, 0.75))
> head(quart)
  SIM variable
                   X25.
                           X50.
  1 DV 7.950000 20.2500 100.10000
        PRED 10.329750 22.8675 91.61825
          DV 7.950000 20.2500 100.10000
        PRED 10.241500 23.4225 97.26175
          DV 7.950000 20.2500 100.10000
        PRED 8.081437 20.0330 106.59750
                                    Listing 39:
> molt <- melt(quart,id.var='variable',measure.var=c('X25.','X50.','X75.'),</pre>
   variable_name='quartile')
> head(molt)
```



```
variable quartile value
1 DV X25. 7.950000
2
   PRED
          X25. 10.329750
3
          x25. 7.950000
    DV
          X25. 10.241500
4
   PRED
    DV
5
          X25. 7.950000
          X25. 8.081437
   PRED
6
```

Listing 40:

```
> levels(molt$quartile)
```

```
[1] "X25." "X50." "X75."
```

Listing 41:

```
> levels(molt$quartile) <- c('first quartile','second quartile','third quartile')
> head(molt)
```

```
variable quartile value

1 DV first quartile 7.950000

2 PRED first quartile 10.329750

3 DV first quartile 7.950000

4 PRED first quartile 10.241500

5 DV first quartile 7.950000

6 PRED first quartile 8.081437
```

Listing 42:

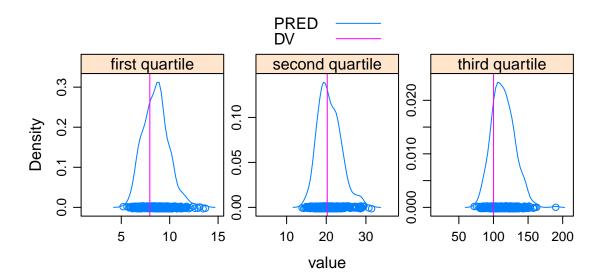
> levels(molt\$variable)

```
[1] "DV" "PRED"
```

Listing 43:

```
> molt$variable <- factor(molt$variable,levels=c('PRED','DV'))</pre>
> print(
        densityplot(
                 ~ value|quartile,
                molt,
                groups=variable,
                layout=c(3,1),
                scales=list(relation='free'),
                aspect=1,
                panel=panel.superpose,
                panel.groups=function(x,...,group.number){
                         if(group.number==1)panel.densityplot(x,...)
                         if (group.number==2) panel.abline (v=unique(x),...)
                },
                auto.key=TRUE
        )
```





4 Bootstrap Estimates of Parameter Uncertainty

4.1 Create directories.

Listing 44:

> getwd()



[1] "/Users/timb/code/inst/sample/script"

Listing 45:

```
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005.boot')
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005.boot/data')
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005.boot/ctl')
```

4.2 Create replicate control streams.

Listing 46:

```
> t <- metaSub(
     clear(readLines('../nonmem/ctl/1005.ctl'),';.+',fixed=FALSE),
     names=1:300,
      pattern=c(
          '1005',
          '../../data/derived/phase1.csv',
          '$COV',
           '$TABLE'
      ),
     replacement=c(
          '*',
          '../data/*.csv',
          ';$COV',
           '; $TABLE'
     ),
     fixed=TRUE,
     out='../nonmem/1005.boot/ctl',
      suffix='.ctl'
```

4.3 Create replicate data sets by resampling original.

Listing 47:

```
> bootset <- read.csv('../data/derived/phase1.csv')
> r <- resample(
+ bootset,
+ names=1:300,
+ key='ID',
+ rekey=TRUE,
+ out='../nonmem/1005.boot/data',
+ stratify='SEX'
+ )</pre>
```

4.4 Run bootstrap models.

Listing 48:

> NONR (



```
run=1:300,
     command=command,
      project='../nonmem/1005.boot/',
      boot=TRUE,
      nice=TRUE,
      grid=FALSE,
      concurrent=FALSE,
      streams='../nonmem/1005.boot/ctl',
+ + )
      checksum=FALSE
> boot <- rlog(
+ run=1:3
+ project</pre>
       run=1:300,
       project='../nonmem/1005.boot',
+ + + + )
       boot=TRUE,
       append=FALSE,
       tool='nm7'
> write.csv(boot, '../nonmem/1005.boot/log.csv')
```