Restaurant Recommendation System

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Problem Definition

- Yelp has a vast amount of data available that has a potential of generating high revenues. The highest number of ratings and reviews given by the user are in the "Restaurant" business. The project is an Application project with the objective of yielding recommendations to the user, based on the ratings and reviews provided by the user.
- If the user finds it accurate, it would increase the Yelp site usage. They would rate new restaurants leading to a positive feedback loop generating revenues, user information and more insights.

Existing Methods

- Collaborative Filtering[Goldberg, David, et al. 1992]
 - User-Based Collaborative Filtering
 - Recommendations provided based on similar user preferences.
 - Item-Based Collaborative Filtering
 - Recommendations provided by calculating similarity of items based on User ratings.
- Content Based Filtering[Prem Melville, et al. 2002]
 - Recommendations provided based on similarity of items after extracting item features.
- Hybrid Approach [Robin Burke 2002]
 - Combination of more than one approaches.

Proposed Method

- Location Based Filtering (To handle cold-start problem)
 - Provides Top k recommendations based on user's location.
 - **K-means** Clustering is used to create clusters based on latitude and longitude.
 - Selection of K is based on **Elbow-method** and **Silhouette scores**.
 - Assumption: Always recommend highly rated restaurants to a new user.
- Item-Item based Collaborative Filtering
 - Top k recommendations provided by calculating similarity of restaurants based on the ratings given by the user.
 - Performed sentiment analysis using Textblob and Vader to calculate super scores i.e.
 - Super Score = User Ratings + (Textblob Score x Vader Score)
 - Normalized the ratings in the user-item matrix by subtracting mean ratings for each restaurant.
 - Performed Matrix Factorization using truncated SVD to retrieve latent features.
 - Created item-item similarity matrix using cosine similarity.
- **Content Based Filtering**
 - Top k recommendations provided based on similar restaurant categories and dominant keywords.
 - Implemented LDA (Latent Dirichlet Allocation) for topic modeling and extracted five different topics and their most dominant 10 keywords.
 - Created a bag of words for each restaurant and count-vectorizer to convert the text into the vector of token counts.
 - Created item-item similarity matrix using cosine similarity.
- Hybrid Approach

50000

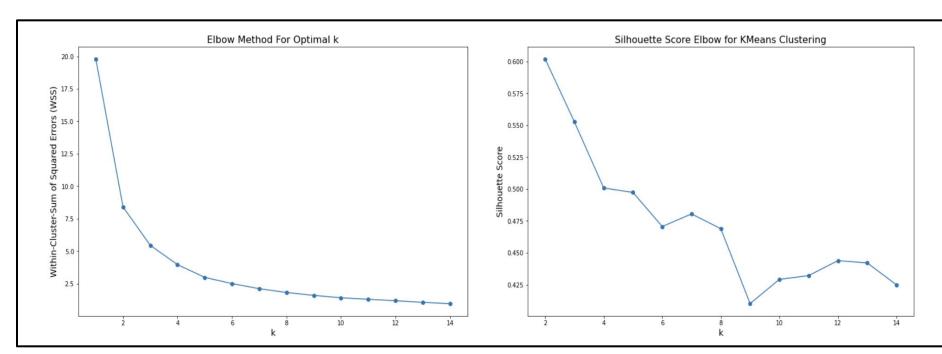
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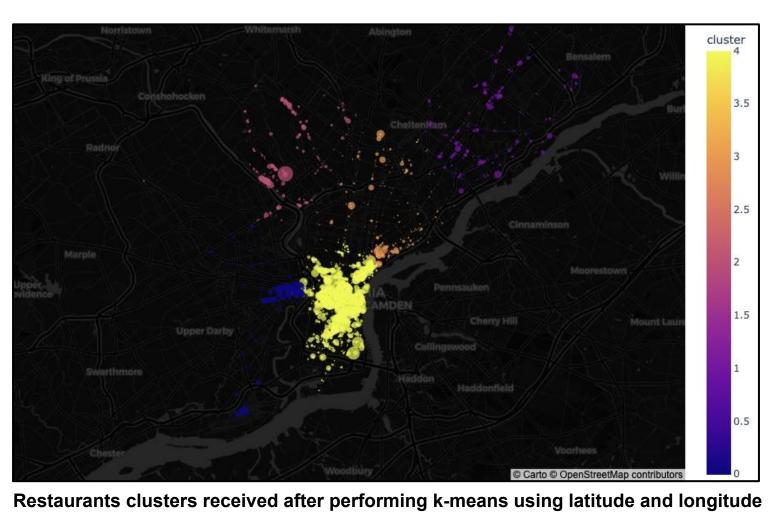
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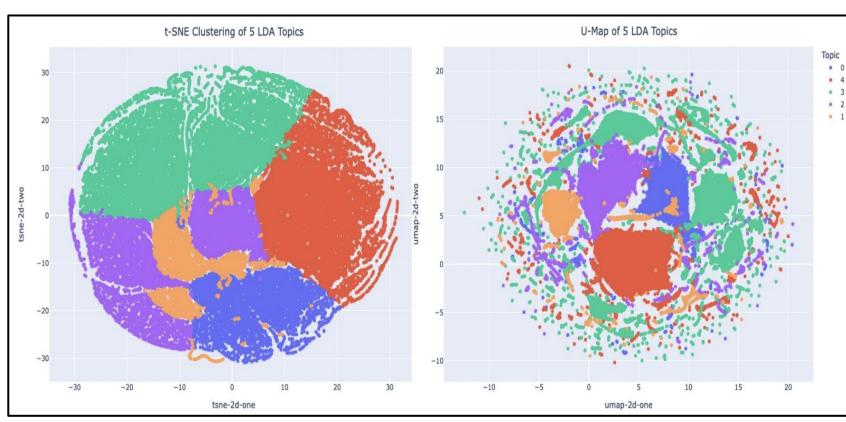
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- Combined collaborative and content-based filtering methods to make a robust model.
- Recommend top k restaurants based on weighted average (60% to content-based and 40% to collaborative filtering).



Elbow method to choose optimal k and their respective Silhouette scores.





t-SNE Clustering and UMAP for 5 LDA Topics

Data Description & Experimental Setup

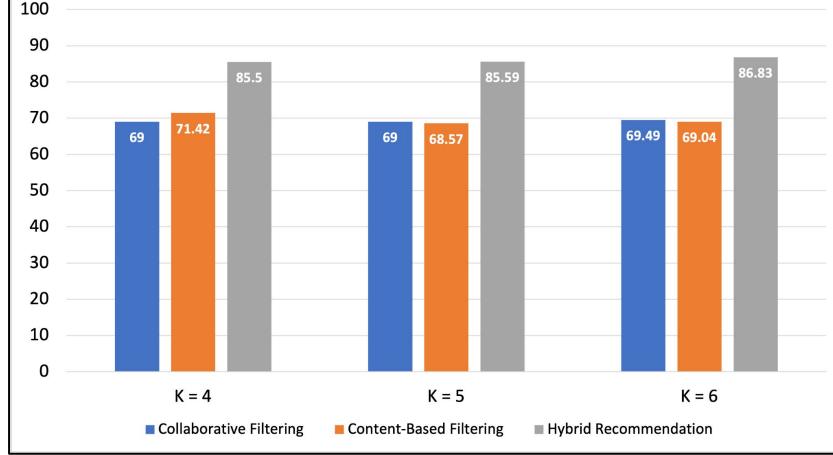
Yelp Dataset contains 4 json Files.

- **Business**: 209K local businesses with features: user_id, business_id, stars, country, state, pincode etc.
- **Review**: **8M** reviews with features: review id, stars, review etc.
- <u>User</u>: user details with features: user_id, review_count, name, useful_votes etc.
- Check-in: check-in counts

Recommendation Experimental setup:

- Selected "Restaurant" out of all the businesses.
- Implemented recommendation system for Philadelphia out of all metropolitan areas.
- Report **precision@k** for the recommendation methods.
- Higher the precision@k : Better the Recommendation
- Ground Truth (Collaborative): If the recommended restaurant has a Yelp Rating greater than or equal to 4, then it is a valid recommendation.
- Ground Truth (Content-Based): Calculate precision based on the similarity of restaurant category. Similar Restaurant Categories -> Higher Precision

Results



Distribution of Business in the dataset

PRECISION@K FOR DIFFERENT RECOMMENDATION METHODS

Precision@K for Different Recommendation Methods

Recommendation Methods	Precision@4	Precision@5	Precision@6
Collaborative Filtering	69	69	69.49
Content Based Filtering	71.42	68.57	69.04
Hybrid Recommendation	85.5	85.59	86.83
Location Based Recommendation	100	100	100

Discussion of Results

- When compared to traditional approaches, the **Hybrid Approach** performed consistently better.
- The content-based recommendation method performed a great job at extracting item characteristics. Almost 70% of the recommended restaurants had similar keywords.
- Collaborative filtering performed well in recommending nearly 70% of restaurants with Yelp ratings of 4 or above. • Including **Demographics** in the recommendation is a
- wonderful way to cope with the cold start issue. It always suggests highly rated restaurants that are close to
- the user's current location. As a result, a precision@k of 1 was obtained.

<u>Takeaway Points & Future Work</u>

Use a hybrid approach to make the model robust against the flaws of collaborative and content based filtering.

Future Work:

- Incorporate Graph Theory for location-based systems to optimize traveling routes.
- Try and implement prediction of ratings for recommended restaurants and make use of k-fold cross validation to evaluate using RMSE.
- Incorporate Deep Learning and Neural Network architectures for collaborative filtering
- Try Bi-Grams and Tri-Grams for sentiment analysis, and pretrained BERT weights for topic modeling.
- Deploy the work on a website and create a user interface.