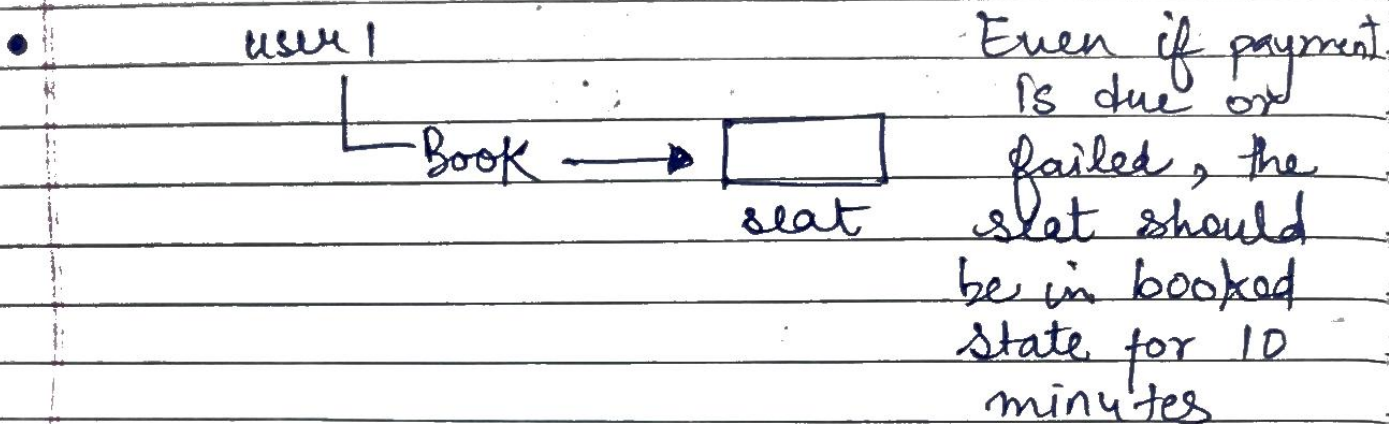
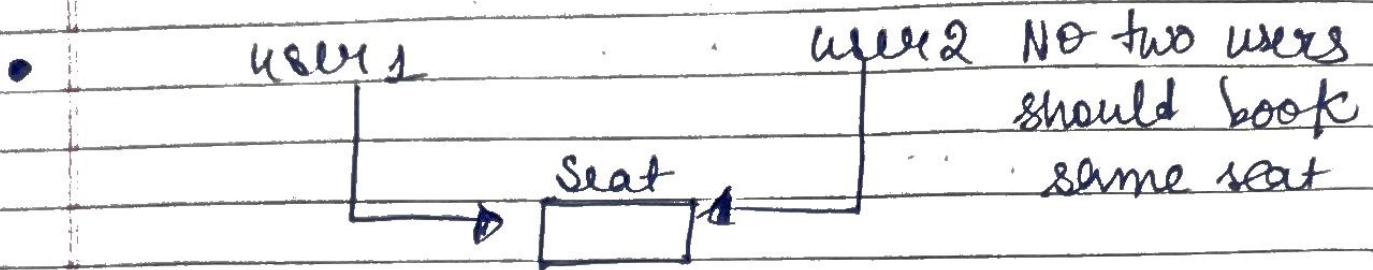


Concurrency Handling in Booking



For Concurrency Control we have 2 types of locks

↓
optimistic

→ In optimistic, no locks placed when data is read.

→ Before write operation, it checks if another transaction has modified the data since it was last read.

↓
Pessimistic

In Pessimistic, locks are placed when data is read, prevent other transactions from modifying it until the lock is released.

Mechanism optimistic

1. Read
2. Edit
3. Validate
4. ~~Read~~ Commit and Rollback

Advantages

1. Reduce locking overhead.
2. Suitable for system with low likelihood of conflicts

Ex.

user1 $\xrightarrow{V_1}$ Read

user2 $\xrightarrow{V_2}$ Read \rightarrow Locks \rightarrow update

if $V_1 \neq V_2$
 means no
 user select
 the seat
 else

user booked
 seat

- While update use lock & change the version

Pessimistic

1. Read and Lock
2. Edit
3. Commit and Rollback

1. Prevent other from accessing locked data
2. Simpler

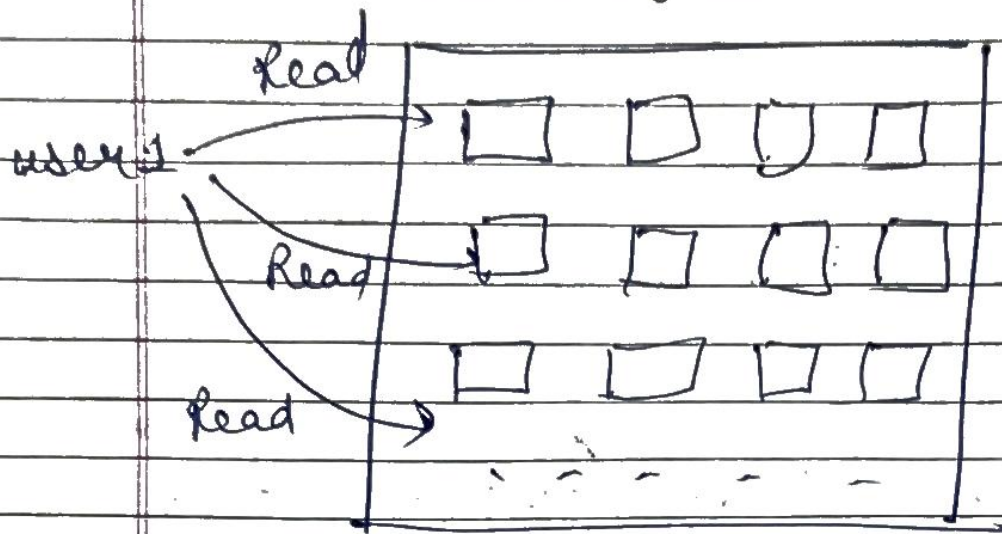
user1 $\xrightarrow{\text{Lock}}$ Read

user2 \rightarrow Read \downarrow

Then failed
 since user 1
 Applied lock

user 1 will release
 lock after updation

Best Concurrency Control for Booking System



In pessimistic while user1 is in Reading it is locking the seats and this prevent other users to book seats.

So for Booking System optimistic control method is most suitable since it applies the lock on the time of updation only.