Problem Set 1

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```
###Load the data we need
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                                     ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.4.0
                                 1.0.1
                   v purrr
## v tibble 3.1.8
                       v dplyr 1.0.10
## v tidyr 1.3.0
                       v stringr 1.5.0
## v readr
           2.1.4
                       v forcats 1.0.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
library(dplyr)
###Load the data
data <- read_csv("/Users/shakali/FSU work/POS5737/MethodsII/kdrama.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 250 Columns: 17
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (14): Name, Aired Date, Original Network, Aired On, Duration, Content Ra...
## dbl (3): Year of release, Number of Episodes, Rating
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
###Q1
nrow(data)
## [1] 250
###Q2
colnames(data)
## [1] "Name"
                              "Aired Date"
                                                    "Year of release"
## [4] "Original Network"
                              "Aired On"
                                                    "Number of Episodes"
## [7] "Duration"
                              "Content Rating"
                                                    "Rating"
                              "Genre"
                                                    "Tags"
## [10] "Synopsis"
## [13] "Director"
                              "Screenwriter"
                                                    "Cast"
## [16] "Production companies" "Rank"
###03
sum(is.na(data$`Number of Episodes`))###Checking if there are any missing values
```

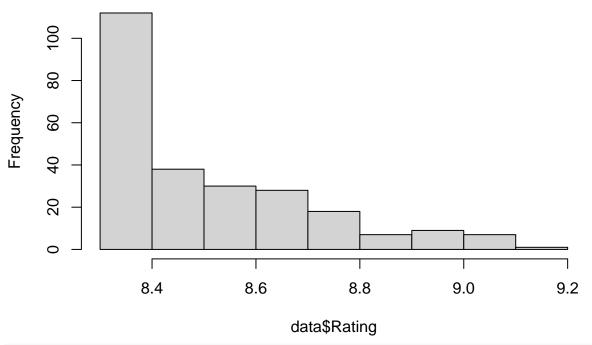
[1] 0

```
mean(data$`Number of Episodes`)###Claculate the mean

## [1] 19.064

###Q4
hist(data$Rating)
```

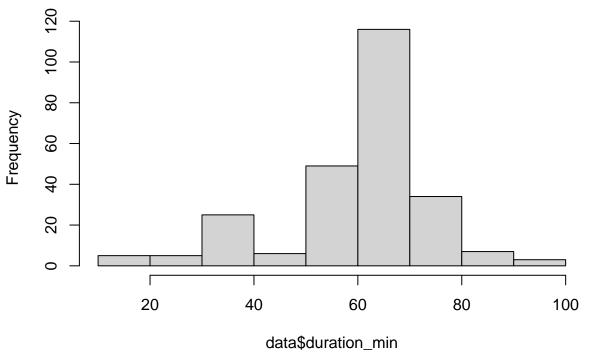
Histogram of data\$Rating



```
###Q5
data_over9 <- ###Subset the rating value whose value is larger than 9</pre>
  data %>%
  group_by(Name) %>%
  subset(Rating > 9 )
nrow(data_over9) ###Calculate how many of them
## [1] 8
###Q6
data <- data %>%
  rename("Year" = "Year of release", ###Rename the original one to simply Year
         "original_network" = "Original Network") ###Rename the variable I need
data_2020_2022 <- data %>% ###Subset the data from 2020 to 2022 first
  filter(Year %in% c(2020:2022)) %>%
  group_by(Name) %>%
  arrange(Year)
nrow(data_2020_2022) ###Calculate the amount of the dataset
```

[1] 106

Histogram of data\$duration_min



```
###Q10
data_netflix <- data %>% filter(str_detect(original_network, "Netflix"))
###Q11
mean(data_netflix$Rating)
```

[1] 8.6625